

THE NAPANEE

Vol. LIV] No 20 -E. J. POLLARD, Editor and Proprietor.

NAPANEE, ONT., CANADA—FRIDAY

THE DOMINION BANK

BIR EDMUND B. OSLER, M.P., PRESIDENT. W. D. MATTHEWS, VICE-PRESIDENT.
C. A. BOGERT, General Manager.

The Business Of Farming

—like the business of Manufacturing—should be done in a practical business way. Proceeds should be put in a bank. Payments should be made by Cheque. A certain percentage of the profits should be put in a Savings Account as an emergency fund. The man who has a cash surplus in a bank, is protected against bad seasons and hard times.

NAPANEE BRANCH: G. P. REIFFENSTEIN, Manager.

MERCHANTS' BANK OF CANADA.

ESTABLISHED 1864.

Capital Paid up.....\$7,000,000
Reserve and Undivided Profits... 7,248,134
Total Deposits.....59,256,044
Total Assets.....\$83,120,741

Savings Bank Department.

Deposits of \$1.00 and upwards received and interest at best current rate paid.
Farmers' Business Solicited and General Banking Business transacted.

Napanee Branch.
E. R. CHECKLEY Mgr.

Yarker Branch.
L. B. SHOREY, Mgr.

IMPORTED GARDEN SEEDS

At Wholesale Prices.

Also Poultry Supplies

Raw Furs

Always Wanted at

SYMINGTON'S

GUNS

Get your Guns, Gramophone, Sewing Machine repaired Skates hollow ground, Saws gummed and filed, Horse Clippers sharpened, also all kinds of Light Brazing done, Coil Springs made and all kinds light machine work done promptly at

Smith's Bicycle Repair Shop, West of Campbell House

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the estate of Catherine Charlotte Amey, deceased.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to Chapter 121 of the Revised Statutes of Ontario, 1914, Section 96 and amending Acts, that all persons having any claims or demands against the estate of Catherine Charlotte Amey late of the Township of Ernestown, in the County of Lennox and Addington, who died on the 19th day of March, 1915, are prepared to deliver or send by post prepared to John L. Whiting, Kingston, Ontario Solicitor for Albert A. Miller and Sperry O. Snider, Executors of the last will and testament of the said Catherine Charlotte Amey, deceased on or before the 15th DAY OF MAY, A.D. 1915, their claims and statements of debts and descriptions, with full particulars of their claims or demands duly verified, and the nature of the security of any held by them. And further take notice that after the said 15th day of May, A.D. 1915, the said executors may proceed to distribute the assets of the said estate amongst the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims or demands of which they shall then have received notice, and shall not be liable for the said assets or any part thereof so distributed to any person or persons of whose claims or demands they shall not have received notice at the time of the distribution thereof.

JOHN L. WHITING,

Solicitor for the said Executors.

Dated this 19th day of April, 1915.

Approved this 19th day of April, 1915.

J. H. MADDEN.

Public Health Notice

Notice is hereby given that all house holders and other persons residing in the Municipality of the

WAR SUMMARY OF THE LATEST EVENTS

Mr. Lloyd George, while preserving reasonable reticence, has cast some light on the present strength of the British armies in France and Belgium. Speaking in the House of Commons Wednesday afternoon he stated that Great Britain had started the war on the assumption that the Expeditionary Force would consist of six divisions, whereas the country now had more than six times that number of men in France. The press despatches speak of a division of the British army as consisting of 15,000 men, and the total number of British troops in France as 540,000 men. This is absurdly low. The Statesman's Year Book states Britain's plan for the organization of her Expeditionary Force as follows:—"On mobilization for war the bulk of the regular army at home becomes absorbed into the 'Expeditionary Force' to consist of a cavalry division, six divisions, and certain 'army troops' with a total establishment of 5,873 officers and 163,279 other ranks (Parliamentary White Book of March, 1911). A cavalry division consists of 4 cavalry brigades, (3 regiments each), 2 horse artillery brigades, 4 engineer troops, a wireless telegraph company, and 4 field ambulances; total establishment, 463 officers, 9,312 other ranks, 10,043 horses, 24 guns. A division consists of 3 infantry brigades of 4 battalions each, 4 field artillery brigades (1 howitzer), 1 heavy battery, 1 ammunition column, 2 companies of engineers, telegraph company, 2 mounted infantry companies, transport and supply column, transport and supply park, 3 field ambulances; total establishment, 599 officers, 19,052 other ranks, 7,284 horses, 77 guns.

From this it will be seen that Britain has in France in thirty-six divisions at war strength—apart entirely from the cavalry assigned to them—over 705,000 men, more than a quarter of million horses, or their equivalent in motor transport, and 2,520 guns of various sorts. The divisions in France, Mr. Lloyd George said, were adequately supplied, and EVERY MAN WHO HAD DROPPED HAD BEEN REPLACED. He further stated that nineteen times as much ammunition had been produced in British factories in March as in September last. It is evidently all needed, for more ammunition was expended in the battle of Neuve Chapelle than during the whole Boer war.

From the Chancellor's statement it is safe to infer that Lord Kitchener's hope that by May he would have almost a million adequately-equipped and well-trained men in the field is in a fair way of realization. Such a force must prove a mighty factor in the struggle. Germany does not now despise the British army. Reinforce-

DOUBLE OBITUARY.

Matthew Shannon, the subject of this sketch, was born August 1833, on the ridge or watershed, arating mud and vartv lakes, in Township of Camden, and died a home in Centreville, on Easter Sunday, April 3th, 1915.

His father and mother came to Canada in 1832, from Newtown Ard miles from Belfast, Ireland, he b their first-born in this country.

With the exception of four y residence after his marriage in Township of Sheffield, the bal was spent wholly in his native to ship.

In 1865, he and his devoted wife ted with the "Methodist Church" ever since continued their associat with that body.

In 1866, he became a membe Prince of Wales Lodge, 146, A. F. A. M., Newburgh, was a charter member of Victoria Lodge, No. 299, A and A. M., Centreville, in due t became Worshipful Master, and ur whose auspices he was given the b tiful Masonic burial service, assi by R. W. Bro. A. B. Carscallen, I. G. M. and R. W. Bro. R. W. L. more, P. D. D. G. M.

He represented the Township Camden, in the Council for five ye two of which he was Deputy Re during 1875-6-7-8-9. Among his workers were, John W. Bell, (Paul Robt. Madden, J. S. Lochh all of whom predeceased him.

Though a Liberal in politics a Methodist by preference, he th ighly respected the opinions of t honestly differing from himself, and among his warmest and fiends were those of opposite polit learnings and religious creeds.

Of a family of nine, two broth James and Robert, of Napanee, one sister, Mrs. Mary Milligan, Centreville, survive.

County Treasurer, W. J. Shanno the only living son.

Susannah Clancy Shannon, wif Matthew Shannon, only survived late husband four days, passing on this life on Thursday, April 8th, was buried in the same grave, side side, 57 years in life, their earthly mains are still in the same positio death.

Born 19th April, 1838, with the ception of four years in Sheffield, life was spent within a radius of miles of where she died.

Married by the Rev. Daniel Bro on 20th December, 1857, theirs w beautiful life and truly the sunset what the majority of humanity mi well desire.

Unbounded faith in the resurrect and a home inconceivably greater t eye could see, ear hear, or heart un stand, was theirs.

The funeral services were in ch of the Rev. Mr. Kemp and were l held in the Methodist church. Cen ville.

STELLA.

Farmers are engaged with spring seeding. Report says the l is working good.

John Miller has commenced duties again as keeper of the Brotl Island light.

Have You Seen BEAVER BOARD Paneled Walls and Ceilings?

THEY far surpass lath, plaster and wall-paper in beauty, durability, ease of application, and economy.

They deaden sound, resist heat and cold, retard fire, resist shocks or strains, do not crack, chip or deteriorate with age.

BEAVER BOARD

can be used in new or remodeled buildings of every type.

We carry full stock and can furnish sizes as ordered, with full information about use, application, etc.



APPLY TO

MADOLE HARDWARE CO.

PHONE 13,
NAPANEE, ONTARIO.

THE VERY BEST

SEED CORN

Yellow. Leaming and
Giant White Ensilage

\$1.15 per Bushel

For next 30 days.

Flour, Feed, Bran, Shorts, Corn, Wheat, Barley, Oats, Buckwheat, Rye and Peas, Red Alsike and Alfalfa, Clover and Timothy.

A Car Load
FROST FENCING AND GATES

FERTILIZERS
Bibby's Cream Equivalent Oil Cake, Pure Linseed meal.
A variety of Ground Mixed Feeds, all at Lowest Prices.

I am open to buy all kinds Farm Produce—Hay, Grain, Potatoes, etc., in car lots a specialty. Phone 175.

FRED. A. PERRY,
DUNDAS STREET.
Opposite Campbell House.

**Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA**

WAR STAMPS.

After 15th of April War Stamps must be used on all letters and cards. You can save the additional cost by buying your stationery at WAL- LACE'S DRUG STORE LIMITED.

ties, or any part thereof so distributed, to any person or persons of whose claims or demands they shall not have received notice at the time of the distribution thereof.

JOHN L. WHITING.

Solicitor for the said Executors.

Dated this 10th day of April, 1915.

Approved this 10th day of April, 1915.

J. H. MADDEN.

Public Health Notice

Notice is hereby given that all house holders and other persons residing in the Municipality of the Town of Napanee must remove all putrid and decaying animal and vegetable matter from all cellars, buildings and yards, and must clean out any foul or offensive drains, ditch, gutter, privy, cess pool, or ash pit, kept or so constructed as to be injurious or dangerous to the public health, and must also remove any accumulation of dung, manure, offal, filth, refuse, ashes, or stagnant water, on or

BEFORE MAY 1st.

1915, as provided by the Public Health Act.

Notice is also hereby given to all owners and occupants of property in the Town of Napanee that on and after the said May 1st all premises will be inspected, and if found in an unsanitary condition, will be ordered to be vacated until put in a sanitary condition.

Notice is also hereby given that night soil must not be buried but must be removed and taken away from the premises.

Any neglect or refusal to remove or abate such matter or thing as aforesaid shall subject the person or persons so neglecting or refusing to a penalty of not less than \$5.00 nor more than \$50.00, in the discretion of the convicting Justices or Magistrate.

Any complaints against the violation of the Public Health Act should be made to F. W. Barrett, Sanitary Inspector for the said Town of Napanee.

By order of the Board of Health.

G. H. COWAN, M. D.,

Medical Officer of Health.

W. A. GRANGE,

Secretary Local Board of Health.

Dated April 12th, 1915.

WALLPAPER!

We have found it necessary to order more of our popular Wall Paper.

The sales have been in excess of our wildest imaginations. The reasons are obvious.

Mr. Paul has travelled for the Watson Foster Co., for the past five years, and handling, as he has, so much he is able to get it at the very lowest price counting discount quantities.

As he has all the samples before the season commences he can at leisure make his selections, and they are certainly sellers.

An Examination of the line will be appreciated.

Paul's Bookstore

that nineteen times as much ammunition had been produced in British factories in March as in September last. It is evidently all needed, for more ammunition was expended in the battle of Neuve Chapelle than during the whole Boer war.

From the Chancellor's statement it is safe to infer that Lord Kitchener's hope that by May he would have almost a million adequately-equipped and well-trained men in the field is in a fair way of realization. Such a force must prove a mighty factor in the struggle. Germany does not now despise the British army. Reinforcements are being poured into Belgium to make good recent losses, and a sustained effort is being made to retake the position on hill 60, near Ypres, from which the British drove the Germans last Sunday. A British War Office report last night states that "violent" and continual counter attacks still are being made on Hill 60. Wednesday afternoon the enemy's activity was renewed, and between 8 and 9 o'clock two heavy attacks made by infantry were repulsed with heavy losses to the enemy. The hill was heavily shelled all night, and several further attacks were repulsed. It would seem that the battle of Hill 60 has developed into a definite trial of strength, in which thousands of men on each side have been already killed or wounded.

The French official report Wednesday night puts the emphasis on the fighting in the Woivre. The Germans begin to understand how serious is the French advance between the Meuse and the Moselle, and are doing everything they can to stop it. No less than five German attacks were launched in the Wood of Montmare alone during the last twenty-four hours. On the south front of the St. Mihiel salient near Fliery, a fresh German trench was carried and incorporated in the French lines. During the past few days the gain made has been almost half a mile along a continuous front. The enemy has left over 300 dead on the field. In Alsace, too, the French are uniformly successful. A general attempt to regain the ground recently lost near Hartmans-Weiler was easily repulsed, though preceded by violent artillery firing.

From Petrograd comes a statement that apparently the Russians everywhere have suspended the offensive until the spring floods subside and conditions are more favorable for manoeuvring. The period of waiting is to be spent in strengthening and fortifying the new positions recently won. The only point at which active operations are still in progress is in the region of the Stryj, where the Bayarian attack which has been in progress for some time, has been definitely repulsed. It is believed that serious friction has developed between General Litzing, the officer in command of this German army, and his Austrian allies, as to the strategy to be followed when the Russian advance is resumed. The Germans want to retire from the mountains and fight the Russians on the plains of Hungary, while the Hungarians naturally desire that everything possible be done to hold the enemy in the Carpathians. It will soon be discovered which view has prevailed in the councils of the Germanic powers. The holding of the Russians on the ridges of the Carpathians will be a fearfully costly business, even if practically Germany may decide that the immunity of Hungary from invasion may be purchased at too great a price.

Don't forget our regular "Week-end Chocolate sale"—A 50 cent one pound box of Regent chocolates—selling on Saturday at 39 cents, at Hooper's—The Medical Hall.

well desired. Unbounded faith in the resurrected and a home inconceivably greater than eye could see, ear hear, or heart understand, was theirs.

The funeral services were in charge of the Rev. Mr. Kemp and were held in the Methodist church. Centralville.

STELLA.

Farmers are engaged with spring seeding. Report says the late is working good.

John Miller has commenced his duties again as keeper of the Brothel Island light.

Hugh Marshall towed the mail boat Hero to Kingston on Friday for repairs.

R. P. Sanders and Hugh Filch have been around this end of the land getting signers for a petition for rural mail.

J. E. McFarn has erected a new machine house for W. H. Preston.

Capt. A. Glenn left last week for Buffalo, N. Y.

Visitors: Capt. T. Sanders, Kingston, at J. Sanders; Capt. and Mr. J. Sanders, Cleveland, at J. F. Henderson's.

Roses, 25 cents per dozen, Saturday, at Hooper's.

PLEASANT VALLEY.

Mrs. McCarten and Miss Kathle at Mrs. Chas. Vernalstyn's on Friday last week.

Mr. Ira Pringle, Kingston, who the agency for Rawleigh's medicine etc., spent a couple days last week. Mr. W. R. Pringle's.

We are sorry to hear that Mr. Burnell Denison scalded her foot badly, and hope she will soon recover.

Messrs. M. Dupree add G. Sills. D. trict visitors for Grace church, in the vicinity, called Wednesday and Thursday on all adherents.

Mr. and Mrs. Cummings at Mrs. Chas. Vanalstyn's one evening recently.

Mrs. Garfield Sills and son at Mrs. Milford Dupree's, Wednesday for tea. Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Vankonghne and family were guests at Mr. Frank Vandeboogar's on Sunday.

Our new neighbor, Mr. Doran, married on Wednesday of last week to Miss Fitzmartin. Congratulation.

Mrs. W. B. Sills called Thursday afternoon at Mr. Chas. Vanalstyn and Mr. Cummings.

Miss Marguerite Pringle spent Sunday at Mr. S. Bristow's Sandhurst.

Mr. and Mrs. George Dupree a family called Sunday at Mr. Chas. Vanalstyn's.

Mr. and Mrs. E. P. Smith and Mrs. Fred Smith spent Friday evening at Mr. Merle Sills.

Mrs. McVicker, Napanee, spent several days at Mr. Job Herrington.

Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Sills visited Sunday at their daughter's Mrs. W. Ballance, Strathcona.

Messrs. Z. A. and Roy Grooms have purchased an automobile.

Mr. Percy Rose spent Sunday with his friend, Mr. Roy Card.

Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Miller to dinner Sunday at Mr. W. B. Sills.

Mr. John Vankonghnettt took dinner Tuesday at Mr. F. H. Card's.

Mr. and Mrs. Sidney Scott visit Sunday at Mr. Merle Sills.

Mr. Irvine Card, Moscow, motor out to Mr. Miro Card's, Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Adam Frisken a family, Selby, visited Sunday at Mrs. W. R. Pringle's.

Mrs. Jas. Braudon and Miss Winfred spent Friday at Mr. Fred Pringle's.

Miss Mabel English and Mr. R. McMath at Mr. George Dupree's tea Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Card and Mrs. W. B. Sills and family motored out to Mr. Will Ballance Strathcona, Sunday.

Mrs. Garfield Sills at Mr. George Dupree's Friday evening.

NANEE EXPRESS

CANADA—FRIDAY, APRIL 23rd, 1915

\$1 per Year in advance: \$1.50 if not so paid.

DOUBLE OBITUARY.

Matthew Shannon, the subject of is sketch, was born August 21st, 33, on the ridge or watershed, separating mud and vartv lakes, in the township of Camden, and died at his me in Centreville, on Easter Sunday, April 3th, 1915.

His father and mother came to Canada in 1832, from Newtown Ards, 18 les from Belfast, Ireland, he being their first-born in this country.

With the exception of four years sidence after his marriage in the township of Sheffield, the balance is spent wholly in his native township.

In 1865, he and his devoted wife united with the "Methodist Church" and ever since continued their associations th that body.

In 1866, he became a member of the Prince of Wales Lodge, 146, A. F. and M., Newburgh, was a charter member of Victoria Lodge, No. 299, A. F. and M., Centreville, in due time became Worshipful Master, and under those auspices he was given the beautiful Masonic burial service, assisted R. W. Bro. A. B. Carscallen, D.D. M. and R. W. Bro. R. W. Long- re, P.D.D.G.M.

He represented the Township of Camden, in the Council for five years, of which he was Deputy Reeve, from 1875-6-7-8-9. Among his co-workers were, John W. Bell, Geo. ul. Robt. Madden, J. S. Lochhead, of whom predeceased him.

Though a Liberal in politics and a Methodist by preferment, he thoroughly respected the opinions of those justly differing from himself, and among his warmest and best friends were those of opposite political opinions and religious creeds.

Of a family of nine, two brothers, James and Robert, of Napanee, and a sister, Mrs. Mary Milligan, of Centreville, survive.

County Treasurer, W. J. Shannon is only living son.

Annah Clancy Shannon, wife of Matthew Shannon, only survived her husband four days, passing out of this life on Thursday, April 8th, and is buried in the same grave, side by side, 57 years in life, their earthly remains are still in the same position in the earth.

born 19th April, 1838, with the exception of four years in Sheffield, her life was spent within a radius of five miles of where she died.

Married by the Rev. Daniel Brown 20th December, 1857, theirs was a useful life and truly the sunset was at the majority of humanity might desire.

Unbounded faith in the resurrection and a home inconceivably greater than could see, ear hear, or heart understand, was theirs.

The funeral services were in charge of the Rev. Mr. Kemp and were both in the Methodist church. Centreville.

STELLA.

Farmers are engaged with the spring seeding. Report says the land is working good.

John Miller has commenced his duties again as keeper of the Brothers and light.

Hugh Marshall towed the mail boat over to Kingston on Friday for repairs.

JUNE ELECTION SEEMS PROBABLE

Ottawa, April 21.—The Printing Bureau is working day and night upon voters' lists. Manufacturers and contractors are being held up for campaign funds. Not a Conservative member of Parliament is to be seen at Ottawa. The prospect for a June election is growing stronger every day. The Government is meeting to-day and an announcement of dissolution is expected by many. A flood of campaign literature has been started out from the Government Bureau. Only a miracle or the exercise of supreme authority will prevent a June election.

EVERYBODY CLEAN UP

Napanee, April 20th, 1915

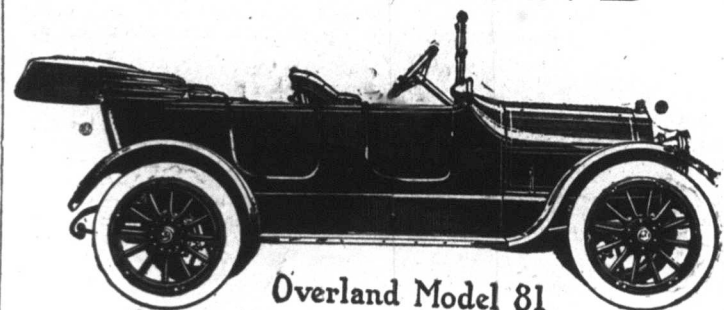
To the Editor of the Napanee Express:—

Dear Sir—May I through the medium of your paper make an appeal to the Citizens of Napanee for an extra effort toward the cleaning up and beautifying of our town this summer. It is just possible that a part of the American European Tourist traffic will be diverted to Canada this year, and some of these tourists may pass through Napanee, perhaps spend a little time here, and in common with most of the residents I would like them to carry away pleasant memories of their visit, which would be an advertisement for the town, but apart from this, there is another reason, which will probably appeal to most people and that is, a desire to improve our surroundings, it has been proven by experience that environment has a good deal to do with shaping the character of the individual, and a life that is lived amidst dreary sordid, or unclean surroundings is apt to be warped and twisted and pessimistic, to say the least, but if the conditions are bright and clean and orderly it will have a tendency to cheer and lift up the prospects of that life, but perhaps I am moralizing too much, if my desires outrun my judgment, of course your pardon, for my only motives are, a betterment of the conditions under which some people are existing.

How often we hear remarks: where people are passing some well kept lawn or a beautiful bed of flowers, such as these. "What a splendid lawn" or "Look at those lovely flowers" now these things don't just happen, the lawn does not come by chance neither do the flowers grow by accident, but they are there as a result of a little forethought and labour, and if some of our residents who never have tried to improve the outward appearance of their home, will spend a little time toward that end, clean up the backyard, have that unsightly heap of rubbish taken away, plant a few flowers around the house, arrange to have creeper growing along that old fence, the result will be surprising and pleasing, not only to themselves, but to the neighbor and to the community.

In these modern days we are apt to forget the meaning of the word Home, some of us use it only as a stopping

OVERLAND



Overland Model 81

Five-passenger Touring Car, Model 81-T

30 Horsepower Motor
Tires, 33 x 4 inches
Demountable rims (one extra rim)
Full stream-line body

Electric starting and lighting
Left-hand drive
Finish, Brewster green, with ivory striping

Price \$1135, f. o. b., Hamilton.

Lennox Automobile & Motor Boat Company, 'Phone 234,
ALL MOTOR BOAT AND AUTOMOBILE SUPPLIES, NAPANEE, ONT.

DR. C. E. WILSON PHYSICIAN.

Hours of Consultation:

11 a. m. to 1 p. m.; 3 p. m. to 5 p. m.;
7 p. m. to 8 p. m.

G. F. RUTTAN, K. C.

BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC.
Office—Merchants Bank Chambers, Napanee.
Money to loan.
Telephones—Office 93, Residence 132.

Dr. J. P. Campbell

Graduate with honor standing Toronto University.

Physician, Surgeon and Accrueur.
(Successor to late Dr. Ward.)
East St., Napanee. 'Phone 60. 40

Ray F. English

Fannie G. English

Drs. English & English

OSTEOPATHIC
PHYSICIANS.

Offices: West St.

38-1-y

Phone 227

H. W. SMITH

(Successor to W. D. MacCormack)

Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College,
B. V. Sc., of Toronto University.

OFFICE—Centre Street.
'Phone 61.

Pearl A. Nesbitt, L.T.C.M.

CONTRALTO.

TEACHER OF—Piano, Organ, Voice
Production. Pupils prepared for all
examinations. 9-h

DOXSEE & CO.

Fresh Arrivals

Authoritative Millinery!

Hats of every new style displayed for your choosing—never more plentiful.

Opportunity for individuality and every hat moderately priced

Large Sailors and Shepherds Shapes in black and colors.

Ladies' Neckwear

This season styles in Sheer Organdy and Lace Vests, Collar and Cuff Sets, Coat Collars, new Flare Collars with pleated back.

The Leading Millinery House

Wood!

We are selling well seasoned wood at the following prices: Hard cord wood \$6.50 per cord; soft cord wood \$5.00 per cord; Soft slab wood, \$5.00 per cord. We have a quantity of soft cord wood to sell at \$4.00 per cord. Cut wood for sale measure.

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The funeral services were in charge
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rs.
P. Sanders and Hugh Filson
be around this end of the Is-
d getting signers for a petition for
all mail.
E. McFern has erected a new ma-
ne house for W. H. Prestor.
apt. A. Glenn left last week for
falo, N. Y.
istors: Capt. T. Sanders, King-
n, at J. Sanders: Capt. and Mrs.
Sanders, Cleveland, at J. F. Hend-
on's.

**Roses, 25 cents per
dozen, Saturday, at
Cooper's.**

PLEASANT VALLEY.

Irs. McCarten and Miss Kathleen
Mrs. Chas. Vinalstynes on Friday
ast week.
Ir. Ira Pringle, Kingston, who has
agency for Rawleigh's medicine,
spent a couple days last week at
W. R. Pringle's.
Ve are sorry to hear that Mrs.
rnell Denison scalded her foot bad-
and hope she will soon recover.
lessis. M. Dupree add G. Sills, Dis-
t visitors for Grace church, in this
inity, called Wednesday and Thurs-
7 on all adherents.
Ir. and Mrs. Cummings at Mr.
as. Vanalstynes one evening re-
tly.
Irs. Garfield Sills and son at Mr.
ford Dupree's, Wednesday for tea.
Ir. and Mrs. Jas. Vankonghnett
family were guests at Mr. Frank
ndebogart's on Sunday.
ur new neighbor, Mr. Doran, was
ried on Wednesday of last week
Miss Fitzmartin. Congratulations!
Irs. W. B. Sills called Thursday
ernoon at Mr. Chas. Vanalstynes
d Mr. Cummings.
Miss Marguerite Pringle spent Sun-
y at Mr. S. Bristow's Sandhurst.
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nalstynes.
Ir. and Mrs. E. P. Smith and Mr.
d Mrs. Fred Smith spent Friday
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Mrs. McVicker, Napanee, spent
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Ir. and Mrs. E. R. Sills visited Sun-
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dessrs. Z. A. and Roy Grooms have
rchased an automobile.
Ir. Percy Rose spent Sunday with
friend, Mr. Roy Card
Ir. and Mrs. Edwin Miller took
ner Sunday at Mr. W. B. Sills.
Ir. John Vankonghnett took din-
Tuesday at Mr. F. H. Card's.
Ir. and Mrs. Sidney Scott visited
nday at Mr. Merle Sills.
Ir. Irvine Card, Moscow, motored
to Mr. Miro Card's, Saturday.
Ir. and Mrs. Adam Friskien and
nily, Selby, visited Sunday at Mr.
R. Pringle's.
Mrs. Jas. Brandon and Miss Winni-
d spent Friday at Mr. Fred Pring-
l.
Miss Mabel English and Mr. Roy
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Ir. and Mrs. F. H. Card and Mr.
d Mrs. W. B. Sills and family
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athcona, Sunday.
Irs. Garfield Sills at Mr. George
oree's Friday evening.

things now these things don't just hap-
pen, the lawn does not come by chance
neither do the flowers grow by ac-
cident, but they are there as a result of
a little forethought and labour, and if
some of our residents who never have
tried to improve the outward appear-
ance of their home, will spend a little
time toward that end, clean up the
backyard, have that unsightly heap of
rubbish taken away, plant a few flow-
ers around the house, arrange to have
creeper growing along that old fence,
the result will be surprising and pleas-
ing, not only to themselves, but to the
neighbor and to the community.

In these modern days we are apt to
forget the meaning of the word Home,
some of us use it only as a stopping
place, with no other thought than its
just a place to stay when we can't be
anywhere else.

And I would like to appeal to the
sense of pride of some of the property
owners of the town, with a view of
improving their property, there are a
number of miserable, dilapidated old
buildings which are no earthly use,
and an eyesore, also a detriment to
the surrounding property, which
might better be pulled down, some of
them have not been used for years,
and others only occasionally, and is a
breeding place for all kinds of vermin,
some of them are already falling into
a state of decay, and would be no fi-
nancial loss to the owners, trusting
that this appeal will be taken in the
spirit and goodwill that it is written,
and find a responsive chord in the
hearts of the lovers of Napanee.

I am,

Yours respectfully,

F. W. BARRET,

Sanitary Inspector.

MORVEN.

Next Sunday the Quarterly meeting
services of Morven circuit will (D.V.)
be held in Brick church at 2.30 p.m.
The Rev. Samuel Sellery, M. A., B. D.
Chairman of Napanee District will
preach, and, after the preaching ser-
vice, will administer the Sacrament of
the Lord's Supper. To favor a gen-
eral and large attendance at this most
important and solemn service, all
other services on the Morven circuit
are cancelled for the day, except the
Morven Sunday school, which will be
held in Brick Church at 9.30 a.m.
Everybody invited to attend both the
Sunday school in the morning and the
Quarterly meeting in the afternoon.

A Warm Welcome.

A bibulous old Scot, a golf caddie,
who was as sharp and sarcastic as he
was convivial, had a wife who was
much troubled by her husband's
loose way of life. He could never
have a good day on the links but he
must end it with a wet night at the
tavern. So to cure him the woman
lay in wait on the road one evening,
dressed in a white sheet.

When her husband appeared she
rose from under a hedge, an awful
white figure, with outspread arms.

"Who the de'il are you?" asked
the intemperate caddie as he gazed
unsteadily at the supposed ghost.

"I'm Auld Nickie," said the figure
in a hollow voice.

"Gie's a shake o' yer hand, then,"
said the tipsy caddie. "I'm married
tae a sister o' yours. She'll be
waitin' for us up at the hoose, an'
nae doot she'll mak' ye welcome."

Pass On.

"I am still looking for an honest
man," announced Diogenes.

"I can give you no help," declared
the stranger.

"Who are you?"

"I am an income tax collector."—
Seattle Post-Intelligencer.

The mantle lamp supplies—You get
them at Hooper's.

H. W. SMITH

(Successor to W. D. MacCormack)

Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College,
B. V. Sc., of Toronto University.

OFFICE—Centre Street.

'Phone 61.

34

Pearl A. Nesbitt, L.T.C.M.

CONTRALTO.

TEACHER OF—Piano, Organ, Voice
Production. Pupils prepared for all
examinations. 9-h

TWO HOUSES FOR SALE—situate
east of "Curling Rink." Apply to T. B.
GERMAN. 511f

HOUSE TO LET— Brick house on
Adelphi Street. Apply to FRANK H.
PERRY. 151f

ORGANIST WANTED— For St.
Andrew's Church. Apply to A. ALEX-
ANDER, or J. H. CRAIG. 19-b

ENGINE FOR SALE— Outboard
Gray Engine, suitable for any skiff, for
sale cheap. Apply to F. H. CARSON. 171f

FOR ADOPTION— Several bright
children, Boys and Girls. For particulars
apply to CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY, Box 86,
Napanee, Ont. 181f

WANTED— Some bright, active
Boys, over fifteen years of age, to work
in Factory and Finishing Room. Apply at
office.—THE GIBBARD FURNITURE CO. 20-a

FOR SALE—NO. 1 STRAWBERRY
SETS—at the Hay Bay Fruit Farm for
\$3.00 per thousand. A. C. PARKS, Napanee.
R. M. D. No. 3. 20-b

HOUSE TO LET— On Adelphi St.,
with all latest improvements, near
court house. Apply to M. T. VANSLYCK,
East Street. 20-bp

FOR SALE—Seed Store, on Dundas
Street, also Store House and Fruit Evap-
orator, foot of West Street, apply to THOS.
SYMINGTON, Owner, Napanee, Ont. 421f

\$20 WEEKLY—Canada's Largest
Cut-rate Grocery Mail Order House.
want men everywhere to show samples and
distribute circulars. Sample case free. THE
CO-OPERATIVE UNION, Windsor, Ont. 16-c p

TO RENT—Those desirable rooms in
the Blewett Block. Electric lights and
all modern improvements. Immediate posses-
sion. Apply to MISS BLEWETT, over Domini-
on Bank, John street, Napanee. 111f

FARM FOR SALE—75 or 80 acres,
pt. lot 33, 3rd concession Township of
Camden. All good land, seed to hay and
pasture. 2 wells, good fences. Apply to R. A.
BEARD, Napanee, or S. W. SWITZER, Des-
mond. 311f

MEN WANTED—in all parts of this
and adjoining counties to show samples
and distribute circulars for Canada's Largest
Cut-Rate Grocery Mail Order House. Position
will pay \$20 weekly, sample case free. THE
CO-OPERATIVE UNION, Windsor, Ont. 17c

FOR SALE—At a Bargain Price,
the fine property opposite the English
Church, belonging to Mrs. R. G. H. Travers.
Apply to MRS. TRAVERS for further infor-
mation. INVESTORS—take notice that the
house is easily convertible into two small
apartments, and there is also a fine building
site at the side. 18-ap

STRAWBERRY PLANTS—Thomp-
son's Hustler Strawberry has outyielded
everything in trials with over 300 varieties.
Pickers gathering as high as 287 boxes in eight
hours. During the past season successfully
grown in Manitoba and New Ontario, and
Plants have been shipped to the Yukon.
Prices \$1.00 per 100; \$2.00 per 1000. We are
prepared to meet all demands at these prices.
J. W. & R. B. THOMPSON, R. R. No. 5, Napa-
nee. 20-bp

FOR SALE.

Residence of W. A. Frizzell, New-
burgh Road, Napanee. For informa-
tion apply to W. H. Meagher, Napa-
nee, or write W. A. Frizzell, North
Bay. 10-4f

The Leading Millinery House

Wood!

We are selling well seasoned wood
at the following prices: Hard cord
wood \$6.50 per cord; soft cord wood
\$5.00 per cord; Soft slab wood,
\$5.00 per cord. We have a quantity
of soft cord wood to sell at \$4.00
per cord. Cut wood for sale measur-
ed in stave wood length. Cut hard
wood \$3.00, cut soft wood \$2.50.
We will deliver to any part of the
town.

S. CASEY DENISON.

Centre Street, North.

'Phone 107

Butter Paper

Wrap your Butter in Veg-
etable Parchment Paper, and
keep it clean and sanitary.

**10c per Package
3 Packages for 25c.**

At This Office.

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A RELIABLE MAN TO SELL HARDY
CANADIAN GROWN STOCK IN
NAPANEE AND LENNOX CO.

Start now at the best selling time.
Send for list of SPRING OFFER-
INGS, and terms to agents.
Liberal commissions. Handsome
free outfit.

STONE & WELLINGTON

(The Fonthill Nurseries.)

(Established 1837.)

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Head Office—Winnipeg.

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Capital (Paid up)... ..\$2,850,000

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A. McTavish Campbell, Sir D. C. Cam-
eron, K.C.M.G., W. J. Christie, John
Stovel.

General Manager, Robt. Campbell.
Supt. of Branches, L.M. McCarthy.

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Accounts.**

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all Branches**

**A General Banking Busi-
ness Transacted**

R. G. H. TRAVERS,
Manager Napanee Branch.

The Napanee Express

E. J. POLLARD.

EDITOR and PROPRIETOR.

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Confectionery Store**

**Give Our Home-Made
Bread a Trial.**

We make a SPECIALTY of WHOLE
WHEAT BREAD, sales increasing
weekly.

Bread made by Electric Machinery,
the only Bakery in town equipped
with machinery, which insures clean-
liness, and uniformity, do you ap-
preciate these qualities? The answer
is (Yes) as we know by our ever in-
creasing trade.

Lunches at all hours.

Oysters best grades.

City Dairy Ice Cream, Assorted
Flavours.

W. M. BAMBRIDGE,

'Pone 96. Sole Agent, Napanee.

**15 Cases of Granite
Just in from
Scotland.**

MORE TO FOLLOW.

**New and Elegant Designs
Some plain, all polished.
Few are beautifully carved**

I have the largest stock ever shown in
Napanee.
Will save you travelling expenses and
commission.

Our patrons have confidence and look
us.

V. KOUBER, - **Napanee**

NEWS TOPICS OF WEEK

**Important Events Which Have
Occurred During the Week.**

The Busy World's Happenings Carefully Compiled and Put into Handy and Attractive Shape for the Readers of Our Paper—A Solid Hour's Enjoyment.

WEDNESDAY.

The death occurred in Brockville yesterday of John Culbert, ex-M.P. He was a native of Leeds County, going to Brockville as a young man.

Gen. Villa at the head of 28,000 men had opened an attack on the army of 20,000 commanded by Gen. Alvaro Obregon and entrenched at Colaya.

All the Turks have been driven from Russian soil in trans-Caucasia, according to official despatches received yesterday at Petrograd from headquarters at Tiflis.

The Canadian Government is only entrusting the men at the front with three dollars at a time, according to information contained in a letter from a Montreal man in France.

Three hundred miners were buried alive by a cave-in that wrecked the interior of a colliery near Shimonoseki, Japan, yesterday. The entrapped men are 700 feet below the surface.

The London Times says that one effect of the movement of the Cabinet toward prohibition has been to create a remarkable demand during the past week for whisky by the bottle or case.

Frank Abarne and Carmine Carbone were found guilty in New York yesterday on the charge of having made and placed a bomb in St. Patrick's Cathedral on March 2. The jury recommended clemency for both men.

THURSDAY.

Mrs. Mack Thomas, of Pittsburg, was shot to death yesterday by her 13-year-old son because she forbade him to take some of his playthings out of doors.

Frank Johnston, of Trenton, Ont., who accompanied the first contingent to Salisbury Plain and who was in the hospital for several weeks, has returned home.

Engineer Edward Ronan was instantly killed yesterday in Stratford when a shunting-engine side-swiped the locomotive cab into which Ronan was climbing.

The Militia Department has decided to withhold \$10 for a period of six months from pay of men enlisted after March 1st to provide for civilian clothing if a man is discharged.

Victoriano Huerta, former Provisional President of Mexico, issued a signed statement yesterday in New York denying a published report that he had been driven out of Spain.

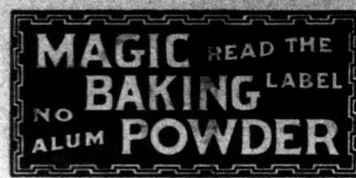
Fire which broke out at 4.15 yesterday morning destroyed the mill of John Piggott & Sons, a large lumber firm with plants in Windsor and Chatham. The loss is estimated at \$40,000.

A German aeroplane, which flew over the Dutch Island of Walcheren yesterday and dropped a box of papers, at Middleburg was shot to earth by Dutch soldiers and two airmen were interned.

B. F. Moore, of Highland Lake, Conn., found three fried eggs in a nest in the chicken house. The tails and wings of his forty White Leghorns were singed. A lightning bolt struck the house.

FRIDAY.

Andrew A. Voelker died suddenly yesterday at Berlin. He was in his



turned turtle while he was driving from Yarker to Camden East. He was pinned under the car.

At a meeting of the license commissioners for West Durham, at Bowmanville, the license of the Newcastle Hotel was refused for 1915-16. This is the last license in West Durham.

Pte. Harry Nichol, a member of the 39th Battalion, C.E.F., mobilized in Belleville, died here at an early hour Saturday of spinal meningitis. This is the third fatal case since mobilization there.

The steamship St. George reached St. John, N.B., Saturday from Bermuda with 300 German prisoners of war. They are chiefly sailors from warships. They were taken to the detention camp at Amherst, N.S.

Dr. D. A. Coon has been appointed superintendent of the Kingston General Hospital, succeeding Dr. H. A. Boyce, resigned. Dr. Coon is a native of Elgin, and graduated at Queen's University twenty-five years ago.

Ludwig Paul Selbach, claiming to be an American citizen, was remanded to custody in London, Eng., yesterday on the charge of being an alien enemy, who had failed to register himself in accordance with the British regulations.

Charles Rademacher, cook on the steamer John W. Moore, at Port Colborne, is infected with smallpox. He has been quarantined and it will be necessary for him to remain on the steamer till all danger of the disease spreading is past.

The two youngest children of Stanley Fuller, a farmer near Rapid City, Man., were burned to death in a fire which completely destroyed the Fuller residence. The blaze started during the temporary absence of the older members of the family.

TUESDAY.

Sessions designed to bring about a settlement of the strike of 16,000 union carpenters were begun in Chicago yesterday by the State Board of Arbitration.

Plunging into the Hudson river at Rondout, N.Y., Everett Morris, a "down-and-outer," saved two boys from drowning and earned the price of a meal from an onlooker.

Pte. Edward S. Jennings, of the Princess Patricia's, reported killed in action, was a merchant at Bethune, Sask., before enlisting at the opening of the war. He was a prominent Orangeman.

The auxiliary German cruiser Kron Prinz Wilhelm was placed in drydock yesterday. Official survey of her condition was begun at once. The vessel is guarded by forty soldiers from Fort Monroce.

Peter McL. Forin, aged 47, barrister of Belleville, died yesterday of pneumonia. He was a son of the late John Forin of that city. A brother, Dr. Forin, lives in Elmonston, and another brother is a judge at Nelson, B.C.

Downbound vessels at Mackinac City, Mich., report the steamer Paliki aground on Simmons Reef in Lake Superior and blowing signals of distress. The Paliki was bound from the Canadian Soo to Chicago with steel rails.

John Westlake, of Winnipeg, sentenced to two years' imprisonment for complicity with Percy Hagel in releasing from custody of Kratchenko, the murderer, has been released from prison on parole after serving

HILL 60 IS CAPTURED

**British Make Advance of Th
Miles Near Ypres.**

Important Battle Results In Losse

Germans Equal to Those at Ne
Chapelle — Sappers Got Un
Hill and Exploded an Imm
Mine—Advance Along the Fe
River.

LONDON, April 20.—The follo
ing official statement was issued
night at the British War Office:

"A successful action, commenc
on the evening of the 17th, culmi
ed Sunday night in the capture
complete occupation of an import
point known as Hill 60, which
about two miles south of Zillebe
to the east of Ypres. This hill do
nates the country to the north
northwest.

"The successful explosion of
mine under the hill commenced
operations, and many Germans w
killed by this and 15 prisoners w
captured, including an officer.

"At daybreak on the 18th the
emy delivered a heavy counter-att
against this hill, but were repul
with a heavy loss. They advanced
close formation and our machine
battery got well into them.

"Desperate efforts were made
day Sunday by the Germans to rec
er the hill, but they were everywh
repulsed with great loss. In fr
of the captured position, which
are now consolidated in streng
hundreds of dead are lying.

"Sunday two more German ae
planes were brought down in t
area. Since the 15th inst., the to
loss to the enemy is five aeroplan
A despatch from Northern Frai
says:

"News has just reached here
one of the most important enga
ments of the war in the neighborh
of Ypres. The first ambulance tr
conveying our wounded arrived b
one hour ago. My information ca
from a source which places the f
lowing facts beyond doubt: Our s
pers succeeded in mining the en
hill in that vicinity. The blowing
of the hill Sunday morning was t
signal for the opening of a battle
tending over some miles of fro
The havoc wrought among hundre
of German troops occupying the
had a most terrifying effect on t
German lines both right and left, a
our concentrated charge, in whi
our artillery played a most impo
ant part, had succeeded up to Su
day night in driving the Germa
was terrible losse: fully three mi
back from their first line of trench
The explosion of mines in the h
resembled the bursting of a volca
The action is still in progress a
our advance has been unchecked
Eight hundred German prisoners
have already come in, and everythi
points to the enemy's losses bei
greater even than those at Neu
Chapelle.

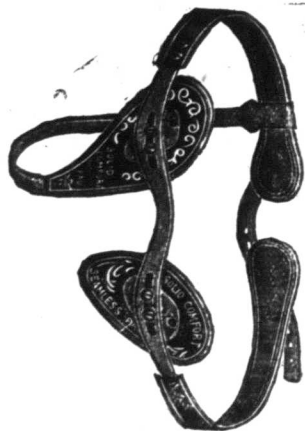
"At all points we have given t
Germans a disagreeable taste of o
metal. Their attitude is one of c
pression. Their aeroplanes are bu
with the bombardment of open tow
but they are carefully chased aw
from the proximity of our fighti
lines by the vigilance of our arme
which accounts for the fact that
are enabled to make our prepar
tions for the attack without new
at best with only scanty news of o
movements leaking out."

The advance of French colum
continued along both banks of t

Few are beautifully carved

I have the largest stock ever shown in Napanee.
Will save you travelling expenses and commission.
Our patrons have confidence and look us.

V. KOUBER, Napanee



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But there are people who are constantly looking for opportunities to lend money on good security. If you want to borrow a few dollars, or a few thousand, our Want Ads. will put you in touch with those who have money to loan.

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A German aeroplane, which flew over the Dutch island of Walcheren yesterday and dropped a box of papers, at Middleburg was shot to earth by Dutch soldiers and two airmen were interned.

B. F. Moore, of Highland Lake, Conn., found three fried eggs in a nest in the chicken house. The tails and wings of his forty White Leghorns were singed. A lightning bolt struck the house.

FRIDAY.

Andrew A. Voelker died suddenly yesterday at Berlin. He was in his 57th year and was born in St. Jacob's, Ont.

William G. C. Gladstone, grandson of the great Liberal statesman, has been killed in action in France. Particulars of his death are lacking.

Charging her husband, Joseph Ledoux, of East Broughton, Que., with having led a double life, Leda Leblanc has filed an action to have her marriage annulled.

The death has been announced at Birkenhead of Edward McHugh, the English land reformer and trade unionist. He was a personal friend of the late Henry George.

B. F. Hart, a wealthy merchant of Dekoven, Ky., was assassinated gun through the window. Thomas Brambley, a miner, was later arrested.

German artillery stationed near Bethune, France, is reported to have shelled a Belgian ambulance on Wednesday, killing three wounded Belgians and six wounded Belgian prisoners.

Princess Bismarck, widow of the son of the "Iron Chancellor," has placed a wreath on Bismarck's tomb at Friedrichsruh bearing the inscription, "To the memory of our hero, Otto Weddigen."

Many bullets fell on the American side of the river during the fighting at Matamoros on Wednesday, but no one was injured. Gen. Funston yesterday reported to the U. S. War Department from Brownsville.

SATURDAY.

Nelson W. Aldrich, former U. S. Senator from Rhode Island, and for years prominent in Republican political circles, died at his home in New York of heart disease.

For stealing two overcoats from the hallway of the Hotel Dieu, Montreal, Adolphe Chevalier and Arthur Lefebvre have been sentenced to ten years in the penitentiary.

Mrs. G. H. Bullen, aged 24, whose husband is employed with the Canadian Bank of Commerce, was struck by an automobile while crossing the street in Winnipeg and killed.

Navigation is open at the Soo. The steamer Paliki locked through at 6.15 p.m. Thursday night, downbound, and the McKee, upbound, reached the locks at 8.45 yesterday morning.

G. G. Publow, chief dairy instructor for Eastern Ontario, advises dairymen to produce as much cheese as they possibly can, as a great deal of cheese will go into the trenches to be consumed.

Two automobile bandits entered the saloon of Joseph Balchuns, Chicago yesterday, and seriously wounded Balchuns when he refused to obey their orders to hold up his hands. They took \$40.

Mrs. Theodore Roosevelt, who was operated upon at Roosevelt Hospital, New York, is resting comfortably. It was stated at the hospital that the former mistress of the White House "is doing very well."

After searching several days for \$100 in one-dollar bills which had disappeared from his safe, Louis Newman, of Bayonne, N.Y., discovered that his pet cat had made a bed in the cellar with the money for her litter of five kittens.

MONDAY.

William Dunn, of Yarker, was seriously injured when his automobile

ther, Dr. Forin, lives in Edmonton, and another brother is a judge at Nelson, B.C.

Downbound vessels at Mackinac City, Mich., report the steamer Paliki aground on Simmons Reef in Lake Superior and blowing signals of distress. The Paliki was bound from the Canadian Soo to Chicago with steel rails.

John Westlake, of Winnipeg, sentenced to two years' imprisonment for complicity with Percy Hagel in releasing from custody of Kratchenko, the murderer, has been released from prison on parole after serving about half his term.

EMBASSY READY TO GO.

Italian Diplomats at Trentino Prepare For Outbreak of War.

ROME, April 20.—The Giornale d'Italia yesterday published an interview with an unnamed neutral diplomat, who is quoted as having said:

"That Italy will participate in the war has been decided on. What now is necessary is clearly to agree on the delimitation and distribution of the eastern coast of the Adriatic between Italy and the Slavs. Italy cannot risk a war to drive out Austria from the Adriatic and have Austria replaced in a military sense by the Russian advance guards. Therefore Italy must have her strategic points completed by obtaining Avlona, Albania, across the Adriatic from Brindisi, with which she could close the sea. Some of the Slavs favor complete disarmament in the Adriatic."

The diplomat added that he thought that Russia and Great Britain would suffer less from the present war than from the antagonism between the two countries which would follow it.

A despatch from Copenhagen says:

"Special messages from Vienna state that great excitement prevails there owing to information received from Trentino.

"It is believed that war with Italy is imminent.

"The Italian embassy is said to be prepared for departure."

Transports Sunk Says Letter.

ST. CATHARINES, Ont., April 20.—Unpublished information said to have been received from a British naval officer at home at Dundee, Scotland, on leave is contained in a letter written to a woman residing in Russell avenue, St. Catharines, by her daughter, who states that the officer informed her that the German cruiser which was sunk by Admiral Sir David Beatty's squadron in the North Sea were escorting two transports which had 5,000 German troops aboard. The letter states on the authority of the officer that the two transports were also sunk and all on board perished.



W. CLARK Limited Montreal

Shanapee.

"At all points we have given Germans a disagreeable taste of metal. Their attitude is one of aggression. Their aeroplanes are b with the bombardment of open towns but they are carefully chased away from the proximity of our fight lines by the vigilance of our air force which accounts for the fact that are enabled to make our preparations for the attack without news at best with only scanty news of movements leaking out."

The advance of French color continued along both banks of the Fecht river in Alsace. On Gern soil, yesterday, and forced the Germans hastily to evacuate Eselbrunn above Metzger, and to abandon a large amount of war material. A big battle is expected to develop this section of the front in the near future.

The Germans have not acquiesced with good grace in the French occupation of Les Eparges and continue to launch attacks in an attempt to regain lost territory. A fresh attack on this position was completely repulsed early yesterday morning.

A sort of drawn battle between German and French infantry was fought in the Montmarie wood yesterday.

The French artillery had the best of an artillery duel in the Regnierville region yesterday.

TROUBLE IN COLLIERIES.

Welsh Miners Decide To Give Notice Of a Strike.

LONDON, April 20.—A critical situation has arisen among the coal miners. Representatives of the Welsh miners have unanimously decided in favor of tendering a fortnight's notice of a proposed strike to the mine owners in order to enforce their demands for a 20 per cent. increase in wages. The Miners' Federation of Great Britain will meet to-morrow to decide what action they will take to compel the mine-owners to accede to their demand for a similar increase.

That the result of the trouble will be anything like a national strike the miners is considered improbable but it may necessitate Government intervention in a very drastic manner.

Cotton Being Barred.

LONDON, April 20.—That cotton is being kept out of Germany by Austria just as effectively as if it were declared absolute contraband, the tenor of a reply addressed by Attorney-General Simon to a conference of chemists and engineers who raised the question whether the action taken by the Government was sufficient to make it certain that no cotton reaches those countries.

Japan Recalls Cruisers.

WASHINGTON, April 20.—Japan has ordered all her warships in the Pacific waters near the American coast, except those salving the wrecked cruiser Asama in Tsuru Bay to return to their home stations. Advices to that effect were received yesterday from Tokyo at the Japanese embassy.

Blackmailer Pleaded Guilty.

NEW YORK, April 20.—John Mellie, a youth of 19, pleaded guilty yesterday to a charge of attempt extortion in having written two letters to Vincent Astor demanding \$5 upon penalty of death. Merie pleaded guilty also to a charge of carrying concealed weapons, a revolver, which he attempted to use, having been found in his pocket when he was arrested Friday night. He was held in \$2,500 bail on each charge for grand jury action.

L 60 IS CAPTURED

ish Make Advance of Three Miles Near Ypres.

ortant Battle Results In Losses to Germans Equal to Those at Neuve Chapelle — Sappers Got Under Hill and Exploded an Immense Mine—Advance Along the Fecht River.

ONDON, April 20.—The following official statement was issued last night at the British War Office:

A successful action, commencing on the evening of the 17th, culminated on Sunday night in the capture and complete occupation of an important hill known as Hill 60, which lies at two miles south of Zillebeke, on the east of Ypres. This hill dominates the country to the north and west.

The successful explosion of a mine under the hill commenced the action, and many Germans were killed by this and 15 prisoners were taken, including an officer.

At daybreak on the 18th the enemy delivered a heavy counter-attack against this hill, but were repulsed with a heavy loss. They advanced in formation and our machine gunners got well into them.

Desperate efforts were made all Sunday by the Germans to recover the hill, but they were everywhere repulsed with great loss. In front of the captured position, which we now consolidated in strength, hundreds of dead are lying.

On Sunday two more German aeroplanes were brought down in this area. Since the 15th inst., the total loss to the enemy is five aeroplanes." A despatch from Northern France

news has just reached here of the most important engagements of the war in the neighborhood of Ypres. The first ambulance train carrying our wounded arrived here four days ago. Mr. information came from a source which places the following facts beyond doubt: Our success in mining the only German hill in that vicinity. The blowing up of the hill Sunday morning was the first step for the opening of a battle extending over some miles of front.

It was wrought among hundreds of German troops occupying the hill a most terrifying effect on the German lines both right and left, and concentrated charge, in which our artillery played a most important part, had succeeded up to Sunday night in driving the Germans to their first line of trenches. The explosion of mines in the hill caused the bursting of a volcano. The action is still in progress and advance has been unchecked. Hundreds of German prisoners already come in, and everything is done to the enemy's losses being even than those at Neuve Chapelle.

At all points we have given the Germans a disagreeable taste of our fire. Their attitude is one of dejection. Their aeroplanes are busy being bombarded of open towns, and they are carefully chased away from the proximity of our fighting by the vigilance of our airmen. The accounts for the fact that we are enabled to make our preparations for the attack without news or contact with only scanty news of our movements leaking out."

In advance of French columns moved along both banks of the river in Alsace. On German

GERMANY TO STOP RESCUES

Trawler Is Sunk and Another Coming To Save Lives: Is Driven Off.

LONDON, April 20.—The Admiralty has issued the following statement:

"Yesterday a German submarine torpedoed and sank the trawler Vanilla. The trawler Fermo endeavored to rescue the crew, but was fired at and driven off.

"All the crew of the Vanilla were lost. This killing of fisherfolk for no military purpose should not escape attention. It is the second murder of this character committed within a week. A careful record is kept of these events."

A despatch from Northern France gives another example of German war methods. It says:

"The fierce fighting of a week or so ago at Drei Grachten has inflamed Belgo-German hatred to the highest degree. A frightful example of German vengefulness has just been reported. The Belgians who crossed to the right bank of the Yser were surprised at night and one regiment of men were killed, wounded and made prisoners. A tremendous effort was thereupon made by King Albert's army and finally the Germans were driven back to the old lines, leaving six hundred dead on the field. Taught by experience, the Belgians are organizing a system of night patrols to guard against surprises. Four days ago one of these patrols fell upon them all, as indeed it was their duty to do, or otherwise the alarm would have been given to the enemy. The whole affair was a regular and characteristic episode of the nocturnal warfare that goes on every night along the whole line of trenches from Switzerland to the sea.

"The German commanders determined to make an example that might prevent the sentries from being dealt with in this fashion in the future. Using some incident or other as a pretext, they had a certain number of Belgian prisoners put to death who had been captured in the fighting at Drei Grachten. The number of those 'executed' was far greater than that of the sentries who had been surprised by the Belgians, according to all the rules of war."

FEATS WITH GRENADES.

Three Out of Five Victoria Crosses Gained By Heroic Bomb-Throwers.

LONDON, April 20.—The important part that hand grenades are playing in the western campaign is made evident by the fact that of five awards of the Victoria Cross announced last night, three were for "conspicuous bravery" displayed in the use of these missiles.

Pte. Edward Barker of the First Battalion of the Grenadier Guards, at Neuve Chapelle, ran in front of his grenade company and threw bombs on the enemy with such effect that a very great number of them at once surrendered."

"When the grenade party reached Barber," the report making the awards says, "they found him quite alone and unsupported and with the enemy surrendering all about him."

Lt.-Corpl. Fuller of the Grenadier Guards won his cross in the same battle.

"Seeing a party of the enemy endeavoring to escape along a communication trench," the report says, "Corpl. Fuller ran quite alone toward them and killed the leading man with a bomb. The remainder of the men, nearly 50, finding no means of evading his bombs, surrendered to him."

Lieut. Cyril Gordon Martin, who

PRESSING SOUTHWARD

Russian Column Is Twelve Miles Below Rostok.

German Officers Are In Control of the Austrian Troops Defending Hungary—Russians Are Now In a Tactical Position To Go South Into Hungary or West Towards Cracow—Hindenburg Is Active.

PETROGRAD, April 20.—The foremost Russian column in Hungary was on Saturday a dozen miles below Rostok, towards Cumennoye. It forms the centre of the main Russian southern advance, which is developing slowly and successfully, with fierce infantry fighting. Officers of the Galician army say that they never had such a succession of bloody struggles since the war began.

German officers everywhere control the Austrian tactics. Vast numbers of prisoners, both German and Austrian, are now reaching Kieff. The last consignment included men of the 32nd Prussian Infantry Regiment who began the war in Von Kluck's army, and subsequently fought at Soissons. They were recently brought to Hungary and moved immediately from the train into battle in the southern Carpathians. They are as tired and depressed as the Austrians and declare that they are glad of a rest and grateful for the food and attentions shown them by the Russians.

The weather is now much better throughout the southern battle area, but the roads are still in a deplorable condition. The lower Danube is flooded and the islands in the river are under water. Inside the Roumanian frontier numbers of cattle have been drowned and the villagers are living on the roofs of their houses.

Holding the principal chain of the Carpathians for a distance of 75 miles, the Russians are in a position to launch their troops westward from Peremyshl to Cracow, or down the mountains into Hungary, as they see fit. They will probably move towards both objectives in order to keep the German General Staff at sea as to their actual intentions. The Russians have gained the initiative since the fall of Peremyshl and in strategic parlance this will enable them to force the enemy to conform to their manoeuvres.

There are signs that Von Hindenburg, who is in East Prussia, not in France, contemplates making an attempt this week at a formidable diversion, with the object of counteracting the effect of the hopeless Austro-German position in the Carpathians. This is likely to take place in Suwalki Province, in the region of Mariampol, where a Russian army, westward of the lower Niemen, has for a fortnight past been gaining a succession of sectional victories.

PLANS ARE SHATTERED.

Anglo-Indian Victory Ends German Hopes In the East.

LONDON, April 20.—Germany's dream of conquest in the Far East has been completely crushed. In one of the remotest corners of the earth a handful of British Indian troops has won the most important victory for British arms since the war began.

A Turkish force that attempted to drive the British from the Tigris and Euphrates valleys in Mesopotamia has been disastrously routed. The Turks are in full flight and have abandoned their campaign to drive

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Mr. H. M. P. Deroche will be in Tamworth every Wednesday.

D. R. BENSON

Graduate Ontario Veterinary College,

has opened an office second door south of Express Printing Office, where he may be consulted on all diseases of Domestic Animals. All latest veterinary sciences. Residence: West Street, near Madden's grocery.

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HOW WOUNDS HEAL.

Nature's Processes Play a Large Part In the Operation.

Few people have any idea of the wonderful process by which wounds heal. Stitching, dressing, etc., are important operations, but none of them can make good the damage or replace the loss of tissue in a wound. This is the work of our good friends in the blood, the white corpuscles, the "scavengers," so called because they destroy disease germs.

When a wound is made, a bone broken, a nerve torn, etc., it is chiefly by these corpuscles finding their way out of the blood vessels into the surrounding tissues that the injuries by bullet or bayonet are repaired. The union of broken bones, nerves, skin, etc., is effected by the corpuscles finding their way into the coagulated blood which surrounds the injured parts.

They throw out what are called "processes," become fixed and join each other. A new tissue is thus formed, which becomes endowed with blood

At all points we have been given the mans a disagreeable taste of our al. Their attitude is one of de- sion. Their aeroplanes are busy the bombardment of open towns, they are carefully chased away n the proximity of our fighting s by the vigilance of our airmen, ch accounts for the fact that we enabled to make our prepara- s for the attack without news or est with only scanty news of our eements leaking out."

he advance of French columns uined along both banks of the ht river in Alsace. On German, yesterday, and forced the Ger- is hastily to evacuate Eselbrucke e Metzrail, and to abandon a e amount of war material. A battle is expected to develop in section of the front in the near ure.

he Germans have not acquiesced a good grace in the French occu- on of Les Eparges and continue aunch attacks in an attempt to in lost territory. A fresh attack his position was completely roun- arly yesterday morning.

sort of drawn battle between man and French infantry was ght in the Montmarie wood yes- ay.

he French artillery had the best n artillery duel in the Regnier- e region yesterday.

TROUBLE IN COLLIERIES.

sh Miners Decide To Give Notice Of a Strike.

ONDON, April 20.—A critical sit- on has arisen among the coal ers. Representatives of the Welsh ers have unanimously decided in r of tendering a fortnight's no- of a proposed strike to the min- ers in order to enforce their de- cide for a 20 per cent. increase in es. The Miners' Federation of at Britain will meet to-morrow to de what action they will take to pel the mine-owners to accede to r demand for a similar increase. hat the result of the trouble will ntingh like a national strike of min- ers is considered improbable, it may necessitate Government vention in a very drastic man-

Cotton Being Barred.

ONDON, April 20.—That cotton eing kept out of Germany and ria just as effectively as if it e declared absolute contraband, is tenor of a reply addressed by At- ey-General Simon to a conference chemists and engineers who rais- ed the question whether the action en by the Government was suffi- nt to make it certain that no cot- reaches those countries.

Japan Recalls Cruisers.

ASHINGTON, April 20.—Japan ordered all her warships in the ific waters near the American sts, except those saving the cked cruiser Asama in Turtle e to return to their home stations. ices to that effect were received terday from Tokio at the Japanese assy.

Blackmailer Pleaded Guilty.

NEW YORK, April 20.—John Mer- a, a youth of 19, pleaded guilty terday to a charge of attempted ortion in having written two let- s to Vincent Astor demanding \$500 n penalty of death. Meriella aded guilty also to a charge of rying concealed weapons, a revol- , which he attempted to use, hav- een found in his pocket when as arrested Friday night. He s held in \$2,600 bail on each rge for grand jury action.

awards says, "they found him quite alone and unsupported and with the enemy surrendering all about him."

Le.-Corpl. Fuller of the Grenadier Guards won his cross in the same battle.

"Seeing a party of the enemy endeavoring to escape along a communication trench," the report says, "Corpl. Fuller ran quite alone toward them and killed the leading man with a bomb. The remainder of the men, nearly 50, finding no means of evading his bombs, surren- dered to him."

Lieut. Cyril Gordon Martin, who already possesses the Distinguished Service Order medal, was in com- mand of a grenade-throwing party of six, and, "although wounded, led his party into the enemy's trenches and held back their reinforcements over two hours."

Pte. May of the Scottish Rifles and Pte. Tollerton of the Cameron High- landers were awarded Crosses for rescuing wounded men under fire.

"Pte. Tollerton," according to the report, "carried a wounded officer, while under a heavy fire, to a place of greater safety, although wounded himself. He then struggled back into the firing-line and remained there until his battalion retired, when he re- turned to the wounded officer and lay beside him for three days until both were rescued."

BETWEEN TWO FIRES.

German Officers In Turkey Killed In Battle By Turkish Troops.

PARIS, April 20.—German officers have arrived at Constantinople with- in the past fortnight to take the places of others who have been killed, says The Temps correspondent at Bodegatch.

The Germans have induced the Ottoman Government to pass a special law authorizing superior officers to shoot at sight any officer of inferior grade or private disobeying orders, "but," the despatch continues, "the Turks have succeeded in killing a number of their German masters during battle."

Constable's Close Call.

VANCOUVER, B.C., April 20.—Police Constable R. B. Newington, was shot and then clucked into insensibility by two burglars, surprised by him early yesterday morning robbing a store. They drew guns and he opened fire, but was struck by a bullet above the heart, the bullet being deflected by a tobacco pouch. One burglar at least was struck, as blood- stains were traced for two blocks. Newington will recover.

Austrian Capitals Fortified.

LONDON, April 20.—"A reliable person, who has just arrived from Austria and Hungary," says The Times' Bucharest correspondent, "de- clares that Vienna and Budapest are strongly fortified. On the left bank of the Danube Vienna is protected by long lines of trenches, barricades and barbed wire entanglements. Four- teen million dollars have been spent on fortifications."

\$100 Reward, \$100

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address: F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O., Sol 1 by all Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Anglo-Indian Victory Ends German Hopes In the East.

LONDON, April 20.—Germany's dream of conquest in the Far East has been completely crushed. In one of the remotest corners of the earth a handful of British Indian troops has won the most important victory for British arms since the war began.

A Turkish force that attempted to drive the British from the Tigris and Euphrates valleys in Mesopotamia has been disastrously routed. The Turks are in full flight and have abandoned their campaign to drive the British from the Persian Gulf region.

In their hasty retreat through the desert they left behind a large part of their munitions of war.

The British apparently are now in undisputed possession of the southern part of the ancient kingdom of Nebuchadnezzar. The Kaiser's plans for a new route to the east over a Bagdad-to-the-Gulf railway, have been shattered.

BUSY ELSEWHERE.

Germany I. Likely to Abandon Hope of Invading France.

LONDON, April 20.—Various rum- ors are current regarding the central powers. Austria, through the medium of Venice, is credited with receiving with consternation the news of the extension of the Landsturm service to all classes between the ages of 18 and 50 years, while Rome is sponsor for the statement, attributed to a high German authority, that the German general staff has discarded all plans for an advance on the French front, deciding simply to re- main on the defensive.

A despatch from Rome says the report has caused a deep impression because it is believed to signify that Germany has no hope of penetrating further into French territory.

Blacker Piracy Promised.

BERLIN, April 20.—(Via London).—Referring to the appointment of the captain of the British steamer Thordis as a lieutenant of the naval reserve and the award of a medal to him for ramming a German sub- marine, an official statement issued yesterday says:

"It is therefore shown that the British Government approves of re- wards to its commercial vessels which make attacks on armed vessels con- trary to international law. Such ves- sels may now expect less than ever warning or consideration."

The Pessimist Says:

If Opportunity had enjoyed the ad- vantage of a modern course in busi- ness efficiency it wouldn't leave a man's door after knocking a single time. It would leave one of these in- termittent alarm clocks.—Richmond Times-Dispatch.

Quite Safe.

"What did that man want with you, Henry?"

"He was after my scalp."

"Goodness gracious!"

"Don't be the least bit frightened. He's only a hair specialist."—Balti- more American.

Retribution.

Today the boy who is snoring mother will grow up and marry a woman who will not stand for any pert talk.—New Orleans State.

Opportune.

"Opportune" once signified nothing more than "to be at the harbor." An opportune ship was a ship which had come to port.

broken, a nerve torn, etc., it is chiefly by these corpuscles finding their way out of the blood vessels into the sur- rounding tissues that the injuries by bullet or bayonet are repaired. The union of broken bones, nerves, skin, etc., is effected by the corpuscles find- ing their way into the coagulated blood which surrounds the injured parts.

They throw out what are called "processes," become fixed and join each other. A new tissue is thus form- ed, which becomes endowed with blood vessels. Fibers follow, and these serve to keep the torn tissues of the wound in what is surgically called "opposi- tion."

In this tissue, in the case of a broken bone, bone salts are deposited; where nerves have been torn by a bullet nerve fibers grow, and so on. These fibers in the course of healing contract, and it is by that power of contraction that the edges of a wound are brought to- gether and united.—Pearson's Weekly.

Boys as They Eat.

Jerome K. Jerome in one of his un- consciously sentimental but consciously clever essays remarks:

It is amusing to see boys eat, when you have not got to pay for it. Their idea of a square meal is a pound and a half of roast beef with five or six good sized potatoes (soapy ones preferred, as being more substantial), plenty of greens, and four thick slices of Yorkshire pudding, followed by a couple of currant dumplings, a few green apples, a pen'orth of nuts, half a dozen jumbles and a bottle of ginger beer. After that they play at horses. How they must despise us men, who require to sit quiet for a couple of hours after dining off a spoonful of clear soup and the wing of a chicken!

An Explanation.

The chairman of the program com- mittee was embarrassed. After much choking he said:

"I am very sorry, ladies and gentle- men. I am very sorry indeed, gentle- men and ladies—it gives me deep re- gret, ladies and gentlemen, to be com- pelled, gentlemen and ladies, to come before you with an excursion; but, ladies and gentlemen, the lady who will sing next is not here. We suppose, gentlemen and ladies, that she has been providentially detained." — New York Post.

Details of Elegance.

"Hiram," said Mrs. Cornstossel at the dinner party. "the table decorations were elegant, weren't they?"

"Yes," replied her husband as he pushed his finger bowl away. "There's only one little thing they forgot."

"What's that?"

"They didn't put any goldfish in the little aquariums."—Washington Star.

Effects of Love.

Willie—Paw, does love make the world go round? Paw—I guess it does, my son. I had a touch of the disease just before I got married and I have been seasick ever since. Maw—Willie, you go up in the attic and stay there until I call you.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the
Signature of *Dr. J. C. Fitch*

From Girlhood

THE change may be critical and cause untold suffering in after-life. The modern young woman is often a "bundle of nerves"—"high strung"—fainting spells—emotional—frequently blue and dissatisfied with life. Such girls should be helped over this distressing stage in life—by a woman's tonic and nerve—that has proven successful for over 40 years.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription

is a keen enemy to the physical weaknesses of woman. A medicine prepared by regular graduated physician of unusual experience in treating woman's diseases—carefully adapted to work in harmony with the most delicate feminine constitution.

It is now obtainable in liquid or sugar-coated tablet form at the drug store—or send 50 one-cent stamps for a trial box, to Buffalo.

Every woman may write fully and confidentially to Dr. Pierce and his staff of physicians and Specialists at the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y., and may be sure that her case will receive careful, conscientious, confidential consideration, and that experienced medical advice will be given to her free.

DR. PIERCE'S PLEASANT PELLETS regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. Sugar coated, tiny granules easy to take as candy.

to
Womanhood

FROZEN FOODS.

And Why Care Should Be Exercised in Eating Thawed Fish.

Meat will stay fresh if kept at a temperature of 32 degrees F. Not so fish. Putrefaction is due to two causes—micro-organisms, which are present everywhere, and certain ferments normally contained in the flesh, which cause changes in composition and flavor. A temperature of 32 degrees checks the action of the former, but has little effect upon the latter. In the case of meat this has merely a "ripening" effect that improves the flavor and does no harm, but in the case of fish it makes the flesh taste disagreeable, although it may not be unwholesome.

This is why fish that is not marketed perfectly fresh is frozen. In practice 25 degrees F. is regarded as the proper temperature for storing frozen fish. Oysters should not be frozen, and it is held that they may be kept six weeks at a temperature of 40 degrees.

A bulletin of the United States department of agriculture speaks as follows of the possible dangers from eating fish:

"The formation of ptomaines quite generally, although not always, accompanies putrefaction (being greatest, it is said in its early stages), and therefore great care should be taken to eat fish only when it is in perfect condition. Fish which has been frozen and, after thawing, kept for a time before it is cooked is especially likely to contain injurious ptomaines.

"In general it may be said that fish should be considered unfit for food when the eyes have lost their sheen, the cornea is somewhat cloudy, the gills pale red, when blubber shows at the gills, when the scales are dry or easily loosened or when the meat is so soft that it pressed with the finger the indentation remains. Laying fish in water has been recommended as a means of judging of their condition. Those which sink may be considered undecomposed and wholesome, while those which are decomposing will float."

PERSIA'S DEVIL PLANT.

It Is Death to the Animal It Grips With Its Claws.

The devil plant they call it in Persia, and well they may, for it is more deadly to the flocks and herds that play so

CAMPHOR'S TRAIL OF BLOOD.

The Cost in Human Lives For Gathering the Pungent Drug.

Every drop of camphor you use is estimated to have cost at least its weight in human blood. There are few things which demand a heavier toll of lives than this pungent drug, which is so widely used for keeping moths out of our clothes and for making liniments and other remedies.

The reason for this is that the mountainous parts of the island of Formosa, from which the world gets most of its camphor, are inhabited by head hunting savages, whom the successive invaders of the island have been unable to subdue.

These savages are quite alive to the value of the camphor trees and fiercely oppose all attempts to get possession of the forests. Their hostility makes the gathering of camphor a most hazardous occupation and one in which a loaded rifle is the most indispensable tool.

Since the Japanese took the island after their successful campaign against China in the nineties they have been carrying on a carefully conceived plan of gradual penetration of the valuable camphor regions. They make paths six feet in width through the virgin forests. At intervals of every 120 yards stands a guardhouse, and every fourth or fifth guardhouse is a small fort, intrenched and defended by barbed wire entanglements, such as are being used on the battle grounds of Europe. Telephonic intercommunication, machine guns and all the resources of western military science are employed, and the lines are pushed gradually forward.

In spite of these elaborate precautions, the loss among the camphor gatherers amounts to hundreds of deaths annually.

It is calculated that Formosa contains about a million camphor trees, some 10,000 of which are cut down every year. At this rate the supply will be exhausted in a hundred years, but when the country is thoroughly pacified there is no doubt that the Japanese will see that reforestation is properly undertaken and an inexhaustible supply insured.

The savages who are making so much trouble are estimated to number about 120,000, and a further twelve years will, it is thought, be required to subdue them.—New York American.

THEY LIKE PRISON LIFE.

A Class of Persons in Japan Who Try to Break into Jail.

In Japan there are people who make sham confessions in order to obtain a period of the comparative warmth and comfort of a Japanese prison. The Japan Mail says: "The police slang of the capital has words to describe and distinguish these persons. 'Meshikui,' or the rice criminal, will steal some small article from a shop front in such a way as to be seen doing it. He then makes a bolt of it, pursued by the master of the shop, or some faithful kozo, but presently allows himself to be caught and handed to the police. He has to 'do time' for his pretended theft, but his rice is secured for a period, and when that period has elapsed he will allow himself to be caught again.

"The 'unandou,' or 'eelbowl' criminal, is wiler than the one just mentioned. He does not actually commit a crime, such as will put him into the convict side of the prison, but allows himself to be found looking in suspicious places, underneath the broad verandas of a temple, or in the garden of a private house. He gets into prison all right, but he secures the more generous treatment of the house of detention, which is to the fare of the convict jail what a dish of eels is to a bowl of plain rice.

"The 'kuruma' is a criminal who makes a sham confession in order to get a free railway ride. Recently a man gave himself up to the police in Sendai as the perpetrator of the crime. He was brought to Tokyo and his story investigated. It was found to be a pure fabrication."

TORPEDO BOAT DESTROYERS.

They Have Many Important Parts to Play in Naval Warfare.

Torpedo boat destroyers, as the name implies, were first built to engage the small torpedo boat, which had become a serious peril to the big battleships and large cruisers.

So serious was the menace that searchlights and rapid fire guns were regarded as unreliable for the protection of these big ships against this smaller craft. It was thus that the destroyer was born, and, with graduation, its duties were extended until they included all that was formerly done by the small torpedo boat, and much more besides.

It is a fact that the modern destroyer is three or even four times as large as one of the earlier type, which naturally renders it much more seaworthy and obviously increases its radius of action, seeing that it is capable of carrying much more fuel.

The objects of a modern torpedo boat destroyer flotilla are many. Perhaps the paramount duty of every vessel in the flotilla is to discharge its torpedoes, should it get near enough, at the enemy's big battleships. But a very important office to fulfill is that of scouting, which comprises locating and reporting the position of the enemy.

Should the enemy make a night attack the destroyers are relied upon to locate and report the position of the attacking fleet's torpedo craft, as well as sink or drive them away before they can force an attack against the bigger battleships.—London Telegraph.

STEAM MOTIVE POWER

WHAT TO TAKE TO W

BRITISH OFFICER OUTLINES NECESSITIES FOR A KIT

London Times Publishes Result Experience of One Who Has Participated In the Present Campaign—Many Articles Deemed Necessary Are Rarely Called For—Field Kit All That is Needed

One of the first questions asked officers who have lately returned the front is usually what to do with their equipment and kit, and the London Times. It is often hard to find somebody who can, from practical experience, and suggestions are offered in the that they may be of some assistance to those who are waiting their for the firing line.

As every officer knows, the weight allowed to be taken in first line transport is only thirty pounds, while a further 100 pounds is permissible as a reserve at base. Much ingenuity is wasted both. The "base kit" is never wanted while the valise, with sleeping bag and other luxuries never used. My advice to all of us, shortly, not to take anything their field kit, and not to rely much on that. A blanket and a tarpaulin sheet for every man are ried in the transport wagons, used whenever possible, but the valise is only valuable for the storage spare pair of boots and a change of underclothing, with possibly the addition of another suit of khaki is far better to rely on the post the frequent replenishment of the like socks and shirts.

Boots must be very strong sound. The soles should be regularly shod with iron, as the going is and there are no chances of getting boots repaired or even nailed. Two spare pairs of socks and a pair of the feet will look after themselves. Boracic powder is no unmixed blessing, as it makes skin too dry; in fact, few men at all, especially nowadays, have everybody's feet are hard to fit.

As regards equipment, a sword is a very uncommon object in the front. It is inconvenient to carry, is awkward to tuck away in a trench and when one is at close quarters with the enemy it is distinctly inferior to a bayonet. I would perforce rather carry a battleaxe, as I prefer a rifle my wants are easily supplied. Most officers nowadays have discarded the "Browne" belt in favor of the ordinary web equipment. The latter not take long to get used to, and many advantages, the chief of which is that it does not make the wearer conspicuous. This, in a war where the losses sustained by the common ranks, is of great importance not only to the individual officer but to the unit to which he has honor to belong. The risks run by an officer are always greater than those of his men, and it is hardly useful to add to them.

The field glasses are best carried in their own strap, while the revolvers can be fastened on the left side of the belt, where it can be easily drawn. The haversack is usually half filled by maps and a note book, a mug, a pipe, and a tobacco pouch while the rest is useful for as a biscuit and chocolate as can be purchased in, provided, of course, that the owner is lucky enough to have. Many officers dispense with all

means of judging of their condition. Those which sink may be considered undecomposed and wholesome, while those which are decomposing will float."

PERSIA'S DEVIL PLANT.

It Is Death to the Animal It Grips With Its Claws.

The devil plant they call it in Persia, and well they may, for it is more deadly to the flocks and herds that play so important a part in their life than is the loco weed to the herds of our southwestern states.

It is in the fall that the devil plant gets in its deadly work. The flowers give place to seed pods with great belly like capsules and long, stiff claws like those of a beast of prey. They are hidden under the brown and yellow leaves, and when a grazing animal—a sheep, a camel, a wild ass or an antelope, for example—browses among the foliage the claws hook themselves into its nostrils. The animal tries to rub them off, but the more it rubs the deeper it forces the clawlike hooks into its skin. Its throat becomes so inflamed that it can neither eat nor drink, and consequently it dies of starvation and pain.

The animal's body lies in the open and decays, and into the decomposing flesh the hundreds of black seeds contained in the capsules of the clawed pod are discharged. For it seems that earth is not rich enough for them and only in decayed flesh can they find enough nourishment.

Drivers of caravans curse the devil plant, for it may cost them many of their beasts when these are turned loose to graze at night. But most of the semiwild beasts that graze in the country have learned to avoid it, even as the American herds have learned to avoid the deadly loco weed.—New York World.

End of the Locomotives.

When railroad locomotives have served their time of usefulness or are badly damaged through accidents they are ordinarily scrapped and disposed of as salvage. This at least is the practice followed by many of the companies which turn over their obsolete equipment of this kind to firms which junk it. After the sheeting is removed from the sides of the locomotive the cutting is done with oxyacetylene torches. Castings, malleable iron and the different grades of metal are separated as the work proceeds.—Popular Mechanics.

Independence.

"Johnny," queried the teacher, "do you know the meaning of independence?"

"Yes, ma'am," answered the little fellow. "It's when you don't owe nobody nothin' an' can look 'em in the eye and tell 'em to go to blazes."—Chicago News.

Handed Him a Jolt.

Sapleigh—They say one should learn from the mistakes he has made and from the foolish things he has done. Miss Keen—if you followed that advice, Mr. Sapleigh, you would be one of the brightest men on earth.—Boston Transcript.

**Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA**

means of judging of their condition. Some, 10,000 of which are cut down every year. At this rate the supply will be exhausted in a hundred years, but when the country is thoroughly pacified there is no doubt that the Japanese will see that reforestation is properly undertaken and an inexhaustible supply insured.

The savages who are making so much trouble are estimated to number about 120,000, and a further twelve years will, it is thought, be required to subdue them.—New York American.

War's Deaths Merely a Trifle.

The total population of the earth is about 1,800,000,000. Annually there are added to it 14,000,000 souls. Every year at least 80,000,000 are born and 60,000,000 or 70,000,000 die. This means a daily birth rate of about 220,000, a death rate of 180,000. The daily increase in population is 40,000. In comparison with this irresistible swelling tide what are the greatest battles, wars or earthquakes but almost microscopic ripples? If we imagine that the power were given to some despot to order a wholesale slaughter and that guillotines were kept busy beheading one man every minute night and day this would add only three-quarters of 1 per cent to the existing death rate!—Scientific American.

Ceremony and Cannon Balls.

There is a tale told about an officer who was conversing with Marlborough during a hot engagement and insisted on taking off his hat and bowing profoundly every time he spoke to the duke. That great man suggested that at such a time they might very well waive all ceremony. But the officer bowed deeply to his commander's suggestion, and just as he was bending down a cannon ball cleared him and took off the head of a comrade. The officer on coming up again and seeing what had happened remarked calmly, "Your grace perceives that one loses nothing by politeness."—London News.

Luring the Bees.

The Arabs and Bedouins of Tripolitania profit by the industry of bees wherever vegetation abounds. At the swarming season empty hives are placed close to the old ones, and a trail of honey laid at each entrance. If a queen is disposed to fly away with her subjects lemon rind is rubbed on a wall near the hive; the quickly diffused, pungent odor attracts the bees, arrests their flight, and the lure of the honey at the portal completes their capture.

In the Trench.

We live in trenches, and so few of us realize it. Life is a trench. Beside us are the jesters and the heroes, the living and the dead. In the intervals of our own escapements we make mud pies and gaze at the stars, or the sun's rays warm us and stir our loves and sentiments and cosmic cravings. We do not fight always in life's trench. Sometimes we lie asleep and dream, while others guard our sense of glory. And we helped to dig it.—Life.

A Spelling Test.

"I prophesy an agreeable ecstasy in perceiving the unparalleled embarrassment of a harassed postilion while gauging the symmetry of a potato peeled by a sibyl." Dictate this sentence and find how many of your friends will be able to spell it aright.—Exchange.

my's big battleships. But a very important office to fulfill is that of scouting, which comprises locating and reporting the position of the enemy.

Should the enemy make a night attack the destroyers are relied upon to locate and report the position of the attacking fleet's torpedo craft, as well as sink or drive them away before they can force an attack against the bigger battleships.—London Telegraph.

STEAM MOTIVE POWER.

It Had Been Used Long Before the Time of Watts and Fulton.

The Marquis of Worcester while imprisoned in the Tower of London in 1656 invented and constructed a perfect steam engine and had it publicly exhibited the same year at Vauxhall in successful operation.

Thirty-four years later, in 1690, Denis Papin added the piston to the marquis' discovery. In 1698 Captain Savary devised and built a steam engine different in many details from those made by Worcester and Papin, and in 1705 Newcomb, Cawley and Savary constructed their celebrated atmospheric engine, which was complete in every detail.

The above array of historical facts notwithstanding, James Watt, who was not born until sixty years after these great men had given the steam engine to the world, enjoys the distinction of being the veritable inventor, originator and author of the most useful contrivance of the present day.

Fulton, who lived and worked in the early part of the nineteenth century, is given the credit of being the man who demonstrated that steam could be applied to navigation—this, too, in face of the well known historical fact that De Gary propelled a vessel by steam in the harbor of Barcelona in 1543.—St. James' Gazette.

Arms and the Woman.

"Did anybody ever see a one armed woman?" asked a gray headed man as he surveyed the afternoon parade. "I never did. Almost every day I meet one armed men, but I have yet to encounter a woman with that pitifully empty sleeve. Are there no women who have suffered that mutilation? If not, why not? And, if so, where are they? Yesterday I heard it argued that there was no cause for a woman to lose an arm; that women do not go to the wars and are not engaged in occupations that are likely to carry away a part of their body. But that reasoning is not sound. Many women work in mills and factories, and they are as liable to accidents in the streets and public conveyances as men. Frequently they figure in these accidents; but, although men in the same situation would lose an arm, women never do. What is the cause of their immunity?"—New York Globe.

Byron at Ostend.

At one time Ostend was a great fortress looking out over the North sea through her menacing loophole upon the sails of Vikings. A century ago Byron made his memorable flight, not from, but to Ostend, in terror of vandal balliffs who were laying siege to his mansion in Piccadilly. The poet made the journey to Dover in his magnificent £500 coach, but had to wait until a storm abated before the mail packet felt it safe to set sail. That Byron was far from seasickness in his crowning "Child Harold's Pilgrimage" testifies.—London Standard.

officer are always greater than of his men, and it is foolhardy useless to add to them.

The field glasses are best carried on their own strap, while the revolver can be fastened on the left side of the belt, where it can be easily drawn. The haversack is usually half filled by maps and a note, a mug, a pipe, and a tobacco pouch while the rest is useful for as a biscuit and chocolate as can be used in, provided, of course, the owner is lucky enough to have many officers dispense with all about three pouches on either side of the belt. With ten rounds in rifle and thirty more in the side pouches, one has as many as is likely to want in a day, and other three pouches can then be used for revolver cartridges, a t. quinine tablets, and another beef tea lozenges or something of kind. A few officers carry a bayonet and entrenching tool, but, they are both most valuable, it is a limit which must be set to weight to be carried. The entrenching tool has undoubtedly saved thousands of lives, and it is a matter for the individual officer whether he will prefer to carry it or rely on casual protection of temporary cover. It must, however, be remembered that one is carrying a revolver glasses in addition to the ordinary equipment.

Lastly, as to the "pack," that important article of one's equipment. Opinions differ as to whether it is best to carry a greatcoat or a "berry," though personally I prefer the latter, together with a waistcoat, as they do not take more room and the weight is the same. Washing and shaving requisites are carried in the pack together with the canteen, which has a meat ration or its equivalent. The rest is filled with odds and ends, spare pairs of socks, a handkerchief, tape plaster, a Balaklava helmet, short muffler, the emergency ration and a pair of gloves or mittens. It is all one can conveniently carry, at first it is quite heavy enough. Weight is the great enemy against which one has to contend, and an additional ounce must be avoided. When one is marching and digging and fighting these are three strong inducements to keep the weight down to its lowest limits.

Before Spoons Were.

The domestic spoon probably owes its origin to the shell rather than the human hand. Shells of the mussel, scallop and oyster, it is believed were used in prehistoric times as spoons and ladles, the handle being formed of a piece of wood split at one end to hold the shell firmly. Savage nations make similar spoons up to the present day.

Whitening Linen.

To whiten unbleached table linen or muslin or other unbleached articles, boil them in blue water such as is used for rinsing. After they are thoroughly scalded remove from the boiler and hang them on the line without rinsing. The next wash will remove the bluing.

Heard at the Hay Baler.

"A good laugh is sunshine in a home," remarked the proverb dispenser.

"Yes," rejoined the hopeless idler, "but at that it isn't as stable as horse laugh. What?"—Indianapolis Star.

A Squelcher.

He (feeling his way)—Would you be married if you were I? She—I do believe I could—if I were you.—Boston Transcript.

WHAT TO TAKE TO WAR

BRITISH OFFICER OUTLINES THE NECESSITIES FOR A KIT.

London Times Publishes Results of Experience of One Who Has Participated in the Present Campaign—Many Articles Deemed Necessary Are Rarely Called For—Field Kit All That is Needed.

One of the first questions asked of officers who have lately returned from the front is usually what to do with their equipment and kit, remarks the London Times. It is often very hard to find somebody who can speak from practical experience, and these suggestions are offered in the hope that they may be of some assistance to those who are waiting their turn at the firing line.

As every officer knows, the trial weight allowed to be taken in the first line transport is only thirty-five pounds, while a further 100 pounds is permissible as a reserve at the rear. Much ingenuity is wasted over this. The "base kit" is never seen wanted while the valise, with its sleeping bag and other luxuries, is ever used. My advice to all officers is, shortly, not to take anything but their field kit, and not to rely very much on that. A blanket and a waterproof sheet for every man are carried in the transport wagons, and used whenever possible, but the valise is only valuable for the storage of a spare pair of boots and a change of underclothing, with possibly the addition of another suit of khaki. It is far better to rely on the post for the frequent replenishment of things like socks and shirts.

Boots must be very strong and sound. The soles should be regular-shod with iron, as the going is bad and there are no chances of getting boots repaired or even nailed. With two spare pairs of socks and some of the feet will look after themselves. Boracic powder is not an unmixed blessing, as it makes the feet too dry; in fact, few men use it at all, especially nowadays, when everybody's feet are hard to fit.

As regards equipment, a sword is very uncommon object in the field. It is inconvenient to carry, is very awkward to tuck away in a trench, and when one is at close quarters with the enemy it is distinctly inferior to a bayonet. I would personally far rather carry a battleaxe, but I prefer a rifle my wants are more easily supplied. Most officers nowadays have discarded the "Sam Brown" belt in favor of the ordinary web equipment. The latter does not take long to get used to, and has many advantages, the chief being that it does not make the wearer so conspicuous. This, in a war which more than usually remarkable for the losses sustained by the commissioned ranks, is of great importance, not only to the individual officer, but to the unit to which he has the honor to belong. The risks run by an officer are always greater than those of his men, and it is foolhardy and useless to add to them.

The field glasses are best carried on their own strap, while the revolver is fastened on the left side of the belt, where it can be easily drawn. The haversack is usually filled by maps and a notebook, mug, a pipe, and a tobacco pouch, while the rest is useful for as much scuit and chocolate as can be packed in, provided, of course, that its owner is lucky enough to have any. Officers dispense with all but out three pouches on either side of the belt. With ten rounds in the

THE MARKETS

CHICAGO, April 19.—Despite a late setback caused by reports that negotiations between Italy and Austria had been broken off, the wheat market today finished 1/4c to 3c above Saturday night. Fulfillment of predictions of a big falling off in the domestic supply had much to do with the strong upward movement of prices the greater part of the session. Corn closed 1/4c to 1/2c net higher, oats 1/4c to 1/2c down and provisions up 1/4c to 25c.

TORONTO GRAIN MARKET.

Wheat, fall, bushel.....	\$1 40 to \$1 55
Goose wheat, bushel.....	1 30 to 1 35
Buckwheat, bushel.....	0 85 to 0 90
Barley, bushel.....	0 83 to 0 84
Peas, bushel.....	1 25 to 1 35
Oats, bushel.....	0 64 to 0 65
Rye, bushel.....	1 15 to 1 20

TORONTO DAIRY MARKET.

Butter, creamery, lb. eq.....	0 35 to 0 37
Butter, creamery, solids.....	0 33 to 0 35
Cheese, new, large.....	0 18 1/2 to 0 19
Cheese, twins.....	0 19 1/2 to 0 19 3/4
Eggs, new-laid.....	0 21 to 0 22
Honey, new, lb.....	0 12 to 0 13

WINNIPEG GRAIN MARKET.
WINNIPEG, April 19.—May wheat was sold this forenoon at \$1.61 1/2, which exceeds all previous records for 1914 crops. July wheat was bid at \$1.61 1/2, which is only 1/4c under the previous record of \$1.62 for this month on Feb. 3. Later higher figures were touched for May. Trading in futures was light and chiefly in the speculative element. There was little or no cash demand for wheat on the local market, while for oats there was a fair enquiry, and a few cars changed hands. Flax was dull, practically nothing being offered on the cash market. No new business in export was reported.

Total inspections on Saturday were 297 cars, as against 391 cars last year, and in eight today were 345 cars. Wheat futures closed 2 1/4c to 3 1/4c higher, cash 2 1/4c to 2 1/2c higher for contract grades, oats 1/4c to 1/2c higher, and flax 1/4c to 1c higher.

MONTREAL GRAIN MARKET.
MONTREAL, April 19.—There was some demand from foreign buyers for Manitoba spring wheat today and sales of a few odd loads were made for near-by shipment, but the prices bid for future shipment continue to be out of line. The tone of the local market for coarse grains is firm, but there is no improvement in the volume of business, the demand being still limited from both local and outside buyers. In flour the feeling is strong with a better business doing for export account, but the local trade is quiet. The trade in millfeed is rather slow.

Butter is fairly active and firm. Cheese is quiet. Demand for eggs good. Dressed hogs have advanced 25c per cwt.

MINNEAPOLIS GRAIN MARKET.
MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., April 19.—Wheat—No. 1 hard, \$1.34; No. 1 northern, \$1.32 1/2; No. 2, \$1.31 1/2; No. 2 northern, \$1.55 to \$1.60; May, \$1.67 1/2. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 72c to 73 1/4c. Oats—No. 3 white, 54c to 55c. Flour—Fancy patents, \$7.90; first clears, \$6.50; second clears, \$4.90.

DULUTH GRAIN MARKET.
DULUTH, Minn., April 19.—Close—Wheat—No. 1 hard, \$1.63 1/2; No. 1 northern, \$1.62 1/2; May, \$1.61 1/2 bid; July, \$1.59 1/2; Sept., \$1.25 1/4.

CATTLE MARKETS

UNION STOCK YARDS.
TORONTO, April 19.—Receipts of live stock at the Union Yards were 1910 cattle, 340 hogs, 34 sheep and lambs and 34 calves.

Butchers' Cattle.
Choice heavy export steers, \$6.50 to \$6.75; and one load at \$7.35; choice butchers' steers and heifers, \$6.25 to \$7.50; good steers and heifers, \$6.25 to \$7.15; medium steers and heifers, \$6.00 to \$6.90; common at \$6.25 to \$6.50; choice cows, \$6.25 to \$6.50; good cows at \$6 to \$6.25; medium cows at \$5.50 to \$5.75; common cows at \$5 to \$5.50; canners and cutters at \$3.75 to \$4.75; bulls at \$5.50 to \$6.75.

Stockers and Feeders.
Feeders, 800 to 900 lbs., sold at \$6.25 to \$6.85; feeders, 600 to 800 lbs., sold at \$6 to \$6.50; stockers, 500 to 600 lbs., at \$5.50 to \$5.75.

Milkers and Springers.
Choice fresh cows and forward springers sold at \$50 to \$91 each, and medium to good at \$50 to \$62; common at \$40 to \$50.

Veal Calves.
The market for veal calves was a little stronger. Choice calves, \$8 to \$10; medium, \$6 to \$8; common, \$4 to \$6.

TWO OUT OF HELL NO TORMENT THERE

The Bible Hell Not the Theological Hell.

Jonah's Escape From Hell—Jesus Was Delivered From Hell—Everybody Goes to the Bible Hell—Jesus Redeemed All From It—Hence All Are to Come Out of It—The Rich Man and Lazarus.



PASTOR RUSSELL

Boston, April 11.—Pastor Russell spoke here to-day. We report his discourse on Luke 16:23, "In Hell he lifted up his eyes."

By way of introduction the Pastor explained that the Old Testament tells us that at death all mankind go to Sheol—the tomb; and that the New

Testament tells the same story, using the Greek word Hades as the equivalent of the Hebrew Sheol; but that in modern translation of the Bible difficulty is encountered. Nearly all modern translations have been made within the last five centuries. For thirteen centuries before, the Bible had been little known. During that period grievous wolves had entered the flock of God, as the Apostles had foretold.—Acts 20:26-31.

When Bible study revived, the errors which had crept in were so entrenched in men's minds that the translators of the Bible unconsciously gave little twists in their endeavor to have it say what they thought it meant. Only when it was impossible to translate the word Sheol as Hell did they give it a true meaning—the tomb. But do their best, they could so translate only less than half the whole number of its occurrences. The Revised Version retains the words Sheol and Hades, leaving the reader to discover their meaning.

Two Escapes From Hell.

The Pastor then told of several who escaped from Hell. The Prophet Jonah was in the fish's belly for parts of three days. He calls it his tomb-belly, a sheol-belly: Jesus tells us that Jonah's experiences typified His own—that as Jonah was in the sheol-belly of the fish, so Jesus would be in the sheol of earth. St. Peter shows that this was prophesied of Jesus, saying, "Thou wilt not leave My soul in Hades"—the tomb. He declares that God fulfilled this by raising Jesus from the dead.—Acts 2:27.

Whoever gets the proper focus will see that all, good and bad, go down to the tomb—to Sheol, Hades, called in our Bibles Hell. The Scriptures distinctly tell that "the dead know not anything"; that "there is neither wisdom, nor knowledge, nor device, in Sheol, whither thou goest"—whither all go; that "the wages of sin is death"; and that "the soul that sinneth shall die." There is nothing in the Bible for the commonly accepted thought that those who die go to Heaven or Purgatory or eternal torment. In this connection the speaker carefully explained that the term Gehenna, also translated Hell in a Scripture, is a

WOMEN WHO ARE ALWAYS TIRED

May Find Help in This Letter.

Swan Creek, Mich.—"I cannot speak too highly of your medicine. When



through neglect or overwork I get run down and my appetite is poor and I have that weak, languid, always tired feeling, I get a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and it builds me up, gives me strength, and restores me to perfect

health again. It is truly a great blessing to women, and I cannot speak too highly of it. I take pleasure in recommending it to others."—Mrs. ANNIE CAMERON, R.F.D., No. 1, Swan Creek, Michigan.

Another Sufferer Relieved.

Hebron, Me.—"Before taking your remedies I was all run down, discouraged and had female weakness. I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and used the Sanative Wash, and find today that I am an entirely new woman, ready and willing to do my housework now, where before taking your medicine it was a dread. I try to impress upon the minds of all ailing women I meet the benefits they can derive from your medicines."—Mrs. CHARLES ROWE, R.F.D., No. 1, Hebron, Maine.

If you want special advice write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., (confidential) Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

A LAND OF EXTREMES.

Peru's Violent Contrasts in Climate, Altitude and Scenery.

Were I to be exiled and confined for the rest of my life to one country, I should choose Peru.

Here is every altitude, every climate, every scene. Coastal Peru is an Egypt, central Peru a Tibet, eastern Peru a Kongo country. The lifeless desert and the teeming jungle, the hottest lowlands and the bleakest highlands, heaven piercing peaks and rivers racing through canyons—all are of Peru.

Here one meets with the highest civilization, the highest mines, the highest steamboat navigation. The crassest heathenism flourishes two days in the saddle from noble cathedrals, and the bustling ports are counterpoised by secluded inland towns where the past lies miraculously preserved, like the mummy of the saint in a crypt.

In the year 2000, when the Tyrol and the Abruzzi, Dalmatia and Carinthia, have lost their old world character, travelers may be seeking the towns hidden away in the Andes—Cajamarca, Huancavelica, Andahuaylas and Ayacucho—for rare bits of lustrous medieval life unharmed by the breath of modernism.—From "South of Panama," by Edward Alsworth Ross, in

men, and it is foolhardy and less to add to them. The field glasses are best carried on their own strap, while the revolver is fastened on the left side of the belt, where it can be easily drawn. The haversack is usually filled by maps and a notebook, a pipe, and a tobacco pouch, while the rest is useful for as much fruit and chocolate as can be packed in, provided, of course, that its owner is lucky enough to have any. Officers dispense with all but three pouches on either side of the belt. With ten rounds in the magazine and thirty more in the right magazine pouch, one has as many as one likely to want in a day, and the other three pouches can then be used for revolver cartridges, a tin of nine tabloids, and another with tea lozenges or something of the kind. A few officers carry a bayonet trenching tool, but, though they are both most valuable, there is a limit which must be set to the amount to be carried. The trenching tool has undoubtedly saved thousands of lives, and it is a matter of individual opinion whether he prefers to carry it or rely on the usual protection of temporary cover. Must, however, be remembered that one is carrying a revolver and uses in addition to the private's ordinary equipment.

Lastly, as to the "pack," that most important article of one's equipment. Opinions differ as to whether it is better to carry a greatcoat or a "Burrito," though personally I prefer the latter, together with a woolen stocaf, as they do not take up so much room and the weight is about the same. Washing and shaving requisites are carried in the pack, together with the canteen, which holds meat ration or its equivalent. The pack is filled with odds and ends, like pairs of socks, a handkerchief, a plaster, a Balaklava helmet, a rt muffer, the emergency ration in a pair of gloves or mittens. That all one can conveniently carry, and first it is quite heavy enough. The pack is the great enemy against which one has to contend, and every additional ounce must be avoided. When one is marching and digging, fighting these are three strong arguments to keep the weight down to its lowest limits.

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To whiten unbleached table linen, wash in or other unbleached article, boil them in blue water such as used for rinsing. After they are thoroughly scalded remove from the water and hang them on the line out rinsing. The next washing remove the bluing.

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"A good laugh is sunshine in the day," remarked the proverb dispenser.

"Yes," rejoined the hopeless idiot, "but that it isn't as stable as a laugh. What?" — Indianapolis

A Squelcher.

(feeling his way)—Would you get fed if you were I? She—I don't know I could—if I were you.—Boston script.

medium steers and heifers, \$6.60 to \$6.90; common at \$6.25 to \$6.50; choice cows, \$6.25 to \$6.50; good cows at \$6 to \$6.25; medium cows at \$5.50 to \$5.75; common cows at \$5 to \$5.50; canners and cutters at \$3.75 to \$4.75; bulls at \$5.50 to \$6.75.

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Choice fresh cows and forward springers sold at \$50 to \$91 each, and medium to good at \$50 to \$65; common at \$40 to \$50.

Veal Calves.

The market for veal calves was a little stronger. Choice calves, \$9 to \$10; good calves, \$7 to \$8; medium calves, \$5 to \$6; common calves at \$4 to \$5; bob calves, \$2 to \$2.50 each.

Sheep and Lambs.

Sheep, light ewes, \$7 to \$7.50; heavy sheep, ewes, \$5.50 to \$6.50; rams, \$6 to \$7; spring lambs, \$5 to \$6; yearling lambs, 90 lbs., at \$11; heavyweight yearlings, \$9 to \$10.

Hogs.

Selects, weighed off cars, sold at \$9 for the bulk of sales, but \$9.25 was also paid in one or two instances.

MONTREAL LIVE STOCK.

MONTREAL, April 19.—At the Montreal Stock Yards, west end market, although receipts were light, they were ample to fill all requirements. Demand from packers for supplies was fair, and sales of full loads of choice steers were made at \$7.75, good at \$7.25, while choice cows brought \$6.25 per 100 pounds, but the demand from butchers for small lots was limited, as most of them now are buying dressed beef, owing to the falling off in the consumption.

The feature of the small-meat trade was the good demand for calves, of which supplies were ample, and sales were made at from \$2.50 to \$12 each, as to size and quality. The trade in sheep and lambs was very quiet, owing to the limited number available on the market, and prices ruled firm. Hogs were unchanged, but firm, with a good demand from packers, and sales of selected lots were made at \$9.50 to \$9.60, sows at \$7.50 to \$7.60, and stags at \$4.75 to \$4.80 per 100 pounds, weighed off cars.

Butchers' cattle, choice, \$7.75 to \$8; do., medium, \$6.50 to \$7.25; do., common, \$5 to \$6; canners, \$3.50 to \$4; butchers' cattle, choice cows, \$6.25 to \$6.50; do., medium, \$5.50 to \$6; do., bulls, \$5.50 to \$6.75; milkers, choice, each, \$65 to \$70; do., common and medium, each, \$55 to \$60; springers, \$45 to \$50.

Sheep, ewes, \$5.75 to \$6; bucks and culls, \$5.25 to \$5.50.

Lambs, \$8.25 to \$9.25.

Hogs, off cars, \$9.50 to \$9.60.

Calves, \$2.50 to \$12.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

CHICAGO, April 19.—Cattle—Receipts 18,000. Market firm. Beefsteaks, \$6.25 to \$6.65; cows and heifers, \$3.10 to \$3.30; calves, \$5.75 to \$6.25.

Hogs—Receipts 22,000. Market weak. Light, \$7.40 to \$7.80; mixed, \$7.35 to \$7.75; heavy, \$7 to \$7.65; rough, \$7 to \$7.20; pigs, \$5.50 to \$7; bulk of sales, \$7.50 to \$7.65.

Sheep—Receipts 12,000. Market strong. Native, \$7.60 to \$8.70; lambs, native, \$8.40 to \$10.85.

Negro Hanged for Murder.

SYDNEY, N.S., April 20. — John West, colored, was hanged yesterday morning for the murder of Miss Cassie Dunn, of North Sydney, last December. He was executed at the county jail at 6.15 o'clock. Death was instantaneous. Holmes was executioner.

West walked to the scaffold unassisted. He protested his innocence to the last. He did not sleep during the night, and refused breakfast.

A Financier.

"Why did you give that \$10 you owed me back before the entire company?"

"So as to re-establish my credit with the others."—Philadelphia Ledger.

Worse Off.

Clerk—I would like to marry. Mr. Broker, but on my salary I cannot. Junior Partner—Well, I could on your salary, but I can't on my share of the profits.—Chicago News.

Be sure to put your feet in the right place, then stand firm.—Lincoln.

down to the tomb—to Sheol, Hades, called in our Bibles Hell. The Scriptures distinctly tell that "the dead know not anything"; that "there is neither wisdom, nor knowledge, nor device, in Sheol, whither thou goest"—whither all go; that "the wages of sin is death"; and that "the soul that sinneth shall die." There is nothing in the Bible for the commonly accepted thought that those who die go to Heaven or Purgatory or eternal torment. In this connection the speaker carefully explained that the term Gehenna, also translated Hell, is a Scripture symbol of the Second Death.

The Rich Man In Hell.

The remainder of the discourse was a very reasonable interpretation of the parable of The Rich Man and Lazarus. The Pastor holds that the story is a parable, not a literal statement. He considers it unreasonable to suppose that, without a word being said as to his character, a man should be roasted eternally simply because he was well-fed and well-dressed; or, on the other hand, that sores and destitution are qualifications for Heaven.

He then suggested that the Rich Man represents the Jewish nation, rich in Divine promises. Their spiritual table was bountifully supplied. To them belonged the promises of the Kingdom, represented by the purple of royalty. Theirs was the "fine linen" of typical justification, accomplished on their annual Atonement Day. In A. D. 70, the Jewish nation died, and ever since has been in Hades, although the Jews have been very much alive and have suffered many things, especially amongst professed Christians of the Tare class.

Lazarus represents Gentiles who desired God's favor, but were "aliens from the commonwealth of Israel." They had no table of Divine blessings, no promise of royalty, no white linen of typical justification. These things belonged to the Jews exclusively until his national rejection and the subsequent receiving of the Gentiles.

As the Jew died to his favor, so the Gentile died to his disfavor. As angels carried Lazarus to Abraham's bosom, so the early Jewish Church, God's messengers, received believing Gentiles into full fellowship as brethren. Thus figuratively Lazarus was taken into Abraham's bosom—"treated as his child."—Galatians 3:8, 16, 29.

The Rich Man represented two tribes—Judah and Benjamin. In the same proportion the five brethren would represent the other ten tribes. That only Israelites could be meant is shown in the statement, "They have Moses and the Prophets." The Gentiles had them not. The name "dogs" was one which Jews commonly gave to Gentiles. See Mark 7:25-29.

Who cannot see in this beautiful parable a teaching in full harmony with God's Wisdom, Justice, Love and Power! May our eyes of understanding open wide to a true knowledge of God's Word!

Experienced.

Mrs. Hitherto—Have you an experienced maid? Employment Agent—I can send you one who's had, so much experience she can break steel enamel picnic dishes.—Puck.

What a good thing it is for most of us that money is not the only thing that will purchase happiness!

Shiloh²⁵
The family remedy for Coughs and Colds. Small dose. Small bottle. Best since 1870.

bursting ports are counterpoised by secluded inland towns where the past lies miraculously preserved, like the mummy of the saint in a crypt.

In the year 2000, when the Tyrol and the Abruzzi, Dalmatia and Carinthia, have lost their old world character, travelers may be seeking the towns hidden away in the Andes—Cajamarca, Huancavelica, Andahuaylas and Ayacucho—for rare bits of lustrous medieval life untarnished by the breath of modernism.—From "South of Panama," by Edward Alsworth Ross, in Century Magazine.

Don'ts.

Don't attempt to punish all your enemies at once. You can't do a large business with a small capital. Don't say "I told you so." Two to one you never said a word about it. Don't worry about another man's business. A little selfishness is sometimes commendable. Don't imagine that you can correct all the evils in the world. A grain of sand is not prominent in a desert. Don't mourn over fancied grievances. Hide your time and real sorrow will come. Don't throw dust in your teacher's eyes. It will only injure the pupil. Don't worry about the ice crop. Keep cool and you will have enough. Don't borrow a coach to please your wife. Better make her a little sulky. Don't imagine that everything is weakening. Butter is strong in this market. Don't publish your acts of charity. The Lord will keep the account straight. Don't color meerschaums for a living. It is simply dyeing by inches.—Mark Twain.

Hardly an Improvement.

Duncan's wife had the reputation of being a first class shrew. When Duncan died his neighbors put a tombstone over his grave, with the epitaph, "Asleep in Peace."

Widow Duncan was wild. It was meant as a slam at her, and she knew it was. It meant that she did not let him sleep in peace when alive.

The neighbors assured her that it was not meant that way.

"Then it ought to say so."

To please her they got a stonemason to add, "We all believe that he did have peace here—when he slept."

Most Restful Position.

Sitting in a chair or reclining on a lounge is not the most restful position, though it does ease certain portions of the anatomy. But why leave others strained? If a person must stand much the best rest is obtained by lying for a few minutes on the back, with the feet higher than the head. This eases strain on the overtaxed leg muscles and those of the feet also.—Chicago News.

Why They Never Buy Havanas?

"What kind of cigars do you wish to give your husband, madam—Havanas or domestic?"

"Oh, domestic, by all means! I'm giving them to him to encourage him to spend his evenings at home, you know."—Judge.

Gather Ye Roses While Ye May.

"Gerald and Vanessa are to be married. I get the credit for making the match."

"Take all the credit you can get, my dear. In a few years they may perhaps be giving you the blame."—Pittsburgh Post.

In the day of your prosperity be joyful, but in the day of adversity console.

Special Sale of Furniture For Balance of April.

Beautiful Dresser—with large Bevel Plate Glass Mirror, Mahogany finish reduced from \$18.00 to **\$13.00**

Solid Oak Bedroom Suit—with Serpentine Dresser and Stand, large Bevel Plate Mirror, beautifully finished in Golden Oak, complete suite **\$31.00**

We also have Bed Room Furniture as low as **\$14.00** for complete suite.

Three Piece Living-Room Suit, Imitation Leather \$40
(For Next Week Only.)

JUDSON'S Furniture Store

THE PLAZA BARBER SHOP and TOBACCO STORE.

We think we can please you.
TRY US.

Cigars, Tobaccos, Pipes, Etc.

PAUL KILLORIN, - Proprietor.

ROYAL HOTEL BARBER SHOP
HARRY SCOTT, Proprietor.

Everything Neat and Sanitary.
Best of Service Guaranteed.

GIVE US A CALL.



Eyes Right !

This Command is often given these war times.

What is more important is to have your eyes right at all times, and it is the business of our Optical Department to make them so.

Consult H. E. Smith about your eyes, have them scientifically tested. The latest appliances for making examinations.

Smith's Jewelry Store

Trees ! Trees ! Trees !

All kinds of Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Evergreens, Small Fruits, Roses, Shrubs, Climbers, etc. Everything in the Nursery line. Send list of your wants to our nursery. Free catalogue.

BAYONET CHARGES.

Hand to Hand Conflicts Are Rare Upon the Field of Battle.

In a talk about military methods in warfare General Stephen M. Weld, in discussing stories of bayonet charges, said:

"I do not know of a single case in our war where bayonets were actually crossed. I heard of one or two, but I never happened to see one.

"In the numerous charges made by our corps in the Wilderness campaign the only one we ever made successfully was on the 17th of June. One division had already charged and been repulsed. Our division was then ordered to make a charge across a plain some 200 yards wide. Colonel Gould had command of the division, which placed the brigade in my hands

"Before charging the men were ordered to remove the caps from their guns and when they did charge were told to leg it like blazes, which they did. In almost no time we were over the 200 yards, subjected to a storm of shell and cannister and only one volley from the infantry in the enemy's trenches. One-half of the men in our regiment were lost in this charge.

"Here was a case where you would suppose we might have crossed bayonets. On the contrary, the Confederates fled, the same as we would have done had we been attacked. We captured their knapsacks and everything they had in the trenches just as they were."—Exchange.

A FAMOUS DETECTIVE.

Vidocq Was a Notorious Thief Before He Joined the Police.

Modern detectives, as a rule, are fitted for their work by a long course of police training. But not so Vidocq, the great French detective, who was born in Aras in 1775. He began life as a baker and early became the terror of his companions by his athletic frame and violent disposition. At the same time he was a notorious thief, and after many disgraceful adventures he enlisted in the army.

In 1790 he returned to Paris with

Women's Patriotic Service and Red Cross Work

Through the Daughters of the Empire.



University Base Hospital,
University of Toronto.

A most appreciative and very gratifying acknowledgement of the case sent last week to the ladies' committee of the above hospital has been received, which should prove most encouraging to our workers, and be productive of a still greater response—as so many here and in the vicinity have been, or are, still associated with the University of Toronto.

The University Supply Association,
Toronto, April 16th.

My Dear Mrs. Harshaw,

I wish you could have seen the joy of our committee when we unpacked the case from the "United Empire Loyalists" Chapter, I.O.D.E., of Napanee.

The kit-bags are beautiful, as indeed is everything else in the case—the packing committee particularly appreciate the neat bundles of bandages, and also the list enclosed.

With renewed thanks, I remain,

Yours truly,

EDITH E. HENDERSON.

The French National Relief Committee.

Do not forget to send in whatever any of our workers, or friends, can spare in the way of clothing, etc., for our French allies, which also include Belgians, many of whom have become refugees to safer parts of France.

Store-rooms and attics should yield something of use to these distressed people! Send all in to our room, when we will pack and ship.

The Committee begs to acknowledge with many thanks Mrs. A. L. McTear's beautiful knitting of socks recently received from Bath. Also appreciative thanks to Mrs. Alma Alkenbrack, of Tamworth, for 5 pair socks, 1 pair of wristlets, 1 muffler, knit by Glenn Wagar, a boy of nine, all from wool furnished—and a donation of a piece of print given by a lady to assist in making quilts, etc.

A very pleasant and profitable hour was spent over the tea-cups last Thursday. These interesting work-meetings continue each Thursday afternoon. Come and enjoy them with us! The committee room is also open every Saturday afternoon from 2.30 to 5.30 o'clock.

Calf meals.

Bibby's Royal Purple and International. All fresh.

MADOLE HARDWARE CO.

ARBOUR DAY.

Arbour Day is not observed in Canada to the extent which its importance warrants.

The people of Canada must ever keep in mind their dependence upon her forests. With large areas suitable only for forestry purposes, it is essential that the value of trees and their

HOW PLEASANT IT IS !

By A. IRENE COWAN.

How pleasant, how divinely fair,
Is springtime's embracing air!
When the soul is led beside still

And restored to peace and joy,
There your intellectual powers em
None to disturb you, none to ai

Go along the river's bank,
And list to David's melodious
The chords pealing forth from

Once the immortal breathes o
Now love embellishes, where onc

And the soul's windows ope to
Strewn in the Evergreen path,

Along Pine Grove alley,
Are buds of various hue indeed,
Grown in the wildwoods from

Tall pines shade out the heat,
And invites the lovers to enjo

The lovers pause and sing a psalm
Under a ripe mulberry tree:
As they chant, theres a great cal

For on the other side of the sho
Souls list, and remain entranced,
While these two their Lord ai

The worship didn't cease. For lo
In the beauty of holiness they l
Under an arch wreathed in roses.

And there amidst the balm of n
Surrounded in beauty, with Hea
They prayed and praised the G

The scene is passed, but O how i
And how divinely fair!

God speaks to us everywhere,—
In nature, with its charm and be
We ought to praise Him in true fe

Adore Him for His majestic care
And thank Him in our meditatio

PUBLIC LIBRARY BOOKS.

Another large consignment of l has been added to the library among them are some excellent that should be in great demand, there are the following attractive umes for the boys. Others can them to advantage too and deri lot of entertainment and instru from them.

The Search for the Spy.
With French at the Front.
The Air Scout.

The voyages of Captain Scott.
From the Trenches.
A Sturdy Young Canadian.

The Sea-girt Fortress.
With Hunter, Trapper and Sco
The Doings of Troop Five.
Troop Five at Camp.

The following books are of esp interest at the present time and sh be read by everyone who is ende ing to solve the greater problems ing out of the war.

Life of Emperor Francis Joseph
Bismarck, His recollections and miniscences.

Britain as Germany's Vassal,
The Life of Nietzsche,
Trietschke and the Great War,

Nash's War Manual,
Germany's madness.

A thorough acquaintance with-b like the foregoing will quicken i interest in the discussions upon war. The intelligent up-to-date r er will not miss this opportunity.

Then there are a number of e lent books of travel, well written beautifully illustrated. Among t are:—

Africa in Transformation,
Peru a land of contrasts,
Cuba past and present.

A Wanderer in Venice,
From Dublin to Chicago.



Trees ! Trees ! Trees !

All kinds of Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Evergreens, Small Fruits, Roses, Shrubs, Climbers, etc. Everything in the Nursery line. Send list of your wants for prices. Catalogue free.

Agents wanted Everywhere

Apply for terms

J. H. WISNER, Nurseyman,
49-6th PORT HURON, Ontario



We do at it "hammer and tongs" every working day, turning out the best repair work that the Carriage trade can boast of hereabouts. No matter how bad the damage to your conveyance, we can soon put it right for you in a way that will last and give you complete satisfaction. We put into our work energy, experience, and the very best materials, yet we are very moderate in our charges for all kinds of jobs.

J. M. GRAHAM

At Normile's Garage.

Easy Getting Back.

A man named Blue was talking to his friend Brown one night, when the latter casually mentioned Black, a mutual acquaintance.

"Makes me think of an experience Black had a few weeks ago," laughed Jones. "He dreamed that he was an Indian and, getting out of bed, he wrapped a blanket around himself and started to walk through the woods. Woke up about three hours later and found himself ten miles from home and no carfare in sight."

"You don't mean it?" was the amazed rejoinder of Brown. "How in the world did he get back?"

"That was easy," was the cheerful reply of Jones. "He lay down under a tree, dreamed that he was an Indian again and walked back."—Philadelphia Telegraph.

Rheumatism in One Reel.

An old ducky appeared in the doctor's office one morning, plainly very low in his mind.

The doctor, recognizing his old patient, greeted him in his most inspiring manner.

"Well, Elijah, how is the rheumatism these days?"

"Porely, porely, sah!" replied Elijah dejectedly. "Believe me, Marse Doctor, I've jest a morin' picture ob pain!" —Woman's Home Companion.

Videoe Was a Notorious Thief Before He Joined the Police.

Modern detectives, as a rule, are fitted for their work by a long course of police training. But not so Videoe, the great French detective, who was born in Aras in 1775. He began life as a baker and early became the terror of his companions by his athletic frame and violent disposition. At the same time he was a notorious thief, and after many disgraceful adventures he enlisted in the army.

In 1796 he returned to Paris with some money, which, however, he soon squandered. Next he was sentenced at Lille to eight years' hard labor for forgery, but repeatedly escaped, and in 1808 he became connected with the Paris police as a detective.

His previous career enabled him to render important services, and he was appointed chief of the safety brigade, chiefly composed of repleved convicts, which purged Paris of the many dangerous classes. In 1818 he received a full pardon, and his connection with this service lasted until about 1828, when he settled at St. Mande as a paper manufacturer.

Soon after the revolution of 1830 he became a political detective, but with little success. In 1848 he was again employed under the republican government, but he died penniless in 1857. —London Standard.

Queer Pronunciations.

There are many names of places in England that puzzle the stranger. Happisburgh, in Norfolk, for instance, is pronounced "Hazeboro." Abergavenny simply drops a syllable and becomes "Abergenny," and it is alleged that St. Neots sounds more like "Snoots" than anything else. Cirencester seems to vary from "Sister" to "Sizeter." In Suffolk Waldringfield is "Wunnerful" and Chelmondiston "Chimston," while in the adjoining county of Norfolk Hunstanton is "Hunston," and in the west country Badgworthy is "Badgery" and Cornwood "Kernood." Huntingdonshire claims the purest English, but they call Papworth "Parpor." And not far from there a motorist turned upon a rough road and asked the intelligent laborers where it would take him. "That road," said the honest countryman, wiping his brow, "will take you to 'Ell, sir." The courageous motorist went on and found Ellsworth, which is pronounced "Elser." —Manchester Guardian.

Troop Horses' Burdens.

Cavalry are playing an unexpectedly large part in the war, and the weight carried by cavalry horses in the various armies is of interest. The British cavalry is armed with the short Lee-Enfield rifle, the magazine of which holds ten rounds; the sword, which is carried by all ranks except signallers; and the revolver, carried by warrant officers, staff-sergeants, sergeants, trumpeters, and drivers. Each trooper carries one hundred rounds of ammunition in a bandolier over the left shoulder. Lancer regiments carry the lance. Altogether the British troop horse carries 280 pounds.

The Cossack pony carries about 238 pounds. The average weight carried by the Indian troop horse when ready for war is about 266 pounds. The Austrian "troopers" carry a weight of between 294 and 308 pounds, and the average in the French and German armies is about the same.

Tungsten Lamps, 25 and 30c each. Get your supply now. These are a Standard Lamp

MADOLE HARDWARE CO.

Calf meals.

Bibby's Royal Purple and International. All fresh.

MADOLE HARDWARE CO.

ARBOUR DAY.

Arbour Day is not observed in Canada to the extent which its importance warrants.

The people of Canada must ever keep in mind their dependence upon her forests. With large areas suitable only for forestry purposes, it is essential that the value of trees and their protection should be thoroughly impressed upon Canadians.

While Arbour Day is observed in the rural schools, and in some city schools, its recognition by the general public is not as general as it should be.

In the province of Ontario, Arbour Day is celebrated to a limited extent in the schools. This is not sufficient, however. The observance of Arbour Day should be general. There is need in every part of Canada for the education and instruction which Arbour Day represents. The day should be observed as a public holiday, at a time most suited to the climatic conditions of the locality. Public recognition should be given to Arbour Day, and the planting and protection of shade trees, the preparation of flower and vegetable gardens, and the cleaning up of homes and surroundings should be advocated as special duties for the day.

Arbour Day has its justification in the value of trees, from whatever point of view they may be considered. Nothing contributes so much to make the world a pleasant place to live in as trees. The true home feeling is not satisfied without the presence of the trees, with their shelter and shade, their beauty of form and leaf, their blossom and fruit, their varying shades with the passing of the seasons, and their fullness of colour in the autumn days. They also afford homes and shelter for our feathered friends, the birds, during their annual visits to us.

There is nothing which will add beauty and value to a home or the schoolhouse more than the presence of trees; there is likewise nothing which adds more to the comfort of the pedestrian than shade trees on the roadside. The way may be long and dusty, but under the cool shade of the trees relief is found.

It is to be hoped, therefore, that the celebration of Arbour Day will become more general; that the planting and care of trees and shrubs around schoolhouses, homes, public spaces and by roadsides may have the effect of developing a keener appreciation of the value and beauty of trees; and that in thus enlarging the field of Arbour Day activities, greater interest may be created.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

LOW FARES

To Western Canada

Good going every Tuesday
From March to October

TWO MONTHS RETURN LIMIT

125,000 Free Homes

along the

Canadian Northern
Railway

For literature and further
particulars apply to



R.E. McLean
Station Agt.
or E.
McLaughlin
Town Agt.

Freiesleben and the Great War, Nash's War Manual, Germany's madness.

A thorough acquaintance with books like the foregoing will quicken interest in the discussions upon war. The intelligent up-to-date reader will not miss this opportunity.

Then there are a number of excellent books of travel, well written, beautifully illustrated. Among them are:—

Africa in Transformation, Peru a land of contrasts, Cuba past and present, A Wanderer in Venice, From Dublin to Chicago, Longfellow's Country, The Cruise of the Janet, Nichol by Mrs. Robert Louis Stevenson.

Among the Canadian Alps by Burpee.

In the nature study series is a handsome volume entitled "The Roma of the Beaver." There is also a usual percentage of fiction which ways finds its way to the general reader. The members of the board are desirous of getting a better class of books in circulation and with that object in view are purchasing the very best upon the market. It is to be hoped that parents, teachers and reading public generally will show intelligent appreciation of their efforts. It is not to the credit of the patrons of the library that fiction is so popular after by the great majority of everything else.

THE RURAL TELEPHONE

There can be no doubt that a telephone development in the rural community surrounding a town is of great benefit to both town and country.

The Chesley "Enterprise" of April 1st last expresses its satisfaction with the telephone development in the district tributary to Chesley in the following terms:

"Chesley may well be proud of rural telephone connection. There are to-day approximately three hundred such phones which are owned and maintained by farmers. They connect direct with the switchboard of the Bell Company, the farmers paying that company a small annual fee for switching. In this way the farmer obtains intercommunication not only with his neighbor on the same line, but with all phone holders comprising the Chesley Exchange. Long Distance connections are also available when desired. While this development commenced in 1908, when the Orr & Steinhoff line and the Nor Brant Association were organized, the real growth has taken place since 1911 when no less than thirteen local systems have been formed.

"This splendid showing has been brought about by co-operating with the Bell company and illustrates what may be accomplished in other sections where the farmers' phone is lacking. The farmers will go about it in the right way. Until recently, the Chesley farmer lines imposed an extra of 10c on each Long Distance connection. For example, if a Paisley phone holder talked to a farmer on the Chesley line he was charged 25c of which 15c accrued to the Bell Company and 10c to the Chesley line whereas on similar call reversed, the farmer on the Chesley line only paid 15c the regular long distance rate. This meant that the same rate was charged for the same service both ways and the Railway Board insisted that there should be no discrimination. The Bell company charges the same to its own subscribers as to the farmers on all Long Distance business so we think the Chesley lines have adopted a wise course in abolishing this extra charge, thereby making the rate the same to all subscribers. Chesley exchange whether they are Bell or connected on one of the local lines."

Wall paper, the new spring design at Hooper's—Be sure you see the goods before buying elsewhere.

HOW PLEASANT IT IS!

By A. IRENE COWAN.

How pleasant, how divinely fair,
 springtime's embracing air!
 When the soul is led beside still
 (waters,
 and restored to peace and joy.
 Are your intellectual powers employ,
 one to disturb you, none to annoy.

Along the river's bank,
 And list to David's melodious harp,
 Chords pealing forth from Zion's
 [Golden Gate!
 Hence the immortal breathes on the
 (heart,
 Love embellishes, where once was
 [hate,
 And the soul's windows open to it's
 [own mate.

Down in the Evergreen path,
 Along Pine Grove alley,
 Buds of various hue indeed,
 Crown in the wildwoods from
 [nature's seed:
 Pines shade out the heat,
 And invites the lovers to enjoy the
 [treat.

Lovers pause and sing a psalm,
 Under a ripe mulberry tree;
 They chant, there's a great calm,
 Or on the other side of the shore,
 Is list, and remain entranced,
 While these two their Lord adore!

Worship didn't cease. For lo!
 The beauty of holiness they kneel,
 Under an arch wreathed in roses,
 And there amidst the balm of nature
 Rounded in beauty, with Heaven's
 [light above,
 They prayed and praised the God of
 [Love!

Scene is passed, but O how pleas-
 [ant!
 And how divinely fair!
 I speak to us everywhere,—
 Nature, with its charm and beauty,
 Brought to praise Him in true fealty,
 Dore Him for His majestic creation
 I thank Him in our meditation.

PUBLIC LIBRARY BOOKS.

Another large consignment of books
 been added to the library and
 among them are some excellent ones
 should be in great demand. First
 are the following attractive vol-
 ume for the boys. Others can read
 to advantage too and derive a
 of entertainment and instruction
 from them.

Search for the Spy.
 7th French at the Front.
 The Air Scout.
 The voyages of Captain Scott.
 From the Trenches.
 Sturdy Young Canadian.
 The Sea-girt Fortress.
 7th Hunter, Trapper and Scout.
 The Doings of Troop Five.
 Troop Five at Camp.

The following books are of especial
 interest at the present time and should
 be read by everyone who is endeavor-
 ing to solve the greater problems aris-
 ing out of the war.

Life of Emperor Francis Joseph.
 Smarck. His recollections and Re-
 collections.
 Britain as Germany's Vassal.
 The Life of Nietzsche.
 Nietzsche and the Great War.
 Ash's War Manual.
 Germany's madness.
 A thorough acquaintance with books
 like the foregoing will quicken one's
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The intelligent up-to-date read-
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 beautifully illustrated. Among them

Africa in Transformation.
 A land of contrasts,
 Past and present.
 Wanderer in Venice.
 From Dublin to Chicago.
 A fellow's Country.

TOWN COUNCIL.

Council Chamber.
 April 19th, 1915.

Council met in regular session on
 Monday evening.

Owing to illness, Mayor Alexander
 was not present, and Reeve Denison
 occupied the chair.

Present—Councillors Wiseman,
 Waller, Carson, Dickinson, Graham
 and Walters.

The minutes of the last regular ses-
 sion were read and confirmed.

A communication from the Board
 of Education was read asking the
 council for an advance appropriation
 of \$1900.00 on their 1915 estimates.
 The money was needed for payment
 of teachers' salaries, etc. The usual
 yearly requisitions would be sent to
 the council shortly, but as the above
 amount would be needed before the
 next regular session, hence the re-
 quest. The request was granted, and
 the amount so paid, to be charged
 against the 1915 requisitions.

Mr. John English appeared before
 the council board on behalf of Mr.
 Chas. Stevens. It would seem that
 Mr. Stevens thinks that the assess-
 ment on his coal yard property at the
 foot of West street is away to high.
 From what Mr. English stated it
 would appear that Mr. Stevens want-
 ed a fixed assessment of about \$1200.
 The buildings and dock, at present
 was in need of considerable repair and
 if a reasonable arrangement was not
 arrived at this work would not be
 done, and other arrangements would
 be made.

Mr. Stevens is at present in Buffalo,
 and it was decided to leave the ques-
 tion open until Mr. Stevens' return.

Mr. John Towers appeared before
 the council in reference to the opening
 of a road leading to his property on
 the west side of the Newburgh road.

The Streets Committee were instructed
 to take the matter up with the town
 solicitor, and also to investigate, and
 then report to the council at its next
 session.

The Seymour Power Co. in a com-
 munication from the Manager, Mr.
 Chas. Walters, informed the council
 that when their supply of 60 C. P.
 streets lamps were all exhausted they
 would be replaced with 80 C. P. lamps.
 Ordered filed for future reference.

A communication was read from
 Geo. W. Gibbard in reference to the
 strip of land running south between
 office and finishing room. There is
 some doubt as to whether this strip of
 land is a street or whether the land
 belongs to the Gibbard Furniture Co.
 property. Would like the council to
 take such steps as are necessary to
 clean up any doubts in the case.

The matter was referred to the town
 solicitor for an opinion, and if he is
 satisfied this strip of land is a street
 allowance, that the clerk be instructed
 to draft a by-law for the purpose of
 closing said street.

A communication was read from
 the Patriotic Committee, stating that
 owing to the present heavy drain on
 the funds of this committee it is desir-
 ous that all subscription amounts be
 paid in as soon as possible to the sec-
 retary-treasurer. On motion the sum
 of \$400, the balance of the council's
 last year's grant, was ordered paid.

Coun. Carson, reported that his
 committee has had the sludge well at
 the Disposal Works cleaned out.
 During the progress of the work the
 elevating system was put out of com-
 mission. He also reported the flow of
 water into the well still continues.

Coun. Dickinson, chairman of Mar-
 ket and Police Committee, reported
 that according to instructions of coun-
 cil, Chief of Police Graham had been
 taking action in reference to the en-
 forcing of the provisions of the Streets
 By-Law. Chief Graham had a list of
 names of offenders against the by-law

SATURDAY SPECIAL

15c. Selling Event.

To Start the Day off with a Rush, Extra
 Good Bargains are offered in all the
 Various Lines, listed at 15c.

Little Pet finest quality Cashmere for children, colors Cardinal, Sky,
 Cream, Tan, Black, White, in sizes 4 to 7, regular 25c. pair, your
 choice Saturday..... 15c. pair.

Ladies' 25c Pat Hose Supporters 15c.

25c. to 35c. Lawn Corset Covers, with fancy trimmings, all sizes,
 Saturday 15c.

Ladies' 25c. Up-to-date Fancy Collars 15c. each.

The latest in Butterfly Barrettes, extra 15c. each.

25c. Hair Bands in the latest designs 15c. each.

Ladies' White Lisle Thread Vests..... 15c. or 2 for 25c.

Ladies' out size, Fine Gage Hose, regular 25c., now.... 15c. pair.

50c. Ribbon in heavy Sateen, 6½ inches wide..... 15c. yard.

Waist Set Pins, 5 to set, guaranteed, extra 15c. set.

Large Crash Towels..... 15c. each, 25c. pair.

McIntosh Bros'. Tea, Green or Black, ½ pound..... 15c.

Children's Drawers, in fine lawn, all sizes, reg, 25c. now 15c. pair.

Children's Aprons, Dresses and Rompers, in fine serviceable Gingham
 and Print, regular 25c., Saturday..... 15c.

Butter Milk Complexion Soaps, 3 cakes in a box, 2 boxes 15c.

'Phone 228 **McIntosh Bros.** Napanee

offered to do the work for \$3.00 per
 day.

On motion of Coun. Graham and
 Carson the tenders of Thos. Killorin
 and J. S. Chatterton were accepted.

Caretaking of Disposal Works—
 There were three tenders for this job.
 Messrs. S. Smith, John B. Kellar and
 Geo. Howie tendered to do the work
 for \$15 per month.

On motion of Councillors Carson
 and Dickinson the tender of John
 Kellar was accepted, term of office to
 run from May 1st, 1915, to May 1st,
 1916, the cleaning of the sludge well to
 be done by him, without the council
 furnishing any extra help.

Lumber—There was only one tender
 for lumber, that of, Robt. Light, and
 it was accepted.

Cement—There were two tenders
 for cement. Boyle & Son's tender
 was \$1.75 per bbl. from car, and \$1.80
 from store; Madole Hardware Co.,
 \$1.70 from car, and \$1.75 delivered.
 Madole Hardware Co., tender accept-
 ed.

Nails—Boyle & Son and Madole
 Hardware Co., both tendered for nails
 at \$2.75 per keg. Boyle & Son got the
 tender.

Tile, elbows, wys, etc.—Boyle & Son
 and Madole Hardware Co., tendered.
 Boyle & Son's tender being the lowest
 was accepted.

On motion of Councillors Waller
 and Walters, the clerk was instructed

building material which his company
 had for sale.

ACCOUNTS.

The following accounts were ordered
 paid:

Seymour Power Co.....	\$ 2 10
E. S. Lapum.....	6 00
F. Bowen.....	1 00
J. Richardson.....	15 00
J. L. Boyes.....	4 25
Chas. Stevens.....	33 00
H. W. Kelly.....	21 78
V. Cowling.....	11 22
J. G. Loucks.....	3 30
F. E. VanLaven.....	36 00

The following accounts were refer-
 red to committees: Napanee Iron
 Works, \$25.50, Fire Water and Light
 with power to act; Chas. Stevens,
 \$31.53, Streets Committee with power to
 act.

Council adjourned.

LIME IN AGRICULTURE.

One of the principal functions of the
 Chemical Division of the Dominion
 Experimental Farms is to attempt the
 solution of the problems connected
 with the maintenance and upbuilding
 of soil-fertility.

Among the many valuable results so
 far obtained in these investigations is
 the demonstration of the vital part
 played by lime in the increase of a soil's
 productiveness.

The subject is treated in an interest-
 ing and practical way in Bulletin No.

THE RURAL TELEPHONE

There can be no doubt that a good none development in the rural unity surrounding a town is of benefit to both town and country. Chesley "Enterprise" of April st expresses its satisfaction with telephone development in the distributary to Chesley in the following:

Chesley may well be proud of its telephone connection. There are today approximately three hundred phones which are owned and maintained by farmers. The lines connect direct with the switchboard of Bell Company, the farmers pay not company a small annual fee for ditching. In this way the farm obtains intercommunication not only with its neighbor on the same line but with all phone holders coming the Chesley Exchange. Long distance connections are also available if desired. While this development commenced in 1908, when the Steinhoff line and the North Association were organized, the growth has taken place since then no less than thirteen local lines have been formed.

This splendid showing has been made about by co-operating with all company and illustrates what can be accomplished in other sections if the farmers phone is lacking if farmers will go about it in the same way. Until recently, the Chesley lines imposed an extra toll on each Long Distance connection. For example, if a Paisley farmer talked to a farmer on the Chesley line he was charged 25c of which 15c was paid to the Bell Company and 10c to the Chesley line whereas on a long distance call reversed, the farmer on the Chesley line only paid 15c the Bell Company and 10c the long distance rate. This is not that the same rate was not charged for the same service both to the Bell and the Railway Board insists there should be no discrimination. All company charges the same to all subscribers as to the farmers on all Long Distance business. Some think the Chesley lines have taken a wise course in abolishing the extra charge, thereby making the rate the same to all subscribers at any exchange whether they are connected on one of the many lines.

last year's grant, was ordered paid.

Coun. Carson, reported that his committee has had the sludge well at the Disposal Works cleaned out. During the progress of the work the elevating system was put out of commission. He also reported the flow of water into the well still continues.

Coun. Dickinson, chairman of Market and Police Committee, reported that according to instructions of council, Chief of Police Graham had been taking action in reference to the enforcing of the provisions of the Streets By-Law. Chief Graham had a list of names of offenders against the by-law, and the chairman asked for further instructions as to procedure. Some of our citizens had passed the remark, that notwithstanding the by-law which prohibits it, they will still continue to put their ashes upon the street, claiming it is the only way they can secure a good road in front of their property.

There was considerable discussion over any possible further action, but for the lack of some one to take the initiative, it "passed peacefully away".

TENDERS.

The following tenders were received for town work and supplies for 1915: street sprinkling—There were six tenders for the job of street sprinkling. Messrs. Thos. Killoran, J. S. Chatterton, and J. Barrett, asked \$3.50 per day, while Messrs. E. B. Miller, J. Benn, and Jas. A. Brown

was \$1.75 per bbl. from car, and \$1.80 from store; Madole Hardware Co., \$1.70 from car, and \$1.75 delivered. Madole Hardware Co., tender accepted.

Nails—Boyle & Son and Madole Hardware Co., both tendered for nails at \$2.75 per keg. Boyle & Son got the tender.

Tile, elbows, wys, etc.—Boyle & Son and Madole Hardware Co., tendered. Boyle & Son's tender being the lowest was accepted.

On motion of Councillors Waller and Walters, the clerk was instructed to write Mr. Wright, Kingston, the engineer who oversaw the construction of the Disposal Works, informing him as to the condition of the sludge well, and the elevator used therein.

Comm. Graham brought before the attention of the council the question of swinging the bridge crossing the river at the foot of Centre street. If it were not for the oil tank on the west side of the bridge, the bridge would not have to be opened very often, and the reduction in the cost of backing up traffic would be very great.

looking after it could be affected. The owners of the oil tank would be willing to remove it to the premises of Mr. VanLoven provided the cost of said removal would be paid by the town.

This matter will receive the further attention of the council.

Mr. Armstrong, representing a road building firm, addressed the council at some length in reference to a road

LIME IN AGRICULTURE.

One of the principal functions of the Chemical Division of the Dominion Experimental Farms is to attempt the solution of the problems connected with the maintenance and upbuilding of soil-fertility.

Among the many valuable results so far obtained in these investigations is the demonstration of the vital part played by lime in the increase of a soil's productiveness.

The subject is treated in an interesting and practical way in Bulletin No. 80 of the Experimental Farms' regular series, by the Dominion Chemist, Dr. Frank T. Shutt, who discusses it under the following heads:—

The nature of lime and limestone.
The Agricultural functions of lime
and its compounds.

Comparative values of lime compounds.

The application of lime compounds.
The use and misuse of lime.

Those interested may obtain a copy of this bulletin by applying to the Publications Branch, Department of Agriculture, Ottawa.

IT PAYS TO VACCINATE.

All government tests prove without doubt that it surely pays every farmer to vaccinate. Fresh vaccine "in sealed tubes" as recommended and used by the government. For sale at WALLACE'S DRUG STORE LIMITED

THE SOUL OF MUSIC

IS REVEALED IN



**COLUMBIA
RECORDS**

¶ No man or woman can be said to have known the soul of music who has been denied the privilege of hearing the new Columbia Grafonola play Columbia Records.

¶ No matter what one's mood or fancy conjures up, there is a musical selection on a Columbia Record which enables the listener to revel in its delights.

¶ If it is the dance, there are a thousand tunes to start ones feet a moving.

¶ If one feels more sober, there are a hundred ballads to stir the imagination.

¶ If the taste runs to Grand Opera, the most famous artists of the opera stage are willing to charm you.

¶ If it is to laugh, there are hundreds of songs and selections to provoke mirth.

¶ Why not go and investigate the Columbia Grafonolas and Records at the dealer's whose store is mentioned below :

R. B. ALLEN, Agent,

Market Square,

Napanee, Ontario.

Agents wanted where not actively represented.

Apply Music Supply Co. Toronto.

1 paper, the new spring designs
paper's—Be sure you see these
before buying elsewhere.

Lumber Cedar Posts and Stakes Shingles, all Grades

ROBT. LIGHT, Napanee, Ont.

Every Style Bracelet and Strap Watches

Silver, Gunmetal, Filled and Solid Gold

Our \$3.00 Strap Wristlet Watch is one of the best buys you can make. It is a dandy and fully guaranteed. All Watches good values.

F. CHINNECK'S Jewellery Store.

EXTRAVAGANCE TAXES.

It is all very well to call them war taxes, but are they war taxes? It is admitted that all the money Canada has spent or is to spend on war, has been or will be borrowed. What then are the taxes for? Simply to cover up extravagant expenditures. Grant that the revenues have fallen off since the war began, and it still remains true that there would be little or no necessity for special taxes if the Borden Government had been satisfied to carry on the business of the Dominion on the scale of the last and most expensive years of the Laurier Administration. Everybody knows that during the fifteen years of Liberal rule the expense of the Government went up. It had to. There was expansion everywhere. But can anybody point to anything that has happened since 1911 to warrant still further increase in the cost of Government? There has been nothing. Things have been getting worse and worse. And yet in the Government Departments the costs have gone up and up. Here for example, are some figures quoted by Mr. A. K. MacLean, M.P., to show what has gone on. He compares the present year's estimates with the expenditure in the year 1911-12.

	1912	1913
Civil Gov.....	\$ 4,774,000.....	\$ 7,024,000
Fisheries	843,000.....	1,561, 00
Mines.....	261,000.....	547,000
Immigration..	1,364,000.....	1,875,000
Indians	1,753,000.....	2,254,000
Customs	2,443,000.....	4,215,000
Dom. Lands..	2,277,000.....	3,475,000
Post Office..	9,172,000.....	16,677,000
Public Works	10,344,000.....	22,351,000

Totals.....\$33,234,000 .. \$50,970,000

In these items alone, and they cover considerably less than half the expenditure the Government is asking Parliament to ratify. APART FROM THE WAR, there is an excess expenditure over that thought necessary by the Liberals in the height of prosperity, of Twenty Seven Millions.

The result has been largely produced by extensive application of the principal, dear to these ministers, of dismissing two or three office holders and putting four or five new ones in their place. The stamp taxes are not for aid to General French. They are in aid of General Rogers, and the price of general inefficiency.

Men, your King and Country need you! Get in line for the next Contingent.

Did Premier Borden back Britain when he increased the taxation on British goods entering Canada?

E. W. GRANGE SPEAKS IN OTTAWA

Two prominent members of the parliamentary press gallery, Messrs. Edward Grange and James Muir, let the public into the confidence of newspapers and newspapermen of the Dominion, when they addressed a large audience in the Imperial theatre, under the auspices of the People's Forum, Sunday evening.

Mr. Grange even admitted that the editor of the "woman's page," who deals so ably with topics of feminine interest, is more often a man than a woman. Mr. Muir dispelled many of the erroneous impressions held by the public concerning newspapers. He spoke with characteristic humor, modestly admitting during the course of his remarks that the members of the fourth estate are usually men of "great capacity."

The addresses were slightly different from the kind usually heard at the Forum. They were brief and breezy and full of general interest.

THE APOSTOLATE OF THE PRESS
Mr. Grange dealt largely with the work of the parliamentary press men.

He compared them to preachers, the chief contrast being that the latter went about their work after long years of preparation, while the newspaper reporter was liable to have to jump into his with practically no training, often with but an ordinary school education. He has no examinations to pass, has no trades union to belong to, no salary scale and no particular field, but he has a very large audience.

Mr. Grange asserted that members of Parliament would not speak so long if it were not for the press gallery. They seldom expected to switch any votes in the House by their remarks, but were speaking to the outside world through the press. They mean to get their ideas out through the gallery, and he asked for sympathy for the members of the gallery.

Speaking of the enormous task of a newspaper in crowding the world's news into about forty columns of space, and referring to the great variety of news that daily goes into print, he remarked that "all really are more interested in a cat fight on the corner than the theory of the greatest scientist in the world."

In speaking of the versatility of newspaper men, Mr. Grange confessed that he had once been editor of the women's page, but declared at present most of the big papers have women to look after this department now.

WHAT IS A JOURNALIST.

To explain the difference between a journalist and a newspaper man, the speaker said that in the profession a "journalist was a newspaperman out of a job."

"Although the hours are long, the work hard and never finished, it is probably the most interesting of all pursuits—it is the study of human nature and there is always something new. One day is never like another," he asserted.

In their efforts to get at what they think is the news, Mr. Grange said that newspaper men might sometimes be liable to forget the responsibility of the press or the national interest but they lost sight of these on fewer occasions than might be expected. He said the gallery men never maliciously damn a public man unless it is in the public interest.

As an evidence that partisanship in

St. Lawrence Sugar



Buy St. Lawrence Sugar in original packages. Untouched from refinery to your cupboard, you are sure of sugar absolutely free from contamination or impurities of any kind.

St. Lawrence granulated white pure cane sugar is packed in three sizes of grain—fine, medium and coarse, in 100 lb., 25 lb. and 20 lb. sealed bags, and 5 lb. and 2 lb. cartons.

All first class dealers can supply it so insist upon having St. Lawrence Sugar.

ST. LAWRENCE SUGAR REFINERIES LIMITED, MONTREAL.

25-10-13



ized with, perhaps pitied, the speakers who addressed those audiences. This night he sympathized with audience and with the speaker, more with the speaker. He had used to addressing larger audiences but they were usually hundreds, haps thousands, of miles away. In the press gallery, were, so speak, the filters through which go into the country the ideas and announcements, the great issues of national life. It was a vast audience and one to whom they presented moving pictures of the daily political life of parliament and government. The newspaper man began work no preliminary training beyond ordinary school training, no equipment but a lead pencil, a modicum common sense, good grammar, and sight into human nature.

"The subject allotted to us is work of the press," continued Grange. "By the press I mean average daily newspaper, Independent, Liberal or Conservative, coming every day in about forty columns of news print, world movement, war, sport, politics, finance, social, police-court news, education, religion. To us on parliament hill, of course, comes first. But the ordinary newspaper editor, of course, is at present the first consideration, with possibly sport, Education, science, religion, literature are merely incidentals to fill up odd corners here and there if accommodations will permit. All this digest of what has happened to world, and more particularly, what has happened just around the corner to someone we all know, has to be compressed into the work of a few hours of writing and editing. It is presented with constant perspective as to the psychology of the mob, the viewpoint of the average reader. And what the average reader wants is the daily problem of the reporter and editor. Perhaps it is not too far to say that the things

JUST WHAT YOU NEED!

DRY PINE KINDLING

For starting fires —
— and then some

HARD WOOD

(cut in stove lengths)

to keep it going, "SOME FIRE."

CHAS STEVENS COAL AND

HARD WOOD

(cut in stove lengths)

to keep it going, "SOME FIRE."

CHAS. STEVENS, COAL AND WOOD.

'Phone 104

Office opposite Campbell House



NAPANEE TRAIN SERVICE.

Effective January 25th, 1915.

TRAINS LEAVE.

For TORONTO and intermediate stations: Connection at TRENTON for PICTON: 4:25 p.m.

For TRENTON and TORONTO: 2:50 a.m.

For TWEED, HARROWSMITH, SYDENHAM, KINGSTON and intermediate stations: 7:45 a.m.

For TRENTON, BELLEVILLE, PICTON, and other intermediate stations: 12:05 noon; 4:25 p.m.

For BROCKVILLE JUNCTION, SMITHS FALLS, OTTAWA and intermediate stations: 2:50 p.m.; * 3:25 a.m.

For DESERONTO: * 2:50 a.m. 10:30 a.m., 12:05 noon, 4:50 p.m., ** 6:35 p.m.

TRAINS ARRIVE.

From TORONTO and intermediate stations: 2:50 p.m., * 3:25 a.m.

From PICTON and intermediate stations: 11:20 a.m., 2:50 p.m.

From COE HILL and intermediate stations: 11:20 a.m.

From DESERONTO: * 3:25 a.m., 7:45 a.m., 11:20 a.m., 2:50 p.m.

From SYDENHAM and intermediate stations: * 2:50 a.m., 4:25 p.m.

From TANTWORTH and intermediate stations: 10:30 a.m., 4:25 p.m.

From BROCKVILLE JUNCTION, SMITHS FALLS, OTTAWA and intermediate stations: 4:25 p.m., * 2:50 a.m.

Trains run daily, except Sunday, unless otherwise marked.

For tickets, rates, folders and other information apply Depot Agent, R. E. McLean or Town Agent, E. McLaughlin.

* Daily. ** Daily except Monday.

AGATEWARE SALE—Made in Canada. Agateware—See our window for line of agateware. For this one lot you will get the best bargains you ever seen for quality; better prices than any departmental store offered, or 7 cent store. Watch the window. See the bargains. Prices will remain until sold out. No half dozen lots to any one person. At BOYLE & SON.



For sale at Wallace's, Napanee's Leading Drug Store.

place. The stamp taxes are not for aid to General French. They are in aid of General Rogers, and the price of general inefficiency.

Men, your King and Country need you! Get in line for the next Contingent.

Did Premier Borden back Britain when he increased the taxation on British goods entering Canada?

When is a "War Tax" not a war tax? When money is raised by a so-called "war tax" to help pay a deficiency in revenue, caused by undue extravagance.

We wonder if the leading Conservative press of Canada will undertake another patriotic flag-waving contest in the face of the sworn evidence produced, which shows that Canadian soldiers were sent off to the front with boots with paper soles, and possibly the officers riding horses similar to the "South African Veteran Horses," or plugs which were "banded" around a Nova Scotia riding fur "three ducks and a drake."

While the war lasts and while the British Empire, of which Canada forms a part, and while the Empire is passing through one of the most critical stages in its history, the people of Canada do not want an election, which if it does come, will divide the two political parties in what will undoubtedly be one of the most bitter contests in our history. In reference to the "reasons" given by Hon. Mr. Rodgers for holding an election, the question of the senate and its action, and other equal trivial matters of mere partisan difference, we believe that Sir Wilfrid Laurier hit the nail on the head when he said: "What do these things matter? What do our little difficulties matter in the face of the great issues with which we are confronted in connection with the present war? There are big things to claim our attention and our efforts. We are party men, but under the serious circumstances which confront us to-day, what we should make paramount, what we should insist upon, is that the brave troops going out from us to the front to defend the effort of man, as noble a cause as any for which brave men have ever shed their blood, shall be as fully equipped as Canadian enterprise, Canadian money, and Canadian science, can equip them. This, for the moment, is our supreme duty, our greatest obligation." The responsibility for an election at this time certainly rests upon the Government in power, and if the country is thrown into a turmoil, with the hope of the Conservatives riding into power for another term, the Canadian people will know how to act.

SOLUBLE SULPHUR For Spraying

This new compound requires no boiling—simply dissolve it in water and spray.

PRICES

100 lb. drums... \$7 75
50 lb. drums... 4 75
25 lb. cans... 2 90

Ask us for literature on this new spraying compound.

Wallace's Drug Store Limited
NAPANEE, ONT.

N.B.—Everything recommended by Agricultural College for sale here.

In their efforts to get at what they think is the news, Mr. Grange said that newspaper men might sometimes be liable to forget the responsibility of the press or the national interest but they lost sight of these on fewer occasions than might be expected. He said the gallery men never maliciously damn a public man unless it is in the public interest.

As an evidence that partizanship in newspapers is dying out Mr. Grange pointed to the recent disclosures in the public accounts committee, when both Conservative and Liberal newspapers dealt with the evidence in equal detail, in direct contrast to days of old.

Progress was being made towards giving the public more accurate and practical reports. Editorials do not carry much weight now unless backed up by the facts, and the editorials were taking a back place as compared with the news columns. Realizing that the public desire it, editors now want short, succinct summaries, with a touch of human interest, not the long drawn out speeches published in days gone by.

He said the coercive power of politicians on the press was also on the wane, except in cases where the politician is interested financially in a paper.

NO YELLOW PRESS HERE.

"The Canadian press as a whole appreciates the commercial value of truth—there is no yellow press in Canada—no disclosing of family skeletons, no muckraking. The public would be surprised if they knew what we know and don't publish," said the newspaper man.

Mr. Grange paid a high tribute to the integrity and honesty of the average politician. He said the press was doing its best to give the public more accurate and honest information, but the limitations of time must be considered. The newspapers were trying to give the people what they wanted, and if they fail it is because they haven't gauged the public spirit and public morality correctly. Those who criticize the newspapers get just what they should get. The press is just as informative, instructive, and moral as the public desire.—Ottawa Free Press.

Newspapermen are a much maligned class. Their mistakes are comparatively few, but when they do make them they are held up to the public gaze as none other examples of human frailty are.

Last night at the People's Forum an address on "The Work of the Press" was given by two working reporters, Mr. Edward Grange, of the Toronto Globe, and Mr. James Muir, of the Ottawa Evening Journal. In their addresses some insights into newspaper work were given, and for the first time, perhaps, the audience heard direct from men whose work they came in contact with every day of their lives.

Both speakers agreed that the day of the partizan press with its partizan reports was passing and impartiality and honesty taking its place.

"Canada's Golden West" was the subject of an illustrated address by Mr. Leslie G. Buckle, of Ottawa, which he punctuated with some funny remarks. Mr. Emile Rochon gave three finished renditions on the violin, in which he showed that he was a complete master of his instrument. Mr. Fred Race was at the organ and Mr. W. P. Grant presided.

AUDIENCES AT A DISTANCE.

Mr. Grange said that as a reporter he often had to sympathize with an audience. Often he had sympath-

ized the audience. He said that he had happened to world, and more particularly, what has happened just around the corner to someone we all know, has to be compressed into the work of a few hours of writing and editing. It is presented with constant perspective as to the psychology of the mob, the viewpoint of the average reader. And what the average reader wants is the daily product of the reporter and editor. Perhaps it is not too far to say that the things that are really of greater importance are rarely interesting to the masses.

VANISHING PARTIZANSHIP.

"Though we are still special advocates of one or other political party the tendency is more and more to give impartial reports. The sin of our own party may be glossed over, but they are no longer condoned or suppressed except in a few of the most partizan papers. An instance of this is seen in the reports of the proceedings of last Tuesday and Wednesday in Parliament, when both Liberal and Conservative papers gave most equally detailed reports of disclosures in the public accounts committee, and of the reports of Western land deals, affecting both sides of the House. It is true that Liberal readers want to believe that their party is right, and that other party is wrong, while Conservative readers of course, believe the other way round. But with the development and education through the press, of a more enlightened electorate, the tendency is to give and face all the facts squarely, and put practical Canadianism ahead of politics. There are lapses into partizan reports still. And we do not always look at both sides of the shield but the big city dailies, with the tawdry papers as conspicuous examples, are demanding more and more partial reports—more facts and rhetoric and fewer partizan tendencies in the House reports. The same tendency is true also of the editorial columns. The old style invectives against the other party carry no weight now unless they are supported by facts and logic.

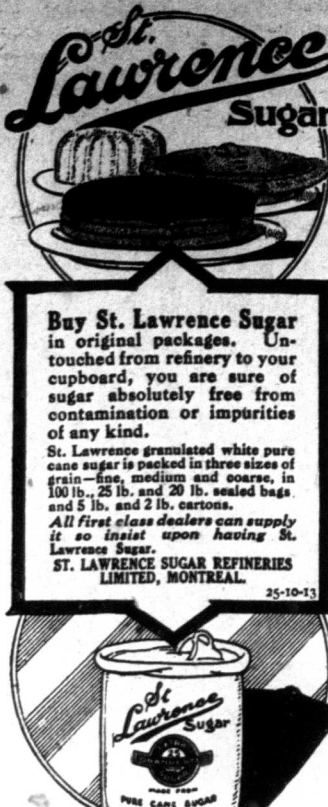
PUBLIC'S COMMON SENSE.

"Most editors now recognize that the public is not taken in with stage warfare in the partisan press and that public common sense recognizes that there is a hollow where there is always unequal laudation of one party, and bit of detraction of the other. Frank criticism even of one's own political party, is, I believe, becoming business, and the coercive power of politicians except where they themselves are interested financially in a paper, is on the wane. Honesty is the best policy in newspaper business as in any other business. And newspaper's success depends in long run, on the respect and confidence of its readers."—Ottawa Evening Citizen.

The home of John Hamilton Odessa was burned to the ground while he and Mrs. Hamilton were Kingston. Three little children and baby were left alone, and when house caught fire from a spark from the chimney, the three children out of the house, forgetting about baby. While the flames were fast engulfing the little home, one of children made a dash into the house and rescued the baby.

IT PAYS TO VACCINATE.

All government tests prove with question that every farmer who vaccinates his cattle. A fresh supply of vaccine always on hand at Wallace's. P.S.—Always get your vaccine in sealed vials (10 in a vial.)



St. Lawrence Sugar

Buy St. Lawrence Sugar in original packages. Untouched from refinery to your cupboard, you are sure of sugar absolutely free from contamination or impurities of any kind.

St. Lawrence granulated white pure cane sugar is packed in three sizes of grain—fine, medium and coarse, in 100 lb., 25 lb., and 2 lb. sealed bags and 5 lb. and 2 lb. cartons.

All first class dealers can supply it so insist upon having St. Lawrence Sugar.

ST. LAWRENCE SUGAR REFINERIES LIMITED, MONTREAL.

25-10-13

GERMAN STORED AWAY

IN FORT HENRY TO KEEP HIM FROM MISCHIEF.

Karl Kessler Arrested at Napanee—He was Too Observant Of The Napanee River Railway Bridge.

Karl Kessler is a new arrival at Fort Henry, having been put there for safe-keeping by the military authorities on Monday morning. Kessler has been making a general nuisance of himself ever since he arrived in Kingston some two months ago, but he never did anything that would warrant his arrest until Saturday when he was taken into custody in Napanee for being too observant of the Napanee river railway bridge.

Kessler has been telling "fairytale" to every person he came in contact with, and this is one of the reasons why the authorities thought it best to put him where they knew where he could be found. He first told Major J. F. Leatherland, who was accepting recruits for the 8th Regiment, C. M. R., that he was from Holland originally, but had been in Canada for the last seven years and was a naturalized Canadian. He said that he spoke seven languages, and as he was well-built and intelligent, he was accepted for overseas service. A change in the orders made the release of some of the men necessary, and Kessler was among them. He applied for positions in "C" Battery, 26th Battery and the 21st Battalion but in all cases they were not taking men when he applied.

He has been living in Napanee for the last two weeks in a house near the bridge, and the officers who were keeping a watch on him declared that he was in the habit of working near the foot of one of the pillars and was digging a hole near one of them when arrested.

When brought down here he signed a statement saying among other things that he had been three months with 4th Hussar recruits for the Third Contingent, that he was a naturalized Canadian, but had accidentally lost his papers and that he had been ten years in Canada, all of which statements he has himself denied at different times.

He told the Whig representative some time ago that he was from Switzerland and having lost his job with a Montreal firm was in Kingston waiting for the boats to start.

IN THE TRENCHES

There's a little wet home in the trench
That the rainstorms continually drench.
There's a dead cow close by,
With her heels in the sky,
And she gives off a beautiful stench.

Underneath us in place of a floor
There's a mess of cold mud and some straw,
And Jack-Johnstons tear through their rain-sodden air.
O'er my little wet home in the trench.

Canadians in Trenches Behaving Like Veterans

General Headquarters of the British Army in France, April 18.—(Via London, April 18, 5:20 p.m.)—"The Canadians may have been full of boyish spirit when they landed in England,

BRITISH PIERCE GERMAN LINES AT YPRES

NORTH OF FRANCE, April 19.—In point of view of territory recovered, this latest success of the British army south of Ypres is the biggest advance that has been made since autumn, for we have advanced five kilometres (a kilometre is 3-5 of a mile) and have obtained a possession of the greatest tactical value after a period of inaction or rather apparent inaction since our preparations have been rapidly maturing all the time.

TELLING BLOW DELIVERED

We have delivered another telling blow upon the German lines between Kemmel and Wulverghem. The attack opened Sunday morning, when our miners, whose admirable sapping has been a feature of the campaign, sprang a series of mines of exceptional strength. I am told that part of a hill was entirely blown away and several hundred Germans were so utterly destroyed that there remained nothing but human debris. The village of Kemmelis famous in Flanders for its mountain, a hill some 500 feet high, but the only one in the country.

There was sharp fighting here on the 7th and 8th of this month, when the Germans almost effected a surprise on our lines, and after temporarily occupying some of our trenches were eventually driven back with heavy slaughter.

IMPORTANT STEP IN ADVANCE

This most recent phase is, however, of quite another character, two kilometres being gained at this point, and with the hill of Kemmel now in our hands it marks an important step in the great task of swinging round the German right. The fighting, I hear, was quite as fierce as at Neuve Chapelle. Our advance swept on to a point where there were no trenches, and our men were exposed to heavy fire while digging themselves in. It was a case of breaking thru the German lines of trenches to a point considerably behind them. Our artillery, following up the work of the sappers, played havoc with the German trenches, and as at Neuve Chapelle, our infantry fell upon the foe, utterly demoralized.

THE ADVANCE IN PROGRESS

The action is still in progress and our advance has been unchecked. Eight hundred German prisoners have already come in, and everything points to the enemy's losses being greater even than those at Neuve Chapelle.

At all points we have given the Germans a disagreeable taste of our metal. Their attitude is one of depression. Their aeroplanes are busy with the bombardment of open towns, but they are carefully chased away from proximity to our fighting lines by the vigilance of our airmen, which accounts for the fact that we are enabled to make our preparations for the attack without news of our movements leaking out.

MOST IMPORTANT OF WAR

NORTHERN FRANCE, Monday, April 19.—News has just reached here of one of the most important engagements of the war in the neighborhood of Ypres. The first ambulance train conveying our wounded arrived here one hour ago. My information came from a source which places the following facts beyond doubt: Our sappers succeeded in mining the only hill in that vicinity. The blowing up of the hill yesterday morning was the signal for the opening of a battle extending over some miles of front. The havoc wrought among hundreds



LUX

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BESIDES being a wonderful cleanser. LUX adds to the life of woollen and flannel garments. Keeps all loosely woven fabrics from shrinking or thickening in the wash.

LUX dissolves readily in hot water, makes a smooth, cream-like lather which cannot injure the finest fabrics or the daintiest hands.

LUX—pure essence of soap in flakes—is the favourite washing preparation in homes of refinement.

9

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Made in Canada by Lever Brothers Limited, Toronto.

British Submarine Ashore Crew in Hands of Turks

LONDON, April 18.—The British admiralty, in a statement issued this afternoon, announced that the submarine E-15 ran ashore yesterday on Kephez Point, in the Dardanelles, while attempting a difficult reconnaissance of the Kephez mine field.

The statement said that according to an official communication published at Constantinople, the officers and men were rescued and made prisoners.

The Turkish War Officer reports: "The British submarine E-15 has been sunk in the Dardanelles, east of Karanlik. Three officers and 21 men of the crew of 31 were rescued by the Turks. Among them was the former British vice-consul at Dardanelles."

Great Battle to Decide Fate of Austria

PETROGRAD, April 20.—There has recently been a complete cessation of

corner here and there a small of cold mud and some straw, and Jack-Johnstons tear through the rain-sodden air. O'er my little wet home in the trench.

Canadians in Trenches
Behaving Like Veterans

General Headquarters of the British Army in France, April 18.—(Via London, April 18, 5:20 p.m.)—"The Canadians may have been full of boyish spirit when they landed in England, but have been men in the trenches," said a staff officer of the British army, commenting on the report that the Canadians have been lacking in discipline. "They've buckled down like British soldiers should, and their conduct has been not only without reproach, but deserving the highest praise."

This is the first official statement of a staff officer in the field relative to a much-discussed question.

Toronto Soldiers
Invalided Home

HALIFAX, April 18.—One hundred and four soldiers of the first contingent, eight of whom have been in the trenches and wounded, of all ages, returned here by the steamer Missanable. Those who were on the firing line say the Germans have some expert shots, but on the whole the marksmanship of the British is superior.

Seven of the men belonged to the Princess Patricia Regiment. One is Pte. Laurie of Toronto, who lost the sight of one eye as a result of a fragment of shell striking him. Pte. W. E. Watts of Hamilton, who was in the trenches three months, is invalided. Privates King and Henry of Toronto, Pte. Davis of Edmonton and Pte. G. H. Cunningham of Toronto, who suffered from rheumatism and frostbites, are among those who returned. Pte. G. Morrison of Niagara Falls was wounded in the leg two months ago, but is recovering. Some of the other soldiers have returned on account of illness, and some are undesirable.

Quite a Spell.

"Spell your name!" said the court clerk sharply.

"The witness began: "O, double T, I, double U, E, double L, double T, I, double U, E, double L, double U, double O"—

"Wait!" ordered the clerk; "begin again!"

The witness repeated: "O, double T, I, double U, E, double L, double U, double O"—

"Your honor!" roared the clerk, "I beg that this man be committed for contempt of court!"

"What is your name?" asked the judge.

"My name, your honor, is Ottiwell Wood, and I spell it O, double T, I, double U, E, double L, double U, double O, D."

Showing Her Up.

"Here comes Nerissa. Let's kiss her complexion off. Who'll kiss her first?"

"I will," volunteered Vanessa.

"No, let me do it," urged Jocosta.

"I know where her freckles are."

Casual Sympathy.

"Your daughter told me to come and ask your consent to our marriage," said the nervous young man.

"She did!" responded Mr. Cumrox.

"And you came hustling right along although you knew you'd probably find me in a bad humor. And you knew also that so long as Gladys and her ma had made up their minds my consent or refusal wouldn't make a particle of difference. Young man, you're being put through your family discipline too early."

PAYS TO VACCINATE.

All government tests prove without exception that every farmer should vaccinate his cattle. A fresh supply vaccine always on hand at Wallace's. P.S.—Always get your vaccine in sealed vials (10 in a vial.)

at Constantinople, the officers and men were rescued and made prisoners. The Turkish War Officer reports: "The British submarine E-15 has been sunk in the Dardanelles, east of Karanlik. Three officers and 21 men of the crew of 31 were rescued by the Turks. Among them was the former British vice-consul at Bardanelles."

Great Battle to Decide Fate of Austria

PETROGRAD, April 20.—There has recently been a complete cessation of passenger and general traffic on the Prague and Bruen system of Austrian railways. The Germans have sent large reinforcements thru Moravia, in north Hungary. These have now entered into action and are the vanguard of an Austro-German attempt to develop a counter attack against the Russians among the hill villages of the southern Carpathians. About 600,000 Austro-German troops are now engaged there over an irregular line between the Lupkow and Usok passes. Their base is a plateau stretching beyond Gumennoys and overlooking the flat farming land of Hungary. The fighting in the middle of this position is very desperate, but the Russians are slowly wearing down resistance.

Austria Seethes With Discontent

VERONA, April 18, 12:55 a.m.—Travelers from the interior of Austria bring reports of increasing unrest, resulting from the insufficiency of the bread allowance, which, altho it has been increased still is considered inadequate. Demonstrations against the war are said to be increasing in number and violence, especially in Vienna, and at points in Bohemia, where mobs are reported to have sacked storehouses in which were stocks of provisions for the army.

Evacuating Bukovina.

The Austrian railway system near the Roumanian frontier is also closed against ordinary traffic, doubtless because they are evacuating Bukovina and bringing troops round under German orders into Hungary.

Altho the Austrians have lost half a million prisoners to the Russians since the war began, besides a terrible total of dead and wounded the Magyar controllers of Austrian policy know well that Germany will not permit them to make a separate peace. Accordingly the present battle is being fought with terrible ferocity by the German and Magyar combination with the knowledge that the destiny of the dual monarchy hangs on the result.

FORGED RUSSIAN MONEY

The German invasion of Hungary has been accomplished by the same curious proceedings noticed in the German invasion of Poland early in the war. A vast amount of forged Russian paper money is being forced by the Germans on the Russophile rural population. Refugees are bringing quantities of it to Kiev, where the authorities have placarded the town warning the population not to accept 10, 25 and 100 rouble notes from strangers.

GET IT AT WALLACE'S

DURABLE--Fire grates are three-sided. last three times as long. Shaped in the

McClary's Sunshine Furnace to grind up clinkers when "rocked". See the McClary dealer or write for booklet. 32

Sold by Boyle & Son.

The Trey O' Hearts

A Novelized Version of the Motion Picture Drama of the Same Name
Produced by the Universal Film Co.

By LOUIS JOSEPH VANCE

Author of "The Fortune Hunter," "The Brass Bowl," "The Black Bag," etc.

Illustrated with Photographs from the Picture Production

Copyright, 1914, by Louis Joseph Vance

The muffled running of a heavy-duty marine motor drifted down on the wings of the sluggish wind.

"Don't ask me—I'm afraid to guess!" "But they couldn't possibly!"

"Since when did you set up to be a judge of possibilities? Nothing probable ever happened to you in all your young life—'s far's I can make out. As for me—I know there are at least two life-saving stations on Nauset, both with modern equipment—motor lifeboats and all; and nothing will ever persuade me that pack of wolves would stick at breaking in and confiscating one of the same. It's as likely as not—only more so. Our present business is to get the h—l out of here—and not advertise our exit, either. Take that port light in and dowsie it, while I do the same by the starboard. Then duck below, warn your Dulcinea, and put out the cabin lamp. That way—if this blackness and our bull-luck only holds—we may manage an evasion!"

There followed an exceedingly busy quarter of an hour for two constrained in pitch darkness to grope their way about the decks and familiarize themselves with the idiosyncrasies of a strange two-master. Nevertheless, the end of that period found the schooner with canvas full and sheets taut, a good easterly breeze abeam, swiftly weaving a wake southwards—the light on Monowoy point watching her curiously from over the starboard beam. "Hear anything more of that power boat?" Alan asked, joining Barcus by the wheel.

"Nothing—wind too fresh. Make yourself easy on the soft side of a plank here. I'll land you a kick in the slats when so minded—or when it's your trick at the wheel."

With a chuckle, Alan obediently stretched himself out on the deck.

"I say—Law!"

"Well?"

"You seem pretty easy in your mind about this young woman below. To me, she's the same that tried to send me to Davy Jones' locker. How does she explain her presence aboard?"

"Much as I surmised," Alan replied. "I fancy they chloroformed her while she slept in that hotel in Portland. Whether or no, Rose woke up in a closed motor car—bound and gagged, of course—and was brought aboard at Gloucester about midnight."

"Simple when you know how," Barcus commented. "Of course, I always did say that truth was a stranger to fiction. Cuddle down, now, and I'll talk you insensible."

His accents already merging in with the swish of the 'longside waves, the bubbling of the wake, and the many-toned composite voice of the ship in being, unconsciousness like a cloud descended upon Alan's overworn faculties.

signals of other shipping sounded a concert of discordance—the man-power horn of a catboat crying the warning back to the deep-throated whistle of a coastwise steamship and the impertinent drumming of a motor-boat's exhaust with the muffler cut out.

This last boxed the compass, sounding now near, now far, though the complaints of other shipping diminished in volume and died away in the distance, giving place to others still, the plutter-plutter of that motor was never altogether lost; if at times it faded, it seemed certain always to return in even louder volume.

Vainly straining his vision against the blank pallor of the encompassing fog, Alan wondered, worried, dreaded!

At irregular intervals, starting from preoccupation, he would manipulate the brass pull on the wheel-box, provoking the horn's stuttering blasts of protest. But the need for unrelenting vigilance and exercise of the fog-signal failed none the less to reconcile Alan to that blatant clamor which so widely and so hideously advertised their whereabouts.

If there were anything still to be feared from Judith and her crew—if, for instance, as Barcus had suggested, they had sought out one of the life-saving stations on Nauset beach, appropriated its power-driven lifeboat and renewed the pursuit, if ever they heard that horn there would beyond question be the devil to pay!

The loneliness of his vigil was eventually relieved by the appearance on deck of the woman Alan loved.

The tableau that greeted her vision as she emerged from the companionway, of the haggard, unshaven wretch at the wheel and the other who lay at his feet, where he had fallen, in a stupor of fatigue, instantly wrung from Rose a little cry of solicitude. And she was quick to do what little she could to alleviate their discomfort. For Barcus she fetched a pillow and blanket, from the cabin, and this one suffered her ministrations without once rousing from his slumbers. Then hastening forward, she got the galley fire going and prepared a makeshift breakfast for her half-famished lover.

Warm food and hot coffee—such as they were—lending a little tone to Alan's spirits, he was presently able to discuss their situation with some optimism. Yet nothing could gloss the fact that the problem confronting them was one whose solution baffled their utmost ingenuity—one the simple contemplation of which taxed their courage and intelligence to the extreme.

He summed up: "I can't see anything for it but father and Judith are determined to have my scalp, and I'm hanged if I can see how to protect myself without taking a leaf out of their

self released, his captors leaping for their lives to the taffrail.

He caught an instantaneous glimpse of the knife-like bow of a great steamer towering above the two-master—sweeping toward it at a speed which raised a smart jet of white under the cutwater.

Someone aboard the schooner, with the voice of a stentor, bellowed a terrified appeal:

"Stop your engines! Shut off your propeller! Stop your—"

Then, like the wrath of God, the steamship overwhelmed the lesser ship; its bow seemed to slice through the schooner as a knife through cheese. And the two halves were fairly driven under water by the frightful force of the blow.

Thunders deafening him, Alan was hurled bodily through the air fully twenty feet.

When he came up he struck out at random, blindly tormented by the vision of Rose caught in the suck of



Accompanied by the Exhibition of an Automatic Pistol.

that gigantic wheel, drawn under, crushed and mangled by the propeller of the vast black bulk whose flank was sliding past, like the face of a cliff, ten yards behind his shoulders.

Aware of several dark objects dotting the surface within a radius of several yards, he swam for the nearest; the head was a woman's, the face turned toward him, the face of Rose.

He gasped wildly: "Keep cool! Don't struggle! Put one hand on my shoulder and—"

What happened then was never quite clear to him; he only knew that he was forced to fight for his very life—that the woman, as soon as he came within reach, flung herself upon him like some maddened animal, clutching his throat, winding her limbs round his, dragging him down and down.

Primitive instinct alone saved him. He remembered later, most vaguely, the culmination of that duel beneath the waters—remembered freeing an arm, drawing it back, delivering a blow from his shoulder, with all his strength, finding himself free, struggling back to the surface.

searching an oily, leaden expanse, edged only with a few splinters and bits of wreckage. "I left her out there unconscious—she'll drown, I tell you!"

"And I'll tell you something!" Mr. Barcus severely. "You'll lie and shut up or I'll dent your dome the shaft of an oar. Let her dro and a good job, I say! Don't you the meaning of 'enough'? Me: heavens, man, you're the most tiable glutton for punishment ever!"

But Alan wasn't listening. His was as lightless as the waters swam beneath his lack-luster. There was a horror in his heart numbed even the sense of relief deliverance, that penetrated his like a shock of mortal pain.

Dead! Judith dead! Back ther the fog and the cold . . . dead his hand!

CHAPTER XV.

The Masked Voice.

For a matter of twelve hours fog, leaden, dank, viscous, as in able as the dominion of evil, wrapped the world in an embrace foul and noxious as the coils of a great, gray, slimy serpent.

Through its sluggish folds the dour, power-impelled lifeboat, at a snail's pace, its stem parting rolling back from either flank a hearted sea of gray.

In the bows a young woman re in a state of semi-exhaustion, her closed, he head pillowed on a belt life-preserver, her sodden ments modeled closely to the sle body that was ever and again sh from head to feet with the stre of a long, shuddering respiration.

Seated on the nearest thwart, Law, chin in hand, watched over rest of this woman whom he l with a grimly hopeless solicitude, was in no happier case than she far as physical comfort went—he in worse, since he might not rest. Premontion of misfortune dark his heart with its impenetr shadow.

In the stern Tom Barcus pres morosely over the steering gear; Law was no more jealously heedf his sweetheart than Barcus of a heavy-duty motor that chugged a so purposefully at its business of ing the boat heaven-knew-where.

Lacking at once a compass, all tion whatsoever of the sun's beari and any immediate hope of the litting or chance bringing them ei to land or to rescue by some la and less comfortable craft, Ba steered mainly through force of h—the salt-water man's instinctive; ing that no boat under way sh ever in any conceivable circumsta be without a hand at the helm. It seemed impossible that it could l escape repetition of the disaster, somehow, it always did escape, that by a wide margin; never c had it passed near enough to anot vessel to see it.

And now for more than an hour silence had been uncannily const broken only by the rumble of the tor, the muted lisp of water slip down the side, the suck and gurgl the wake.

Forebodings no less portentous t Law's crawled in the mind of Bar it was as likely as not that the boat was traveling straight out to And gasoline tanks can and oftent do become as empty as an offi weather prophet's promise of weather for a holiday.

of course—and was brought aboard at Gloucester about midnight."

"Simple when you know how," Barcus commented. "Of course, I always did say that truth was a stranger to fiction. Cuddle down, now, and I'll talk you insensible."

His accents already merging in with the swish of the longside waves, the bubbling of the wake, and the many-toned composite voice of the ship in being, unconsciousness like a cloud descended upon Alan's overworn faculties.

He woke mutinously, with a yawn and a shiver in the gray of a tarnished daybreak, to find that fog pressed heavily upon the face of the waters, a mist so thick that from the stern the waist of the vessel was almost invisible, the bows completely so.

Barcus stood over him, at the wheel, fairly reeling with weariness, his eyes blood-shot, swollen, and half-closed in a face like a mask of fatigue.

"Can't keep this up much longer," he apologized thickly; "stood it about as long as I can. Take your trick and give me forty winks."

Grateful solicitude brought Alan instantly to his side, though he himself was sluggish and stiff and sore in all his limbs.

"You're a brick!" he protested. "Why didn't you call me sooner?"

"No good; I knew the way—you didn't. That is, I did until this accursed fog closed down a couple of hours ago. Now—God knows where



The Sixth Member of the Boarding Party Was Judith Trine.

we are—by my reckoning, somewhere in Nantucket sound, west of Monomooy."

Grasping a small brass handle affixed to the wheel box, he jerked it sharply three times, and the automatic horn blared raucously a threefold response up forward.

"Keep that going," he begged, "three blasts in a row and a minute interval—and if the devil takes care of his own we may possibly escape being run down."

With a sigh, relinquishing the wheel, he collapsed upon the deck and was almost instantly asleep.

The wind had fallen until barely enough air stirred to keep way on the vessel; she moved in silence, a spectral ship upon a spectral sea of long, oily swells and the complexion of lead. Hither and yon in the obscurity, fog-

Alan's spirits, he was presently able to discuss their situation with some optimism. Yet nothing could gloss the fact that the problem confronting them was one whose solution baffled their utmost ingenuity—one the simple contemplation of which taxed their courage and intelligence to the extreme.

He summed up: "I can't see anything for it but father and Judith are determined to have my scalp, and I'm hanged if I can see how to protect myself without taking a leaf out of their books. What I'm most afraid of is that some time I may forget it's a woman I'm defending myself against. When a fellow's fighting for his very life he can't always stop to calculate the weight of his blows."

The young man sighed, shook his head, laughed uncertainly, and held her closer to him. "Don't fear; I'll find some way out without injuring either of them. I promise you that!"

He sealed the pledge upon her lips. And in that moment of their oblivion to the world from some point forward a muffled crash sounded simultaneously with the dull shock of a collision with a smaller vessel, and a strange voice cried out with an accent of high exultation.

Before either Alan or the girl could disengage the decks rang loud with a rush of booted feet pounding aft.

The figures of the boarding party were already taking shape through the fog as Alan sprang toward the companionway to fetch the rifle. And in this action his feet slipped on planks greasy with moisture deposited by the surcharged atmosphere. He went down with a stumbling thump, and an instant later two men fell bodily upon him—active, strong fellows in the dress of fishermen. He was suffered to rise only as a prisoner, helpless in the grasp of two pairs of powerful hands.

He saw Barcus, rudely roused and still dumb with sleepy confusion, in no better case—jerked to his feet and held captive by two more fishermen. A fifth had taken charge of Rose, clamping her wrists in the vise of one big hand.

The sixth and sole other member of the boarding party, likewise in the rough-and-ready garb of a fisherman, was Judith Trine.

Down the side a heavy life-boat ground its way astern, the loose end of its painter slipping over the rail even as Alan caught sight of it. (So it seemed Barcus had guessed shrewdly!)

Observing this, one of the men in charge of Alan made as if to leave him to the other, addressing Judith for permission to prevent the loss of the lifeboat. She stopped him with a peremptory gesture.

"No—let it go. We're better off without it. Hold that man fast till I fetch a rope. We'll make sure of them both this time!"

Straining forward in the grasp of her guard, Rose implored her sister: "Judith, in pity's name, think what you are doing!"

"Hold your tongue!" Judith snapped viciously. "Another whimper out of you, and I'll have you gagged!"

The balance of her threat, though accompanied by the exhibition of an automatic pistol, was drowned out by the sudden roar of a steamship fog-signal, so close aboard that it seemed almost to emanate from the forepart of the schooner herself.

As it was answered by shrill and hoarse cries of terror or of warning from a dozen throats, Alan found him-

clear to him; he only knew that he was forced to fight for his very life—that the woman, as soon as he came within reach, flung herself upon him like some maddened animal, clutching his throat, winding her limbs about his, dragging him down and down.

Primitive instinct alone saved him. He remembered later, most vaguely, the culmination of that duel beneath the waters—remembered freeing his arm, drawing it back, delivering a blow from his shoulder, with all his strength, finding himself free, struggling back to the air.

Then a boathook caught the back of his shirt and dragged him for some distance, until two strong hands caught him beneath the armpits and held his head above the water.

He looked up wittlessly into the face of Barcus, and, still bewildered, struggled feebly.

The other's voice brought him back to his senses. "Easy, old top! Take it easy! You're all right now—rest a minute, then help me get you aboard."

He obeyed, controlling his panic as best he might; and presently, with considerable assistance from Barcus, contrived to scramble in over the gunwales of a boat which proved to be the stolen lifeboat.

Aside from Barcus and himself it held one other person only—the woman he loved, crumpled up and unconscious in the bow.

He strove to rise and go to her, to make sure that still she lived. Barcus restrained and quieted him.

"There! Easy, I say! She's all right—fainted—that's all! She and I took the water in practically the same spot, and luck threw this blessed boat my way within half a dozen strokes. No trouble at all—in a manner of speaking!"

"But the steamer—"

"Why fret about her? At the pace she was making she couldn't have stopped within half a mile. We'll be all right now—with power to fetch us to land."

"But the others—Judith!" Alan sat up and leaned over the gunwale,

vessel to see it.

And now for more than an hour silence had been uncannily constant, broken only by the rumble of the motor, the muted hiss of water slipping down the side, the suck and gurgle the wake.

Forebodings no less portentous than Law's crawled in the mind of Barcus. It was as likely as not that the lifeboat was traveling straight out to sea. And gasoline tanks can and often do become as empty as an official weather prophet's promise of weather for a holiday.

More than this, Mr. Barcus was confirmed skeptic in respect of fine motors; on terms of long and intimate experience with the ways



Delivered Into the Hands of an Enemy.

the demon of perversity that tenacious them one and all, he knew that the present sweet-tempered performer of the exhibit under consideration



Now and Again One Would Lift His Head.

arching an oily, leaden expanse spotted only with a few splinters and bits of wreckage. "I left her out there—conscious—she'll drown, I tell you!" "And I'll tell you something!" said Barcus severely. "You'll lie quiet or I'll dent your dome with a shaft of an oar. Let her drown—d a good job, I say! Don't you know a meaning of 'enough'? Merciful heavens, man, you're the most insatiable glutton for punishment ever!" But Alan wasn't listening. His face was as lightless as the waters that lay beneath his lack-luster gaze. There was a horror in his heart that maddened even the sense of relief, of deliverance, that penetrated his being as a shock of mortal pain. Dead! Judith dead! Back there, in the fog and the cold . . . dead by the hand!

CHAPTER XV.

The Masked Voice.

For a matter of twelve hours the sea, leaden, dank, viscous, as inextinguishable as the dominion of evil, had wrapped the world in an embrace as dull and noxious as the coils of some great, gray, slimy serpent. Through its sluggish folds the ponderous, power-impelled lifeboat crept at a snail's pace, its stem parting and flung back from either flank a heavy-urled sea of gray.

In the bows a young woman rested in a state of semi-exhaustion, her eyes closed, her head pillowed on a cork-life-preserver, her sodden garments modeled closely to the slender form that was ever and again shaken in head to foot with the strength of a long, shuddering respiration. Seated on the nearest thwart, Alan, chin in hand, watched over the fate of this woman whom he loved with a grimly hopeless solicitude. He was in no happier case than she, so that physical comfort went—he was worse, since he might not rest. A remembrance of misfortune darkened his heart with its impenetrable gloom.

The stern Tom Barcus presided closely over the steering gear; and there was no more jealously heedful of his sweetheart than Barcus of the duty motor that chugged away purposefully at its business of driving the boat heaven-knew-where.

Looking at once a compass, all notwithstanding of the sun's bearings, any immediate hope of the fog clearing or chance bringing them either land or to rescue by some larger, less comfortless craft. Barcus relied mainly through force of habit on a salt-water man's instinctive feeling that no boat under way should be in any conceivable circumstance without a hand at the helm. It had seemed impossible that it could long repeat the repetition of the disaster, but now, it always did escape, and by a wide margin; never once did it pass near enough to another vessel to see it.

And now for more than an hour the sea had been uncannily constant, seen only by the rumble of the motor, the muted hiss of water slipping on the side, the suck and gurgle of wake.

Forebodings no less portentous than those crawled in the mind of Barcus. As likely as not that the lifeboat was traveling straight out to sea, gasoline tanks can and oftentimes become as empty as an official's prophetic promise of fair weather for a holiday, more than this. Mr. Barcus was a

was no earnest whatsoever of future good behavior, that when such a complicated contraption was concerned there was never any telling . . .

In view of all of which considerations he presently threw open the battery switch.

And the aching void created in the silence by the cessation of that uniform drone was startling enough to rouse even Rose Trine from her state of semi-somnolence.

With a look of panic she sat up, thrust damp hair back from her eyes, and nervously inquired:

"What's the matter?"

"Nothing," Barcus told her. "I shut the engine off—that's all."

Tempers were short in that hour, and Alan was annoyed to think that the rest of his beloved should needlessly have been disturbed.

"What did you do that for?" he demanded sharply.

"Because I jolly well wanted to," Barcus returned in a tone as brusque.

"Oh, you did—eh?"

"Yes, I did—eh! I happen to be bossing this end of the boat and to have sense enough to realize there's no sense at all in our wasting fuel the way we are—cruising nowhere!"

"Well," Law contended, struck by the fairness of this argument, but unable to calm his uneasiness—"just the same, we might—"

"Yes; of course, we might," Barcus snapped. "We might a whole lot. We might, for instance, be heading for Spain, for all you or I know to the contrary. And in such case, I for one respectfully prefer to have gas enough to take us home again if ever this da—blessed fog lifts!"

And for several seconds longer the stillness strangled their spirits in its ruthless grasp.

Then of a sudden a cry shrilled through the fog, so near at hand that it seemed scarcely more distant than over the side:

"Aho! Help! Aho! Help! Help!"

So insistent, so urgent was its accent that, coupled with the surprise, it brought the three as one to their feet, all a-tremble, their eyes seeking one another's faces, then shifting uneasily away.

"What can it be?" Rose whispered, aghast, shrinking into Alan's ready arm.

"A woman," Barcus put in harshly.

"Judith," the girl moaned.

Alan shook himself together. "Impossible!" he contended. "I saw her go down . . ."

"That doesn't prove she didn't come up," Barcus commented acidly.

"Aho! Motorboat aho-o-o! Help!"

"And that," Barcus pursued sadly, "just proves she did come up—blame the luck! Alive she is, and kicking; stand clear. An able-bodied pair of lungs was back of that hail, my friend; and you needn't tell me I don't know the dulcet accents of that angelic contralto!"

Without heeding him, Alan cupped hands to mouth and sent an answering cry ringing through the murk:

"Aho! Where are you? Where away?"

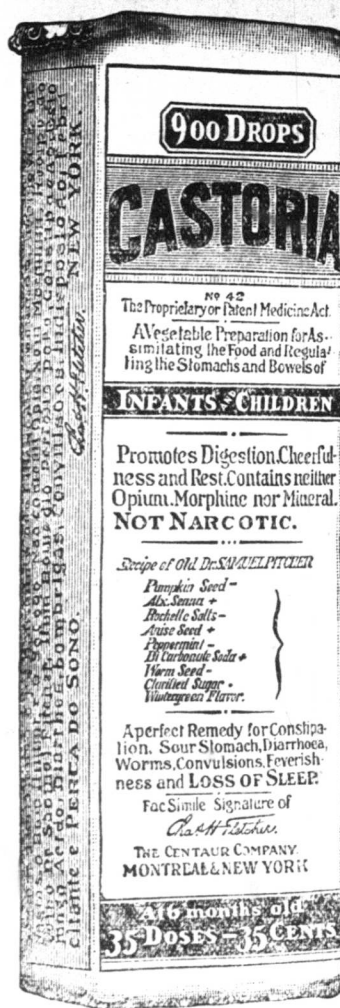
"Here—on the reef—half-drowned—perishing with chill—"

"How does my voice bear?" Alan called back.

"What the dickens do you care?" Barcus interpolated suspiciously.

"To port," the response rang through the fog. "Starboard your helm and come in slowly!"

"Right-o! Half a minute!" Alan re-



Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria

Always Bears the Signature

of *Chas. H. Fletcher* In Use For Over

Thirty Years CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

us you're safe!"

There was a little pause; he was racking his brains for some more moving mode of appeal when the answer came in another voice—in the voice of Judith Trine, clear, musical, effervescent with sardonic humor:

"Be at peace, little one—bleat no more! Mr. Law is with us—and safe—oh, quite, quite safe!"

In dumb consternation Barcus sought the countenance of Rose. Her eyes, meeting his, were blank with despair. He shook his head helplessly and let his hands dangle idly between his knees.

With no way on her, the lifeboat drifted with a current of unknown set and strength.

"What can we do?" Rose implored. "We must do something. We can't leave him . . . Oh, when I think of him there, in her hands, I could go mad!"

"If only I knew," Barcus protested; "but my hands are tied, my wits are as helpless as my eyes are blind."

There's nothing to be done except the bare possibility that the reef she spoke of may be Norton's. It doesn't seem possible, but we may have made that much something. In that case we're about three miles off the mainland, somewhere in the neighborhood of Katama island, a little, rocky, deso-



...for more than an hour the
once had been uncannily constant,
oken only by the rumble of the mo-
r, the muted hiss of water slipping
wn the side, the suck and gurgle of
e wake.
Forebodings no less portentous than
w's crawled in the mind of Barcus.
was as likely as not that the life-
at was traveling straight out to sea.
id gasoline tanks can and oftentimes
become as empty as an official
rather prophet's promise of fair
ather for a holiday.
More than this, Mr. Barcus was a
nfirmed skeptic in respect of ma-
e motors; on terms of long and
imate experience with the ways of



livered Into the Hands of the
Enemy.

demon of perversity that tenants
m one and all, he knew that the
sent sweet-tempered performance
the exhibit under consideration



Lift His Head.

stands to mouth and sent an answer
ing cry ringing through the murk:

"Aho! Where are you? Where
away?"

"Here—on the reef—half-drowned—
perishing with chill—"

"How does my voice bear?" Alan
called back.

"What the dickens do you care?"
Barcus interpolated suspiciously.

"To port," the response rang through
the fog. "Starboard your helm and
come in slowly!"

"Right-o! Half a minute!" Alan re-
plied reassuringly.

"Like hell!" Mr. Barcus muttered in
his throat as he jumped down into the
engine pit and bent over the fly-wheel.

Leaping on the forward thwart and
balancing himself perilously near the
gunwale, Alan strained his vision
vainly against the opacity of the fog.

"Can't make out anything," he
grumbled, looking back. "Start her
up—but slow's the word—and 'ware
reef!"

"Nothing doing," Barcus retorted
curtly. "The motto is now 'Full speed
astern!' as you must know."

"O come! We can't leave a woman
out there—in a fix like that!"

"Can't we? You watch!" Barcus
grunted malevolently, rocking the
heavy flywheel with all his might; for
the motor had turned suddenly stub-
born.

"Alan!" Rose pleaded, laying a hand
upon his sleeve. "Think what it
means! I know it sounds heartless of
me—and it's my own sister. But you
know how mad she is—wild with ha-
tred and jealousy. If you take her into
this boat, it's your life or hers!"

"If we leave her out there," Alan
retorted, shaking his arm impatiently
free, "it's her life on our heads!"

At this juncture the motor took
charge of the argument, ending it in
summary fashion. With a smart ex-
plosion in the cylinder, it started up
unexpectedly, at one and the same
time almost dislocating the arm of
Mr. Barcus and precipitating Alan
overboard.

It was not given him to know what
was happening until he found himself
in the water; he struggled to the sur-
face just in time to see the bows of
the lifeboat back away and vanish into
the mist.

CHAPTER XVI.

The Island.

Not more than twenty seconds could
have elapsed before Barcus recovered
from the shock of the motor's treach-
ery, sufficiently to reverse the wheel,
throttle down the carburetor and jump
out of the engine-pit.

But in that small space of time the
lifeboat and Alan Law had parted com-
pany as definitely as though one of
them had been levitated bodily to the
far side of the earth.

It could not have been more than
a minute after the accident before
Barcus was guiding the boat over
what, going on his sense of location
and judgment of distance, he could
have sworn was the precise spot
where Alan had disappeared, but with-
out discovering a sign of him.

And for the next twenty minutes
he divided his attention between at-
tempts to soothe and reassure the
half-distracted girl and efforts to
educe a reply from Alan by stentorian
hailing—with as little success in the
one as in the other.

"Alan!" he shrieked at the top of
his lungs. "Alan! Give a hail to tell

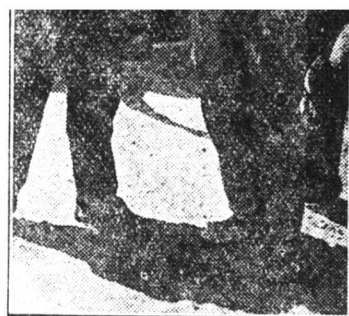
leave him . . . Oh, when I think
of him there, in her hands, I could go
mad!"

"If only I knew," Barcus protested;
"but my hands are tied, my wits are
as helpless as my eyes are blind."

There's nothing to be done—except the
bare possibility that the reef she
spoke of may be Norton's. It doesn't
seem possible, but we may have made
that much southing. In that case
we're about three miles off the main-
land, somewhere in the neighborhood
of Katama island, a little, rocky, deso-
late bump of earth, inhabited mainly
by fishermen."

The girl wrung her hands. "But
how could Judith get there—and with
her men—and ammunition?"

"Don't ask me. Going on my expe-
rience with the lady, I'd be willing to
bet that she was picked up by the
steamer that ran us down, and pro-
ceeded to make a prize of it—or try
to. One thing's certain—she must
have found or stolen a boat from
somebody; they couldn't have made
Norton's reef by swimming—it's too



Yanked Him Off to His Cell.

far. That's the answer; they were
picked up, stole a boat, and piled it
up on the reef."

"And there's no hope—!"

"Only of the fog relenting. If we
could make the mainland and get
help . . ."

His accents died away into a discon-
solate silence that was unbroken for
upwards of an hour.

So slowly the current bore the life-
boat toward the beach and so still
the tide that Barcus never appreciated
they were within touch of any land
until the bows grounded with a slight
jar and a grating sound.

(To be Continued.)

The Reliable Match---

Match it with any other match and
you will see that the quality of the
DOMINION is unmatched.



The Dominion Match Co., Limited, Deseronto, Ont.

W. S. MORDEN, President. C. J. ANDERSON, Manager.

Modernize your Kitchen

One by one the bugbears of housekeeping are being
put to rout through the instrumentality of gas.
The modern kitchen—which means the all-gas
kitchen—is now a recognized part of the up-to-date
home. The all-gas kitchen lightens labor. It
means a clean, wholesome, sanitary kitchen, as
there is no coal dust or ashes to be spread around,
and it becomes a real pleasure to work in it. Every
housewife desires to cook and heat water in the
most economical way, in the quickest, most depend-
able way, with the least possible work.

The All-Gas way is the solution to the problem.

The hot weather is here now and if you want a cool,
comfortable kitchen this summer come and select
your Gas Range and Water Heater now. We have
ranges at all prices.

The Napanee Gas Company,
Limited.
NAPANEE.

OH, SUCH A
HEADACHE!

Nearly everyone has
ripping, tearing headaches
at times. Disordered stom-
ach—sluggish liver does it.
Cheer up! Here's the real
relief—Chamberlain's
Stomach and Liver Tablets.

They put the stomach and bowels right.
All druggists, 25c., or by mail from
Chamberlain Medicine Co., Toronto

CHAMBERLAIN'S
TABLETS

BLACKBERRY PLANTATIONS.

Fruit Now Grown Successfully in Al-
most Every Portion of the Country.
[Prepared by United States department of
agriculture.]

Under good management an average
yield of 2,300 quarts of blackberries
per acre can be expected, according to
a recent publication issued by the
United States department of agricul-
ture. Where the soil is very deep and
rich and the best moisture conditions
are found this may be increased to
5,000 quarts, and certain varieties on
the Pacific slope have even given 7,000
quarts an acre. The last census show-
ed that approximately 50,000 acres
were devoted to blackberry plantations
in the United States.

This acreage is distributed over prac-
tically the entire country. Missouri
leads with nearly 6,000 acres, and New
Jersey is second with 4,300. As a mat-
ter of fact, blackberries can be grown
successfully on almost any type of



BLACKBERRY CANES OF UPRIGHT TYPE
TIED TO A SINGLE WIRE.

soil and in a wide range of climates.
In the colder parts of the northwest
the severe winters frequently kill the
plants, and in the arid sections of the
west hot, dry winds destroy the ripen-
ing fruit. The choice of proper varie-
ties, however, will do much to over-
come natural difficulties.

In selecting a site for a blackberry
plantation the most important consid-
erations are the moisture of the soil
and the accessibility of a market. The
blackberry is a tender fruit, the keep-
ing qualities of which are seriously af-
fected by jarring over rough roads. It
is, therefore, essential that the berries
should be placed on the market as
quickly as possible after they are
picked if they are to command a good
price. The best land is a deep, fine
sandy loam with a large supply of
humus and abundant moisture at the
surface. On the other hand, the plants
are often killed if water stands on the
plantation during the winter.

The year before the establishment of
the blackberry plantation the land
should be planted with a cultivated
crop. This insures the thorough rot-
ting of the sod and will help to destroy
the cutworms and other insects in-
jurious to the young plants. The soil
should be plowed to a depth of about
nine inches in the spring, and a
thorough harrowing should be given
the whole field before the plants are

set the larger the proportion that live
and the better their growth. The
roots should be set deep, for the canes
break easily if the crowns project
above the surface of the ground. The
tops should be cut back to six inches
or less in length. Cultivation is nec-
essary, and the plants should there-
fore be set sufficiently far apart to
permit of it.

During the first summer some inter-
crop may be grown between the rows,
which will greatly reduce the cost of
the berry field that year. This should
be one that requires constant cultiva-
tion and at the same time one whose
growth will not be large enough to
shade the blackberry plants. Such
truck crops as cabbage and potatoes
are excellent for the purpose, while
corn and small grains should be avoid-



BLACKBERRY CANES OF UPRIGHT TYPE
HELD BETWEEN TWO WIRES.

ed. By the second summer the plants
will be large enough to occupy all the
space, and an intercrop will not be
possible.

In both summers cultivation should
begin early in the spring and be con-
tinued at intervals of from one to two
weeks throughout the season in order
to provide a dust mulch for the reten-
tion of moisture and to keep down
suckers and weeds. Suckers are apt
to spring up from the roots at various
distances from the parent plant, espe-
cially when the roots are cut. Digging
up these suckers is a favorite way of
securing new plants, but this practice
interferes, of course, with the yield of
the berries.

Blackberry roots live for many years,
but the canes—excepting two varie-
ties—bear only in their second year.
After the fruiting season, therefore,
they should be cut out and burned.
The one-year-old canes may usually
be left to themselves throughout the
winter. Not more than three or four
new canes should be left to each plant,
however, and the others should be
thinned out at the same time that the
canes which have fruited are thinned.
In some cases it will also be desirable
to train the plants in order to facili-
tate cultivation as well as to prevent
them being damaged by winter snows.
A wire trellis may then become a pro-
fitable investment. The simplest form
of such trellis consists of a single wire
attached to posts set at intervals of
from fifteen to thirty feet in each row
of plants. The canes are tied to this
wire about two and one-half feet above
the ground. Another method is to nail
cross pieces to the posts and stretch
two wires from the ends of these cross
pieces, which form a support for the
blackberry canes on each side. Varie-
ties that grow somewhat like a grape
vine require a much higher trellis with
two wires—one about five and one
about three feet from the ground.

Meat Loaf.

One pound and a half each of beef
and lean pork. Remove the bone and
gristle and run it through the meat
chopper. Add one and one-half cup-
fuls of breadcrumbs, three well-beat-
en eggs, one cupful of milk, a round-
ed teaspoonful of salt, one of ground
sage and half a teaspoonful of pepper.

Farm and
Garden

UNPROFITABLE ACRES.

Idle Lands Can Be Improved Until
They Become Profit Bearing.

We hear many uncomplimentary
things said about the unprofitable dairy
cow—the boarder cow that is supported
from the profits of the remainder of the
herd, says J. C. McDowell in the Farm
Management Monthly. On many farms
the unprofitable dairy cow is not by
any means the only boarder. Low yield-
ing acres, like boarder cows, are often
fatal to successful farming. Our farm
survey records show that areas of poor-
ly drained, compact, sour soils, or soils
low in humus greatly reduce net profits
and are a frequent cause of minus la-
bor income. Sometimes these records
show that as much as 30 per cent of
the entire farm acreage does not pro-
duce enough to pay its way.

One farm on which we recently took
records has forty acres of poorly drain-
ed land that in its present condition is
practically worthless. Twenty-five dol-
lars per acre spent in drainage will



UNPROFITABLE ACRES CAN BE MADE PROF-
ITABLE.

make this forty acre tract the equal of
any in that district, and good land is
selling there at \$150 per acre.

The successful business man tries to
weed out all unprofitable enterprises
and to expand those that pay a profit.
Unprofitable acres cannot always be
disposed of as readily as boarder cows,
but usually they can be improved until
they become profit bearing. If the in-

SHADE FOR LAM

Upon Its Selection Depe-
Beauty of Room.

CRETONNES OR CHINTZ USI

Pretty Accessories For a Room
Be Inexpensively Made at Home
The Expenditure of Little Time
Energy.

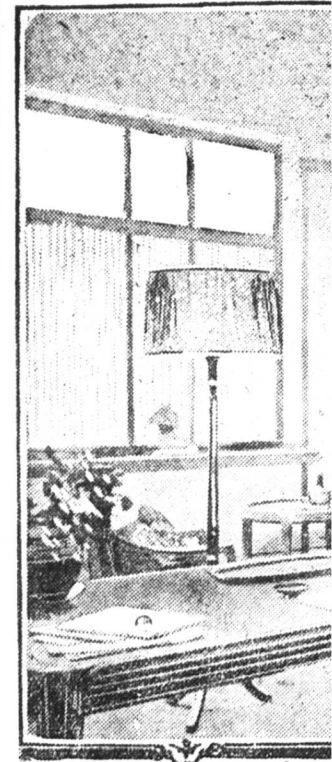
There is no pleasanter task for
young girl than to fix up her own room.
Few girls have a sitting room or
in addition to their bedroom. Others
must even share their bedrooms with
a sister. But if it is possible ev-
ery girl should have a special sanctum.

If it must be bedroom and den com-
bined it must be especially neat,
cause in most cases girlish visitors
usher right in and expect to see
attractive, cozy room.

A little cretonne drapery will do won-
ders toward making the barest
rooms homelike. This should be placed
if the walls are figured or figured
the walls are striped or merely bored
with flowers.

The latest fancy is to decorate
bureau china to correspond with
embroidery pattern of the cover. A
girl with a taste for china painting
can decorate her own boxes, trays, and
brush backs, piece by piece, and if
she cares to do so can use the same
sign for the cups and saucers and the
pot on her tea table, copying the
signs in colors on her tablecloth, doilies
and whatever covers she needs on
various dressing tables, chiffoniers, and
tables.

She might even add an embroidered
pillow cushion or two to her wind-
seat. To correspond she should use



LAND SHADE FOR DAY

The year before the establishment of the berry plantation the land should be planted with a cultivated crop. This insures the thorough rotting of the sod and will help to destroy the cutworms and other insects injurious to the young plants. The soil should be plowed to a depth of about nine inches in the spring, and a thorough harrowing should be given the whole field before the plants are set. This is usually done as early in the spring as the land can be properly prepared. The earlier the plants are

two wires—one about five and one about three feet from the ground.

Meat Loaf.

One pound and a half each of beef and lean pork. Remove the bone and gristle and run it through the meat chopper. Add one and one-half cupsful of breadcrumbs, three well-beaten eggs, one cupful of milk, a rounded teaspoonful of salt, one of ground sage and half a teaspoonful of pepper. Mix well together and place in a loaf tin. Cover with thin slices of fat pork and bake in a hot oven for one hour and a half, basting often.

Lima Bean Purée.

Boil a pint of lima beans in salted boiling water, add a teaspoonful of sugar; when soft put them through a sieve; make a thin white sauce with one tablespoonful of flour and one of butter and a cup of milk; stir until smooth. When hot add a pint of chicken stock and then add the beans; if too thick, more stock; serve very hot.

To Remove Iron Rust.

Cream of tartar is said to be excellent for removing iron rust spots. Use a tablespoonful of cream of tartar to two quarts of water and boil the article in the solution. This is said to have removed stains when lemon and salt and even oxalic acid had failed to do so.

UNPROFITABLE ACRES CAN BE MADE PROFITABLE.

make this forty acre tract the equal of any in that district, and good land is selling there at \$150 per acre.

The successful business man tries to weed out all unprofitable enterprises and to expand those that pay a profit. Unprofitable acres cannot always be disposed of as readily as boarder cows, but usually they can be improved until they become profit bearing. If the income from such land cannot be increased it is quite possible that the labor spent upon it can be reduced until the income at least pays the cost of labor.

Early Spinach.

The New Jersey experiment station declares that spinach should be sown broadcast on frozen ground in February and immediately covered to the depth of one inch with well rotted stable manure. Sow about one pound of seed to 1,000 square feet of ground. Thick Leaf is the best variety for this purpose. Spinach sown in this way will grow larger and heavier than spring sown spinach.

Spinach likes a rich, well drained soil. The ground should be sweet and quite hard for best results. Top dress every ten days with nitrate of soda, five pounds to every 1,000 square feet, being careful not to let the nitrate lodge on the large spinach leaves or they will have white spots burned in them.

HOUSES FOR POULTRY.

In order to get plenty of sunlight choose a southern or southeastern exposure.

If possible, make use of natural shelter against cold winds. Select the southern side of a hill, an orchard or buildings.

The house must be dry. A site that provides natural drainage is desirable.

Locate the house in as convenient a place as possible.

Fresh air houses should always be used. Cold air, if dry and without drafts, is conducive to hen health.

Floors may be earthen, board or cement. Earthen floors may be damp and are hard to clean. Board floors are best for portable houses. Cement floors are best for permanent houses and may easily be kept sanitary.

Walls should be cheap and durable, providing warmth. They should be about five feet high in the rear and from six to eight feet high at the front.

The best types of roofs are the A roof, shed or gable roof.

Prepared roofing material is better than shingles or tar paper.

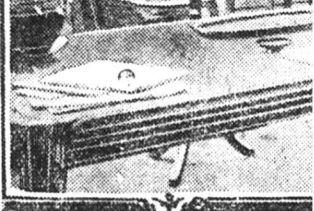
All fixtures should be portable to permit of easy cleaning.—Farm Progress.

On the Safe Side.

Willie—When will the world come to an end, mamma? Mother—Nobody knows, dear. Willie—Hadn't I best eat my candy cane at once and be on the safe side?—Chicago News.

No success is attained by a leap and a bound, but by patient plodding and many resolves.

SHILOH
quickly stops coughs, cures colds, and heals the throat and lungs. 25 cents.



LAMP SHADE FOR DEN.

design as similar as possible to the w paper or drapery. Of course, the splashy cretonne patterns could not satisfactorily reproduced on cretonne even though the cretonne itself could be bordered with lace and used covers, but a flower design from a mass on the cretonne could be used.

But even with all these preparati her room will be incomplete with a proper shade for her lamp. It n be a kerosene, gas or electric lamp. may be a tall piano lamp, as shown the illustration, but whatever she n chose or have thrust upon her in lighting way must be properly shad for upon this depends the success her room after lamplight.

The lamp shade in the illustrati is made on a wire frame, which c be bought in almost any fancy wo shop. Rose colored cretonne, with overcovering of dotted muslin, w used in its development. First t cretonne was stretched plainly up the frame, and then the muslin w slurred over the cretonne. Flower cretonne without the covering could used, as the girl with a talent for t sort of thing will soon discover as s experiments.

Candle shades may be made in t same way, and bits of all over lace m be used for a covering instead of muslin.

NEW FABRICS.

The vogue of the ruffled dress h turned the tide of the popular embr dered voiles, and instead of the hea bordered fabrics of other years the are daintier patterns of flowers in s or cotton scattered not too closely ov white or delicately colored grounds a as quant as the blooms from an c fashioned nosegay.

Some of the designs echo the far far cubist colorings in their gaudine, but they are usually toned down wi touches of black. Black and white e broidery on white promises to be much a favorite as ever, while gray white is another attractive combir tion. Where the material is border the design is usually scalloped at t bottom, and one piece of goods has t very commendable feature of three d tinct borders to simulate three ruffl when the goods shall be used crossw for a skirt.

On the Fence.

"That woman won't take either s of the social dispute until she is r sonably sure which one is going win. She's a cat!"
"Ah, then that accounts for her l ing on the fence!"

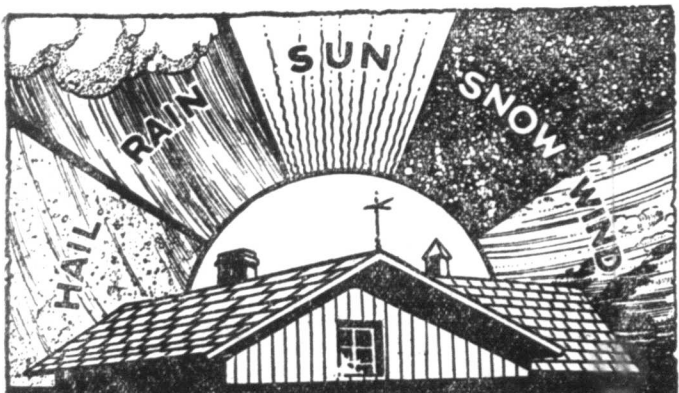
The Drawback.

"Elsie says there was only one dra back to her wedding."
"What was that?"
"She says her father looked t cheerful when he gave her away.—E change.

ASTHMA COUGHS
WHOOPING COUGH SPASMODIC CROUP
BRONCHITIS CATARRH COLDS

Vapo-Cresolene 14
Est. 1879

A simple, safe and effective treatment avoid ing drugs. Used with success for 35 years. The air carrying the antiseptic vapor, inhaled with every breath, makes breathing easy, soothes the sore throat, and stops the cough, as refreshing as nightingale. Vapo-Cresolene is invaluable to mothers with young children and a boon to sufferers from Asthma. Write us postal for descriptive booklet. VAPOR-CRESCOLINE CO. 123 Spring Miles Bldg. Miantri



It's false economy to starve the shingles by neglecting to give them a timely coat of some reliable preservative. The best way to make them last is to treat them thoroughly with

Anchor Shingle Stain

It is made from coal tar creosote oil, famous as a preventative of decay in wood, combined with permanent colors. There is another important ingredient; the creosote and colors are held firmly to the surface of the wood by our Special China-Linseed Binding Oil; thus Anchor Shingle Stains have a permanency unknown to average stains.

In them you get a rare combination - thorough protection of the shingles and lasting colors, hence greater and more enduring satisfaction.

Ask your dealer or write to us for colors and details.



BRANDRAM-HENDERSON LIMITED
Montreal Halifax St. John Toronto Winnipeg

SHADE FOR LAMP.

pon Its Selection Depends
Beauty of Room.

RETTONNES OR CHINTZ USED.

retty Accessories For a Room May
Be Inexpensively Made at Home With
the Expenditure of Little Time and
Energy.

There is no pleasanter task for a
young girl than to fix up her own room.
ew girls have a sitting room or den
in addition to their bedroom. Others
ust even share their bedrooms with
sister. But if it is possible every
rl should have a special sanctum.
If it must be bedroom and den com-
ed it must be especially neat, be-
use in most cases girlish visitors are
hered right in and expect to see an
attractive, cozy room.

A little cretonne drapery will do won-
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The latest fancy is to decorate the
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corate her own boxes, trays and
ush backs, piece by piece, and if she
res to do so can use the same de-
gn for the cups and saucers and tea-
t on her tea table, copying the de-
gns in colors on her tablecloth, dollies
id whatever covers she needs on her
arious dressing tables, chiffoniers and
bles.

She might even add an embroidered
flow cushion or two to her window
at. To correspond she should use a

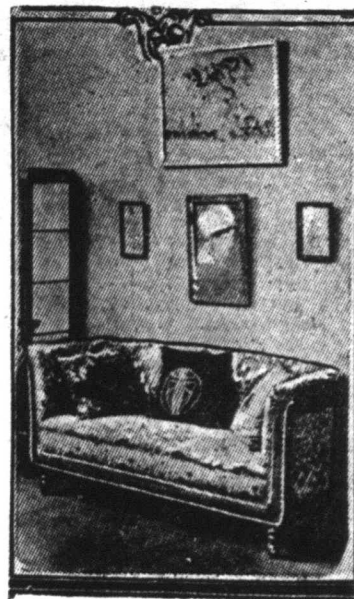


LAMP SHADE FOR DEN.

ATTRACTIVE ROOMS.

Simplicity, Comfort and Good Taste
Should Reign Through the Home.

No room in the house has greater
possibilities of remodeling, especially
if old fashioned and in need of fresh-
ening, than the living room. It is the
heart of the home, where throb the
collective activities, intelligencies and
pleasures of the household. It should
never be the expression of the taste
or hobby of an "individual," but a har-
monious whole which is the outcome
of one mind striking fire from another,
a particular talent, fraternizing with



USEFUL AND HANDSOME SOFA.

its brother talents, a neutral ground
where every hobby makes room for his
neighbor.

A neutral ground. That is the key-
note. And neutrality combines sim-
plicity with diplomacy, comfort and
good taste.

It should be simplicity itself because
a cluttered room, whether it be the
clutter of too many designs and colors
in rugs, wall paper, hangings or wood-
work or an endless conglomeration of

furniture and bric-a-brac, is never at-
tractive nor restful. An empty space
is far better than an ugly, useless
piece of furniture, and this also ap-
plies to ornaments. A simply furnis-
hed room should be able to stand the
"homey" disorder which is bound to
take place in a home of varied activi-
ties and tastes. Open, half read books,
tumbled cushions, magazines and
newspapers, sheets of music, bits of
sewing and the masculine touch of a
pipe or two contribute its greatest at-
traction—"the home atmosphere."

The living room should be comforta-
ble and restful to mind, eye and body
with solid, well made furniture, care-
fully placed and shaded lights, soft
neutral tinted walls, low toned rugs
and hangings, never so intricate nor
conspicuous in design or color that
they create restlessness by torturing
the eye of the beholder. Easily ac-
cessible books, a capacious desk or
writing table and a sofa designed for
use and equipped with cushions for use
and not for show. No cushion has an
excuse for being save the one with
an easily laundered cover against
which the head can rest without the
uneasy feeling that possibly you may
be soiling it or with the still more dis-
turbng feeling that it may be already
in that condition.

The sofa pictured here was in a room
which had been recently finished over.
All the pieces were of walnut and were
reupholstered in a tapestry in which
the predominating shade was a brown
a trifle lighter than the walnut frame-
work and was figured with brownish
leaves like the soft brown often seen
when oak trees have donned their au-
tumnal coloring. The cushions were all
of washable materials in the same
tints.

A Composite Church.

While there are many beautiful
churches, it is an old saying that the
choir of Beauvais, the nave of Amiens,
the portal of Rheims and the towers
of Chartres would together make the
loveliest church in the world. The
glass in the great windows of nave
and transept at Rheims was one of its
greatest charms. Almost all of it was
made at the time when such work was
most beautiful.

OWES HER LIFE TO "FRUIT-A-TIVES"

Cured Both Stomach Trouble
and Headaches

PALMERSTON, ONT., JUNE 20th. 1913.

"I really believe that I owe my life
to "Fruit-a-tives". Ever since child-
hood, I have been under the care of
physicians and have been paying
doctor's bills. I was so sick and worn
out that people on the street often
asked me if I thought I could get
along without help. The same old
Stomach Trouble and distressing
Headaches nearly drove me wild.
Sometime ago, I got a box of "Fruit-
a-tives" and the first box did me good.
My husband was delighted and ad-
vised a continuation of their use.

Today, I am feeling fine, and a
physician meeting me on the street,
noticed my improved appearance and
asked the reason. I replied, "I am
taking Fruit-a-tives". He said, "Well,
if Fruit-a-tives are making you look so
well, go ahead and take them. They
are doing more for you than I can".

Mrs. H. S. WILLIAMS.

"Fruit-a-tives" are sold by all
dealers at 50c. a box. 6 for \$2.50, trial
size 25c. or sent postpaid on receipt of
price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

Scared, but No Coward.

"You look scared, Lieutenant," said
the coarse grained fellow in the ranks
to an intelligent young officer as the
regiment was ordered to charge.

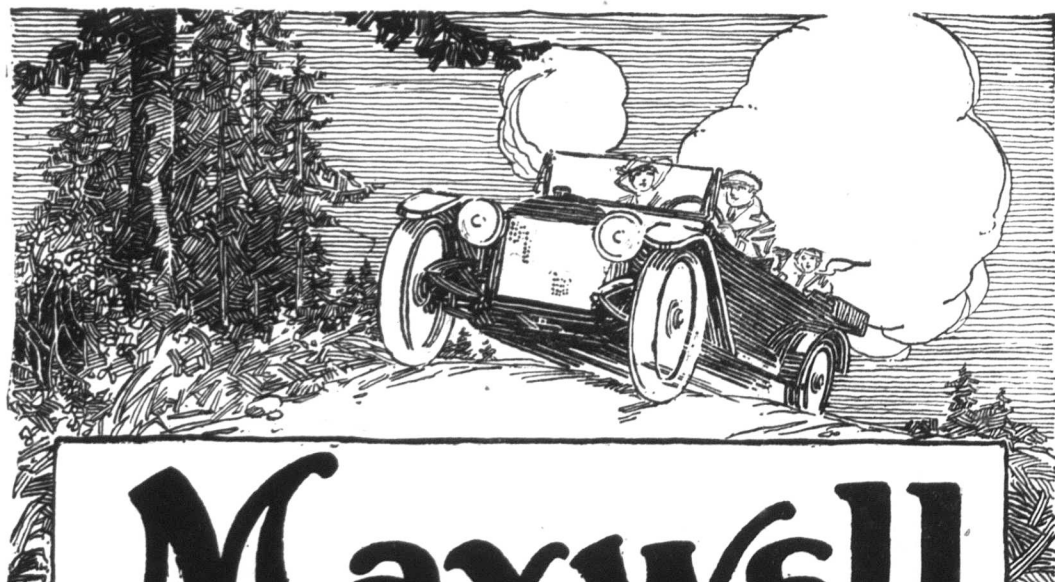
"I am scared," was the frank reply.
"If you were half as scared as I am
you would be on the run five miles in
the rear."—Boston Transcript.

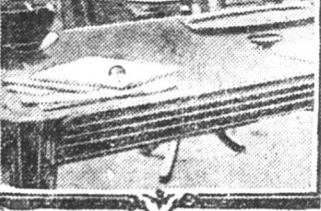
A Foolish Theft.

"You are charged with going through
the pockets of a man who hired your
taxicab."

"Guilty, your honor."

"A very foolish robbery. Why
weren't you content to get his money
in the usual manner?"—Pittsburgh
Post.





LAMP SHADE FOR DEN.

sign as similar as possible to the wall paper or drapery. Of course, the large flashy cretonne patterns could not be satisfactorily reproduced on chintz even though the cretonne itself could be bordered with lace and used for covers, but a flower design from the cretonne could be used. But even with all these preparations the room will be incomplete without proper shade for her lamp. It may be a kerosene, gas or electric lamp, it may be a tall piano lamp, as shown in the illustration, but whatever she may choose or have thrust upon her in any way must be properly shaded. Upon this depends the success of the room after lamplight. The lamp shade in the illustration is made on a wire frame, which can be bought in almost any fancy work shop. Rose colored cretonne, with an overcovering of dotted muslin, was used in its development. First the cretonne was stretched plainly upon the frame, and then the muslin was laid over the cretonne. Flowered cretonne without the covering could be used, as the girl with a talent for this sort of thing will soon discover as she experiments. Candle shades may be made in the same way, and bits of all over lace may be used for a covering instead of the muslin.

NEW FABRICS.

The vogue of the ruffled dress has changed the tide of the popular embroidered volles, and instead of the heavy ordered fabrics of other years there are daintier patterns of flowers in silk cotton scattered not too closely over white or delicately colored grounds and as quaint as the blooms from an old fashioned nosegay. Some of the designs echo the familiar cubist colorings in their gaudiness, but they are usually toned down with touches of black. Black and white embroidery on white promises to be as much a favorite as ever, while gray on white is another attractive combination. Where the material is bordered the design is usually scalloped at the bottom, and one piece of goods has the commendable feature of three distinct borders to simulate three ruffles when the goods shall be used crosswise as a skirt.

On the Fence.
 "That woman won't take either side in the social dispute until she is reasonably sure which one is going to win. She's a cat!"
 "Ah, then that accounts for her being on the fence!"

The Drawback.
 Elsie says there was only one drawback to her wedding.
 "What was that?"
 She says her father looked too powerful when he gave her away.—Exchange.



Maxwell

New 1915 Model

\$925

17 New Features

The biggest automobile value ever offered for less than \$1,400.

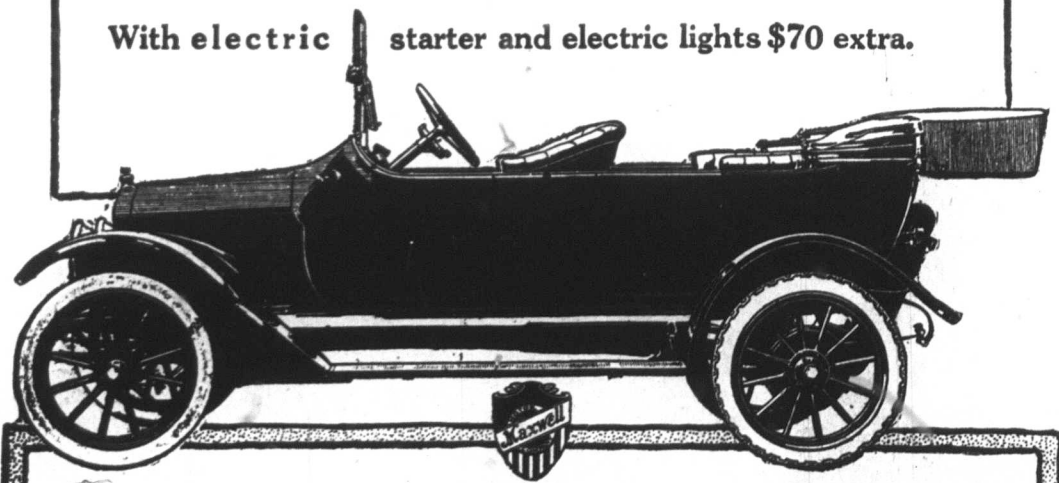
A powerful, fast, silent and sweet running full-grown 5-passenger, really beautiful and fully equipped family automobile.

High tension magneto, sliding gear transmission, left hand center control, anti-skid tires on rear, full stream-line body.

The car that has practically every high priced car feature. The car that is the sensation of the whole automobile world.

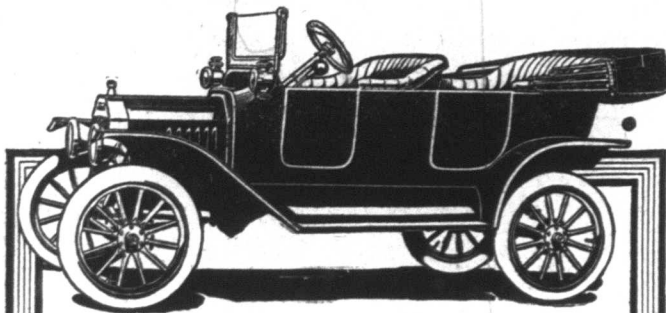
Holds the road at 50 miles an hour.

With electric starter and electric lights \$70 extra.



C. A. WISEMAN, Agent,
 John Street, - Napanee.

YOUR KING AND COUNTRY



"MADE IN CANADA"

Ford Touring Car Price \$590

No advance in the price of the "Made in Canada" Ford will be made because of the 7½% War Tariff. We as loyal Canadians will gladly absorb whatever increased duty we are forced to pay on such raw materials as cannot be obtained at home. The Ford is manufactured in Canada—not assembled in Canada.

The Ford Runabout is \$540; the Town car \$840; the Coupelet \$850; the Sedan \$1150—all fully equipped, f. o. b. Ford, Ont. Ford buyers will share in our profits if we sell 30,000 cars between August 1, 1914, and August 1, 1915. New models on exhibition at

W. J. NORMILE'S
SHOW ROOMS, - NAPANEE



Seeds! Seeds!

- Garden Seeds.
- Sugar Beet Seeds.
- Mangel Seeds.
- Onion Sets.

All Good Fresh Stock.

Highest price paid for Eggs.
Cash or trade.

FRANK H. PERRY.

Dundas St., Opposite Royal Hotel
Phone 180.

East End Barber Shop.

Everything neat; first class workmen; cigars and tobacco. Give me a call.

J. N. OSBORNE.

Painting.

If you are thinking of painting and have not used Lowe Brothers' High Standard paint, try the paint with blue flag, at BOYLE & SON'S.

Notice.

All calf buyers coming through the Township of Adolphustown must have racks on their waggons or law will be enforced.

Adolphustown Woman's Institute
April 16th, 1915.

200 Calves Wanted.

To ship on Monday, April 20th. Will pay from 4 to 7 cts. delivered at G. T. Ry. yards, Napanee.

FRED WILSON.

Telephone, 226.

20-a

GRACE METHODIST CHURCH

Chas. E. Cragg, B. D., Pastor.

Sunday, April 25th.

9.30 a.m.—Class service, led by Mr. D. Davis.

10.30 a.m.—Morning worship. Miss Bessie Irwin, of the Deaconess Training School, in Toronto, will speak.

11.45—Sunday School and Bible classes.

6 p.m.—A class service for those who have recently given themselves to Christ.

7 p.m.—Evening service. This will be to ladies night. The choir, ushers, etc., will be ladies. Subject of the sermon: "The Mission of Women." The services promise to be one of unusual interest.

Monday, 6.30 p.m.—A banquet will be served for all the members of the League. Every member of the Young People's Society urged to be present.

Wednesday, 8 p.m.—The general prayer and praise service. The service will be preparatory to the sacramental service of the following Sunday morning.

Farmers.

Our car of wire has arrived. Get our prices. All styles. Now is the time to buy as prices are going up.

MADOLE HARDWARE CO.

FREE! FREE!

We will give a prize of \$5.00 in gold for the best amateur print made on Velox, between April 15th and October 1st, 1915. WALLACE'S DRUG STORE LIMITED.

Children's Clothing.

The Children's Aid Society would be glad to receive any cast-off clothing suitable for children. Articles may be given to Mrs. L. J. Corkhill, Mrs. Dr. Wartman, Mrs. E. Wilson or Mrs. R. G. H. Travers.

Hogs Wanted.

Messrs. Hambley & Hall will ship hogs on Tuesday, April 27th, 1915. Will pay highest market price, but will not accept any hogs weighing under 150 lbs.

J. W. HALL,
C. W. HAMBLEY.

Belgian Relief.

The Napanee Civilian Rifle Association desires to acknowledge the following subscriptions to the Belgian Relief Fund to date—Mrs. H. M. Wagar, \$1.00; Mr. and Mrs. John Dunwoodie, Kingsford, Ont., \$20.00; W. C. Smith \$5.00; Total, \$26.00.

W. J. SHANNON.

Treasurer.

Napanee, April 21st, 1915.

LADIES RIFLE ASSOCIATION.

The report for the squad shooting for the past two weeks is as follows: Apr. 8th, Squad 1—Average 50; Mrs. H. Scott.

Squad 3—Average 41; Mrs. F. Allison, 40.

47th REGIMENT

Recruits Wanted

FOR INFANTRY FOR OVERSEAS SERVICE

Pay and subsistence from the date of enlistment \$1.85 per day.

Apply to

G. P. REIFFENSTEIN

Lieutenant,

Dominion Bank, Napanee.

C. M. STRATTON,

Lieut. A. M.

ST. ANDREWS' CHURCH

(PRESBYTERIAN.)

Rev. A. L. Howard, Ph.D., Minister.

Rev. Dr. Torrance, of Kingston, preach morning and evening.

There will be a meeting of the congregation after the morning service.

Milk cans.

Our cans have stood the test our 1915 can is better than ever.

MADOLE HARDWARE

Private Sale.

Mrs. Ida Dinner is offering for all her household effects at the home of her father, Jas. G. Moore, Ross Street, Napanee.

To-Night's Lecture.

The people of Napanee will have rare opportunity of hearing Prof. J. Squair, one of the best men on staff of this University of Toronto lectures at Historical Hall to-night "France and the French People." should appreciate the work of Historical Society in bringing to high grade lectures to Napanee.

BOOKS, BOOKS.

Jas. Gordon expects to soon s on his regular trips through country. In the meantime, he will to lessen his stock and will sell reduced prices. There are still great bargains left in the remainder of Rev. A. McDonald's library, and see them.

NEW ICE CREAM PARLOR.

Peter Pappas, the pop corn man this week put in a fine new s

200 Calves Wanted.

To ship on Monday, April 26th. Will pay from 4 to 7 cts. delivered at G. T. Ry. yards, Napanee.

FRED WILSON.

Telephone, 223.

20-a

Card of Thanks.

We desire to take this method of thanking the very numerous friends, who so kindly assisted in any way toward the nursing and care of my late Father and Mother at Centreville.

Yours Sincerely

W. J. Shannon
Napanee, Apr. 21st, 1915

Incubator Coal Oil, you get it at Hooper's.

Eleven tramps were accommodated at the Police Station on Wednesday night.

Bruce Davis, son of Mr. Desmon Davis, was taken to Kingston hospital on Wednesday, and operated on for appendicitis.

Mr. J. W. Thompson last year secured a seedling potato from Hybridized seed, which yielded 315 potatoes. Mr. Thompson is further developing these potatoes.

Owing to a change in the business all past due accounts require immediate settlement by note or cash. M. S. MADOLE. 20-c

The members of Napanee Lodge No. 86, and Argyll Lodge No. 212, I.O.O.F. will attend divine service in St. Mary Magdalene Church on Sunday morning next at 10.30 a.m.

Mr. Cecil Foster met with a serious accident at the gaol on Thursday afternoon. While cleaning windows a sash fell on his head, cutting a bad gash in his forehead and face, severing some arteries.

The Woman's Missionary Society of Trinity church, will serve afternoon tea, at the residence of Mrs. A. W. Grange, John St., on Friday, April 30th, from three to six o'clock. Admission, fifteen cents. Home-made candy will be offered for sale. A cordial invitation is extended to the general public. 21-b

A second course of lectures, in connection with the St. John's Ambulance Association, will be given by Dr. Campbell, the course consists of five lectures on "Home Nursing." The fee will be \$1.00. All those who wish to take the course are requested to meet in the Council Chamber, at the town hall, Monday evening, April 26th, at 7.30 p.m.

The British hero army and navy teaspoons at Smith's Jewellery Store. New issue every week. 25c each.

Special music on Sunday evening, in Grace church, by the lady members of the choir, assisted by Mrs. G. W. Gibbard, Mrs. W. J. Jewell, Mrs. A. J. Harburn, Mrs. J. L. Madill, Misses Hall, Wilson, Judson, Scott and others. The special numbers include Handel's Largo, sung as a double quartette by Mesdames Jewell, Harburn, Paul and Misses Oliver, Bell, Paul, Walbridge and Green, and a duet, Misses Green and Paul, "Hark, Hark, My Soul"—Rockwell. Mrs. Dr. Cameron Wilson, Violinist, with Mrs. Black, the organist, accompany the singing.

Nothing better for horses than Milling's Compound Iron Powders—Improved—You get it at Hooper's—Napanee's Largest Drug Store.

LADIES RIFLE ASSOCIATION.

The report for the squad shooting for the past two weeks is as follows: Apr. 8th, Squad 1—Average 50; Mrs. H. Scott.

Squad 3—Average 41; Mrs. F. Allison, 49.

Apr. 13th, Squad 2—Average 40; Miss Allingham, 58.

Squad 4—Average 35; Mrs. W. B. Taylor, 38; Miss W. Chinneck, 38.

Apr. 15th, Squad 1—Average 57; Mrs. H. Scott, 60.

Squad 2—Average 39; Miss E. Berlet, 49.

Apr. 20th, Squad 2—Average 40; Miss M. Wilson, 51.

Squad 4—Average 40; Miss H. Leonard, 48.

Don't buy your Paint until you see our samples. Floor Paints that dry hard and glossy, and pretty shades in blue, green, and grey for woodwork. Also muresso, alabastine, Campbell's varnish stains, paint brushes, stick-fast etc., for sale at WALLACE'S DRUG STORE.

FIRE NEAR ODESSA.

While Mr. and Mrs. Hamilton were selling produce at Kingston on Saturday, their home, one and one-half miles east of Odessa, was burned to the ground and only a few small articles were saved by the children, who were left behind. It is thought the fire originated from a defective chimney and considerable headway was made by the blaze before the children noticed it. As soon as they did they started in to rescue the household effects at first, not thinking of the little child who lay sleeping up stairs.

Amid all the smoke, the oldest of the children groped her way to the top of the burning house and rescued the slumbering child from death. No sooner had the child and baby gotten down stairs than the roof caved in crashing down through a portion of the lower flat. Neighbors who had been attracted lent a helping hand and kept the flames from spreading. It is reported that there was no insurance on the house.

That pure Licorice in the large stick, the kind you bought when a boy—you get it at Hooper's—The Medical Hall.

W.C.T.U. Items.

Chicago's new garbage plant is making a profit of \$2,000 a month for the city over and above expenses. It is also giving good service, under the charge of the health department. Before the women of Chicago got the ballot and tackled the garbage problem, the city had to pay \$4,000 a month for most unsatisfactory service. Then mountains of garbage used to be in the hot sun, filling the air with stench, for a mile around. Now no garbage is unloaded in the open air. It is brought to the plant in iron boxes, which are picked up by big electric cranes and emptied into the top of the concrete and still receiving house, and there it goes instantly to huge dryers. In addition to the enormous saving of health and comfort, there is a money saving of about \$6,000 a month—thanks to the women voters.—A.S.B. in Woman's Century.

Will the W.C.T.U. canvassers please return the signed petitions to Mrs. O. N. Rockwell at their earliest convenience.

The Boyle Bottom milk can is growing in popularity fast. We also sell and make the one-piece roll rim bottom. Best milk cans made in Canada, BOYLE & SON'S.

Jas. Gordon expects to soon set on his regular trips through country. In the meantime, he will to lessen his stock and will sell reduced prices. There are still so great bargains left in the remainder of Rev. A. McDonald's library. C and see them.

NEW ICE CREAM PARLOR.

Peter Pappas, the pop corn man this week put in a fine new so water fountain, with all the accessories for serving ice cream and so drinks. Peter's patrons can be assured that everything will be clean and tasty. Pay him a visit and what a fine up-to-date ice cream parlor and candy store he has.

ST. MARY MAGDALENE CHURCH

Services at St. Mary Magdalene Church:

Friday, April 23rd.
5 p.m.—Litany and Intercession (the Chapel).

Sunday, April 25th, St. Mark Day—8 a.m.—Holy Communion.
10.30 a.m.—Morning Prayer.

Argyll Lodge, No. 212 and Napanee Lodge, No. 86 I. O. O. F. will attend this service.

7 p.m.—Evening Prayer.

Farmers save your young cattle

using Blackleg Vaccine—You get it right kind at Hooper's—Napanee Largest Drug Store.

SEED FOR SALE.

"The Agricultural Office have issued a list of seed for sale by farmers in the County. This list may be had free on application. A sample of each man's seed is kept, and marked with the Government Grade. Sales must be made direct between the buyer and seller, as these samples are kept for reference only. To obtain this list of seed for sale, call on the Agricultural Office, or write to G. B. Curran, Napanee. 14

THE BEST VARNISH.

For hardwood floors, woodwork, linoleum, furniture, etc. There is nothing quite as good as Campbell's varnish, because it dries harder, more glossy, and will not turn white with water. For sale at WALLACE'S DRUG STORE LIMITED.

Latest Patterns and Weaves in

Suitings

—and— Trouserings

—for— Spring Wear.

Fashioned to your liking in the Latest Styles.

High Grade Trimmings

JAMES WALTERS,

Merchant Tailoring, Napanee.



NEW SUITS

—AT—

\$15.00

New Serges, New Worsted, New Tweeds—Tailored in the Latest Styles and guaranteed the Best Range of \$15.00 Suits in Canada

THE GRAHAM CO'Y.

Napanee Ont.

COUNTRY STILL NEED YOU

7th REGIMENT

Recruits Wanted

IR INFANTRY FOR OVER-
SEAS SERVICE

and subsistence from
date of enlistment
\$.85 per day.

Apply to

G. P. REIFFENSTEIN,
Lieutenant,
Dominion Bank, Napanee.

C. M. STRATTON,
Lieut. A. M. C.,

ST. ANDREWS' CHURCH

(PRESBYTERIAN.)

Rev. A. L. Howard, Ph.D., Minister
of Dr. Torrance, of Kingston, will
each morning and evening.
here will be a meeting of the con-
gregation after the morning service.

k cans.

curcans have stood the test and
1915 can is better than ever.

MADOLE HARDWARE CO.

vate Sale.

lrs. Ida Dinner is offering for sale,
her house-hold effects at the home
ier father, Jas. G. Moore, Robert
et, Napanee.

Night's Lecture.

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see them.

ICE CREAM PARLOR.

ter Pappas, the pop corn man,
week put in a fine new soda
r fountain, with all the accessor-

TRINITY METHODIST CHURCH

Rev. S. Sellery, M.A., B.D., Pastor.

Sunday, April 25th.

9.45—Class meeting.

10.30—The pastor, topic, "The In-
fluence of Christianity in the Life."

11.45—Sunday School and Bible
Class.

7 p.m.—Miss Bessie Irwin, a promi-
nent Toronto Deaconess, will speak on
the work of the Deaconess Society.

Be sure and hear Miss Irwin.

Young People's Association Monday
evening at 8 o'clock.

Prayer meeting, Wednesday evening,
at 8 o'clock.

Sunday, May 2nd, will be "Go-to-
Church Sunday." "Forsake not the
assembling of yourselves together."

PERSONALS

Mr. T. B. German was in Kingston
on Tuesday.

Mrs. C. M. Warner and Miss Eliza-
beth are expected home on Saturday.

Miss Vivian Hambly has volunteered
for service with the Canadian nurses
in France.

Miss Bessie Irwin, Deaconess of
Toronto, who speaks in Trinity Church
Sunday evening, is a clever platform
speaker. Be sure and hear her on the
important work of the Deaconess So-
ciety. Mrs. Howard will sing Sunday
evening in Trinity Church.

Dr. R. C. Cartwright was in King-
ston on Monday.

Mrs. James Daly, who has been
spending the winter in Buffalo, N. Y.,
returns to Napanee this week.

Rev. J. H. H. Coleman was in
Deseronto this week, attending the
meeting of the Bay of Quinte Church
Union.

Miss Marjorie Gibson, ill of scar-
let fever in Toronto General hospital,
is reported improving nicely.

Miss Bessie Irwin, deaconess of
Toronto, will speak in Grace Church
on Sunday Morning. Miss Irwin is
generally regarded as a most interest-
ing platform speaker.

On Sunday evening next, the pastor
of Grace Church will speak especially
to the women of this congregation.
The music will be rendered of a ladies
choir.

Miss A. I. Cowan, will be the guest
of her great-great aunt, Mrs. Harriet
Clute, Deseronto, who celebrates her
ninetieth birthday on Sunday.

Mrs. F. P. Douglas, underwent an
operation in Kingston general hospital,
on Wednesday morning, and is do-
ing as well as could be expected.

Messrs. J. B. Allison and Fred Hag-
gerty went to Hamilton on Thursday,
to bring down a new Overland auto.

Mr. and Mrs. M. T. Vanslyck are
improving slowly.

Messrs. H. A. Daly, W. C. Smith,
J. S. Ham, A. L. Howard, M. P. Reif-
fenstein, Jas. Fitzpatrick, J. H. S.
Derry, Dr. R. A. Leonard and Dr.
Cartwright attended the funeral of

RUPTURE EXPERT HERE

Seeley, Who Fitted Czar of Russia,
Called to Kingston.

F. H. Seeley of Chicago and Phila-
delphia, the noted truss expert, will
be at the New Randolph Hotel and
will remain in Kingston this Tuesday
only, April 27th. Mr. Seeley says:
"The Spermatic Shield as now used
and approved by the United States
Government will not only retain any
case of rupture perfectly, affording
immediate and complete relief, but
closes the opening in 10 days on the
average case. This instrument re-
ceived the only award in England and
in Spain, producing results without
surgery, harmful injections, medical
treatments or prescriptions. Mr. See-
ley has documents from the United
States Government, Washington, D. C.
for inspector. All charity cases with-
out charge, or if any interested call he
will be glad to show same without
charge or fit them if desired. Any
one ruptured should remember the
date and take advantage of this oppor-
tunity.

OUR HOME FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE LENNOX AND ADDINGTON.

Owing to the increased business of
The Lennox and Addington Mutual
Fire Insurance Co., its Board of Di-
rectors, at their April meeting, appointed
as agent for Ernestown and South
Fredericksburgh, Mr. Henry Creigh-
ton, formerly of South Fredericks-
burgh.

The Board also passed a by-law to
include, when insuring, all contents of
dwelling in one sum, the Lennox and
Addington Mutual is, therefore, hand-
ing out a policy to its patrons, blank-
eting all household effects, blanketing
implements in all buildings on the
farm, and blanketing live stock in any
building or anywhere on the farm or
going to or from the market.

Patronize our home institution, deal
with men of your own class, in your
own home town. Easy payments
with rates as good as the best.

Cut by Friends.

Fuddy—Did you hear of the terrible
accident that happened to Dabby? His
injuries were so serious that his most
intimate friends were unable to recog-
nize him. Duddy—Terrible accident?
Railway collision? Motor smash?
Fuddy—Worse. He has lost all his
money.—Philadelphia Ledger.

Real Gratitude.

First Little Lamb—How grateful we
should be for the wool which covers us.
Second Little Lamb—I return thanks
every day for mine. Without our wool
how could those affectionate human
beings who ent us keep warm?—Wis-
consin State Journal.

Table Manners.

MEATS

We Have

THE VERY CHOICEST

WESTERN BEEF

None Better has ever
been brought to
Napanee

SPRING LAMB. VEAL.

Fresh Cucumbers,
Lettuce, Raddishes,
and Tomatoes

Scrimshaw & Mills

'Phone 215

T. SCRIMSHAW. F. MILLS.

45-46

Painting and Paperhanging

—WE DO—

Outside Painting, Paperhanging
Sign Painting,

Gold Leaf and White Enamel
Letters.

Interior Finishing and Floor
Polishing.

None but Best Quality
Supplies Used.

McCABE & SHAVER,

Telephone 147

Agents for—BRANDRAM-HENDER
SON PAINTS.

Monuments !

All Kinds at MOST Reason-
able Prices at

The Napanee Marble &
Granite Works

J. W. ASHTON, Prop.

Successor to M. Pizzariello.

Opposite Campbell House,

NAPANEE.

...his regular trips through the country. In the meantime, he wishes to lessen his stock and will sell at reduced prices. There are still some eat bargains left in the remainder of Rev. A. McDonald's library. Call and see them.

ICE CREAM PARLOR.

Peter Pappas, the pop corn man, is week put in a fine new soda water fountain, with all the accessories for serving ice cream and soft drinks. Peter's patrons can be assured that everything will be clean and tasty. Pay him a visit and see at a fine up-to-date ice cream parlor and candy store he has.

MARY MAGDALENE CHURCH

Services at S. Mary Magdalene church:

Friday, April 23rd.

7 p.m.—Litany and Intercession (in the Chapel).

Sunday, April 25th. St. Mark's Day—8 a.m.—Holy Communion.

10.30 a.m.—Morning Prayer.

Argyll Lodge, No. 212 and Napanee Lodge, No. 86 I. O. O. F. will end this service.

7 p.m.—Evening Prayer.

Farmers save your young cattle by using Blackleg Vaccine—You get the right kind at Hooper's—Napanee's largest Drug Store.

SEED FOR SALE.

The Agricultural Office have issued list of seed for sale by farmers in the County. This list may be had on application. A sample of each man's seed is kept, and marked with the Government Grade. All sales must be made direct between the buyer and seller, as these samples are kept for reference only. To obtain this list of seed for sale, call at the Agricultural Office, or write Mr. B. Curran, Napanee. 14-tf

BEST VARNISH.

For hardwood floors, woodwork, oil, furniture, etc. There is nothing quite as good as Campbell's varnish, because it dries harder, more glossy, and will not turn white with water. For sale at WALLACE'S DRUG STORE LIMITED.

Latest Patterns and Weaves in Suitings —and— Trouserings —for— Spring Wear.

Fashioned to your liking in the Latest Styles.

High Grade Trimmings

JAMES WALTERS,
Merchant Tailoring, Napanee.

Mrs. F. F. Douglas, underwent an operation in Kingston general hospital, on Wednesday morning, and is doing as well as could be expected.

Messrs. J. B. Allison and Fred Haggerty went to Hamilton on Thursday, to bring down a new Overland auto.

Mr. and Mrs. M. T. Vanslyck are improving slowly.

Messrs. H. A. Daly, W. C. Smith, J. S. Ham, A. L. Howard, M. P. Reiffenstein, Jas. Fitzpatrick, J. H. S. Derry, Dr. R. A. Leonard and Dr. Cartwright attended the funeral of the late Capt. Forin, in Belleville on Wednesday afternoon.

Mrs. Dusty leaves on Tuesday next for Toronto for a few days, after which she will go to New York.

Miss Fitzpatrick, Brockville, spent the week end the guest of Mrs. A. S. Kummerly.

Mrs. Earl Vanalstine, and baby of Winnipeg, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Vanalstine.

Mr. J. S. Madill is spending the week in Peterborough.

Mrs. C. Zoellner returns to her home in Toronto to-day. Her mother, Mrs. Frizzell, will accompany her.

Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Killoran left on Tuesday for their home in Truax, Sask., after visiting Mr. Jas. Killoran.

Mrs. Corlill, Mrs. Fuller, Mrs. McGregor, Mrs. Douglas, Mrs. Gordon, Miss Gordon, Mrs. Switzer, Mrs. Conway, Miss Conway, Miss A. Preston, Mrs. B. Wilson, attended the meeting of the Presbyterian Women's Missionary Society, in Kingston, on Wednesday.

DEATHS

VALLEAU—At Selby, on Monday, April 19th, 1915. Amanda P. Valleau, aged 67 years, 5 months 1 day.

Revall Red Cedar Flakes, the best moth destroyer known—15c. per package, at WALLACE'S DRUG STORE.

USE VANLUVEN'S COAL.

Because it is economical and burns satisfactorily under all weather conditions, is easily regulated to minimum or maximum heat.

Selby Circuit.

Rev. E. B. Cooke, Pastor.
Empty Hall, 10.30 a.m.

Mount Pleasant, 2.30 p.m.

Selby, 7.30 p.m.

Rev. J. A. T. Robeson, Shannonville, will preach (D.V.) at each service.

Historical Lecture To-Night.

We are at war with Germany and one of our Allies in the war is France. How much do our people know of France? We have a general idea as to the size of the country, but do not know of their domestic life, the way they put in their time, what kind of railway trains they have or how they feel about us. Prof. Squair's lecture on "France and the French People" at the Historical Hall meeting to-night will tell you.

POULTRY AND CHICKENS.

M. B. Mills has started a poultry exchange on Centre street, where he will be prepared to buy for cash your chickens and other poultry alive. This is the best way to dispose of your extra stock, as you get your money when you bring the birds in and save yourself the trouble of plucking, and the risk of loosing in shipping. Starve birds 12 hours and bring in before Friday each week.

Table fowl supplied on order.

18-2-m

Roses, 25 cents per dozen, Saturday, at Hooper's.

money.—Philadelphia Ledger.

Real Gratitude.

First Little Lamb—How grateful we should be for the wool which covers us. Second Little Lamb—1 return thanks every day for mine. Without our wool how could those affectionate human beings who ent us keep warm?—Wisconsin State Journal.

Table Manners.

Some folks don't believe flints were once used as table knives because they can't see how the stone age man ever got one of them in his mouth.—Washington Post.

Naturally.

"The critics say this prima donna has a voice of velvet."

"Yes; that's where her pile comes from."—Baltimore American.

All Kinds of MOST Reasonable Prices at

The Napanee Marble & Granite Works

J. W. ASHTON, Prop.

Successor to M. Pizzariello.

Opposite Campbell House,

NAPANEE.

33-3m.

NEW BARBER SHOP

LOUCKS BROS.

Corner Dundas and East Streets,
Brisco House Block.

Call and see us. Satisfaction guaranteed. Hair Cut 15c. Neck Shave Free



Why Not Telephone?

If you telephone him first you may not have to go at all!

If you would just remember to observe this rule of first using the Long Distance Telephone, you would save yourself and your staff many tiresome trips, unnecessary disappointments and much expense.

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